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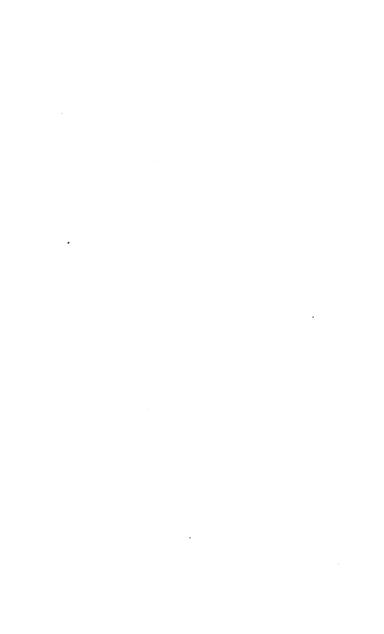


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COMPLAINT AND CONSOLATION;

OR

NIGHT THOUGHTS

ON

LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY

TO WHICH IS ADDED,

THE FORCE OF RELIGION.

BY EDWARD YOUNG, D.D.

A New Boition.

BOSTON:

T. H. CARTER - AGENT.

1837.

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PREFACE.

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As the occasion of this Poem was real; not fietitious; so the method pursued in it was rather imposed by what spontaneously arcse in the Author's mind on that occasion, than meditated or designed. Which will appear very prebable from the nature of it. For it differs from the common mode of poetry; which is, from long narrations to draw short morals. Here, on the contrary, the narrative is short, and the morality arising from it makes the bulk of the Poem. The reason of it is, that the facts mentioned did naturally pour these moral reflections on the thought of the Writer.

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THE COMPLAINT.



NIGHT I.

ON LIFE, DEATH AND IMMORTALITY.

TO THE RIGHT HON. ARTHUR ONSLOW, ESQ. SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Tired Nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep!
He, like the world, his ready visit pays
Where Fortune smiles; the wretched he forsakes;
Swift on his downy pinion flies from woe,
And lights on lids unsullied with a tear.

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From short (as usual) and disturb'd repose
I wake: how happy they who wake no more!
Yet that were vain; if dreams infest the grave.
I wake, emerging from a sea of dreams
Tumultuous; where my wreck'd, desponding thought,
From wave to wave of fancied misery

At random drove, her helm of reason lost.
Though now restored, 'tis only change of pain,
(A bitter change!) severer for severe.
The Day too short for my distress; and Night,
E'en in the zenith of her dark domain,
Is sunshine to the colour of my fate.

Night, sable goddess! from her ebon throne,
In rayless majesty, now stretches forth
Her leaden sceptre o'er a slumbering world.
Silence how dead! and darkness how profound!
Nor eye nor listening ear an object finds;
Creation sleeps. 'Tis as the general pulse
Of life stood still, and Nature made a pause:
An awful pause! prophetic of her end.

And let her prophecy be soon fulfill'd:

Fate! drop the curtain; I can lose no more.

Silence and Darkness! solemn sisters! (wins
From ancient Night, who nurse the tender though
To Reason, and on reason build resolve
(That column of true majesty in man,)
Assist me: I will thank you in the grave;
The grave your kingdom: there this frame shall fall
A victim sacred to your dreary shrine.
But what are ve?—

Thou who didst put to flight Primeval Silence, when the morning stars, Exulting, shouted o'er the rising ball; O Thou! whose word from solid darkness struck That spark, the Sun, strike wisdom from my soul: 40 My soul, which flies to thee, her trust, her treasure, As misers to their gold, while others rest. Through this opaque of Nature and of Soul, This double night, transmit one pitying ray. To lighten and to cheer. O lead my mind 45 (A mind that fain would wander from its woe,) Lead it through various scenes of life and death, And from each scene the noblest truths inspire. Nor less inspire my conduct than my song; 50 Teach my best reason, reason; my best will Teach rectitude; and fix my firm resolve Wisdom to wed, and pay her long arrear: Nor let the phial of thy vengeance, pour'd On this de voted head, be poured in vain.

The bell strikes one. We take no note of time 55
But from it s loss: to give it then a tongue
Is wise in cuan. As if an angel spoke
I feel the solemn sound. If heard aright,
It is the knell of my departed hours.
Where are they? With the years beyond the flood. 60
It is the signal that demands despatch:
How much is to be done! My hopes and fears
Start up alar m'd, and o'er life's narrow verge

ON LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY	. 7
Look down-on what? A fathomless abyss.	
A dread eternity! how surely mine!	65
And can eternity belong to me,	
Poor pensioner on the bounties of an hour?	
How poor, how rich, how abject, how august,	
How complicate, how wonderful, is man!	
How passing wonder He who made him such!	70
Who centred in our make such strange extremes!	
From different natures marvellously mix'd,	
Connexion exquisite of distant worlds!	
Distinguish'd link in being's endless chain!	
Midway from nothing to the Deity!	75
A beam ethereal, sullied and absorb'd!	
Though sullied and dishonour'd, still divine!	
Dim miniature of greatness absolute!	•
An heir of glory! a frail child of dust!	
Helpless immortal! insect infinite!	80
A worm! A god!—I tremble at myself,	
And in myself am lost. At home a stranger,	
Thought wanders up and down, surprised, aghast,	
And wondering at her own. How Reason reels!	
	85
Triumphantly distress'd! what joy! what dread!	
Alternately transported and alarm'd;	
What can preserve my life! or what destroy	
An angel's arm can't snatch me from the grave;	
Legions of angels can't confine me there.	90
'Tis past conjecture ; all things rise in proof:	
While o'er my limbs Sleep's soft dominion spreads,	
What though my soul fantastic measures trod	
O'er fairy fields, or mourn'd along the gloom	
	6
Hurl'd headlong, swam with pain the mantled pool,	
Or scaled the cliff, or danced on hollow winds	
With antic shapes, wild natives of the brain!	
Her ceaseless flight, though devious, speaks her natur	•
Of subtler essence than the trodden cled; 10	
Active, aerial, towering, unconfined,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	





And thrice, ere thrice you moon had fill'd her horn.

O Cynthia! why so pale? dost thou lament

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ON LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY	11
Thy wretched neighbour? grieve to see thy whee	l
Of ceaseless change outwhirl'd in human life ?	
How wanes my borrow'd bliss! from Fortune's sm	ile.
Precarious courtesy! not Virtue's sure,	•
Self-given, solar, ray of sound delight.	220
In every varied posture, place, and hour,	
How widow'd every thought of every joy!	
Thought, busy thought! too busy for my peace	
Through the dark postern of time long elapsed,	
Lec softly, by the stillness of the night,	225
Led, like a murderer, (and such it proves!)	
Strays (wretched rover !) o'er the pleasing past,	
In quest of wretchedness perversely strays,	
And finds all desert now; and meets the ghosts	
Of my departed joys, a numerous train!	230
I rue the riches of my former fate;	
Sweet comfort's blasted clusters I lament:	
I tremble at the blessings once so dear,	
And every pleasure pains me to the heart.	
Yet why complain? or why complain for one?	235
Hangs out the Sun his lustre but for me,	
The single man? are angels all beside?	
I mourn for millions; 'tis the common lot:	
In this shape or in that has Fate entail'd	
The mother's threes on all of woman born :	240
Not more the children than sure heirs of pain.	~10
War, famine, pest, volcano, storm, and fire,	
Intestine broils, Oppression, with her heart	
Wrapp'd up in triple brass, besiege mankind.	
God's image, disinherited of day,	945
Here plunged in mines, forgets a Sun was made:	
There beings, deathless as their haughty lord,	
Are hammer'd to the galling our for life,	
And plough the winter's wave, and reap despair.	
Some for hard masters, broken under arms,	250
In battle lopp'd away, with half their limbs,	
Beg hitter bread through realms their valour save	Α.
If so the tyrant or his minion doom.	,

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	12 THE COMPLAINT.	s. t
	Want, and incurable disease, (fell pair !)	
	On hopeless multitudes remorseless seize	- 25
	At once, and make a refuge of the grave.	
	How groaning hospitals eject their dead!	
	What numbers grown for sad admission there!	
	What numbers, once in Fortune's lap high fed,	
	Solicit the cold hand of Charity!	200
	To shock us more, solicit it in vain!	
	Ye silken sons of Pleasure ! since in pains	
	You rue more modish visits, visit here,	
	And breathe from your debauch : give, and red	nce
	Surfeit's dominion o'er you. But so great	265
	Your impudence, you blush at what is right.	
	Happy! did sorrow seize on such alone.	
	Not prudence can defend, or virtue save,	
	Disease invades the chastest temperance;	
	And punishment the guiltless; and alarm,	270
	Through thickest shades, pursues the fond of pe	8208.
	Man's caution often into danger turns,	
•	And his guard, falling, crushes him to death.	
	Not Happiness itself makes good her name;	
	Our very wishes give us not our wish.	275
	How distant oft the thing we dote on most	
	From that for which we dote, felicity!	
	The smoothest course of Nature has its pains,	
	And truest friends, through error, wound our re	mt.
	Without misfortune, what calamities!	280
	And what hostilities, without a fee!	
	Nor are foes wanting to the best on earth.	
	But endless is the list of human ills,	
	And sighs might sooner fail than cause to sigh.	
	A part how small of the terraqueous globe	266
	Is tenanted by man! the rest a waste,	
	Rocks, deserts, frozen seas, and burning sands!	
	Wild haunts of monsters, poisons, stings, and d	eath.
	Such is Earth's melancholy map! but, far	
	More sad! this earth is a true map of man:	991
	So bounded are its haughty lord's delights	

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ON LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY.	13
To Woe's wide empire, where deep troubles toss,	
Lord sorrows howl, envenom'd passions bite,	
Rayen ous calamities our vitals seize,	
And threatening Fate wide opens to devour.	295
What then am I, who sorrow for myself?	
In age, in infancy, from others' aid	
Is all our hope; to teach us to be kind:	
That Nature's first, last lesson to mankind.	
The selfish heart deserves the pain it feels:	900
More generous sorrow, while it sinks exalts,	
And conscious virtue mitigates the pang,	
Nor virtue more than prudence bids me give	
Swoln thought a second channel: who divide,	
They weaken too, the torrent of their grief.	305
Take, then, O World! thy much indebted tear:	
How sad a sight is human happiness	٠,
To those, whose thought can pierce beyond an hou	r!
O thou! whate'er thou art, whose heart exults,	
	310
I know thou wouldst; thy pride demands it from n	16:
Let thy pride pardon what thy Nature needs,	
The salutary censure of a friend.	
'Thou happy wretch! by blindness thou art bless'd	;
	315
Know, smiler! at thy peril art thou pleased;	
Thy pleasure is the promise of thy pain.	
Misfortune, like a creditor severe,	
But rises in demand for her delay;	
the state of the property,	320
To sting thee more, and double thy distress.	
Lorenzo! Fortune makes her court to thee;	
Thy fond heart dances while the siren sings.	
Dear is thy welfare! think me not unkind,	
	335
Think not that fear is sacred to the storm;	
Stand on thy guard against the smiles of Fate.	
Is Heaven tremendous in its frowns? most sure;	
And in its favours formidable to	

14 THE COMPLA	INT. w. 1
Its favours here are trials, not rev	
A call to duty, not discharge from	ı care,
And should alarm us full as mucl	
Awake us to their cause and cons	sequence,
O'er our scann'd conduct give a j	ealous eye,
And make us tremble, weigh'd w	ith our desert; 335
Awe Nature's tumult, and chastis	e her joys,
Lest while we clasp we kill them	; nay, invert
To worse than simple misery the	ir charms.
Revolted joys, like foes in civil w	
Like bosom friendships to resent	nent sour'd, 340
With rage envenom'd rise agains	
Beware what earth calls happines	s; beware
All joys but joys that never can e	xpire.
Who builds on less than an immo	rtal base,
Fond as he seems, condemns his j	oys to death. 345
Mine died with thee, Philander	; thy last sigh
Dissolved the charm; the disence	anted earth
Lost all her lustre. Where her g	littering towers?
Her golden mountains where? al	l darken'd down
To naked waste; a dreary vale of	tears. 350
The great magician's dead! Thou	poor, pale piece
Of outcast earth, in darkness: w.	hat a change
From yesterday! Thy darling ho	
(Long-labour'd prize!) Ohow am	bition flush'd
Thy glowing cheek! ambition tru	
Of virtuous praise. Death's subt	
(Sly, treacherous miner!) workin	g in the dark,
Smiled at thy well concerted sche	
The worm to riot on that rose so	
Unfaded ere it fell, one moment's Man's foresight is conditionally	wise;
Lorenzo! wisdom into folly turns	
Oft, the first instant; its idea fair	
To labouring thought is born. H	
The present moment terminates of	
Clouds, thick as those on Dooms	
We penetrate, we prophesy in va	n,

ON LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALIT	Y. 15
Time is dealt out by particles, and each	
Are mingled with the streaming sands of life.	
By Fate's inviolable oath is sworn	370
Deep silence,—where Eternity begins.	
By Nature's law, what may be may be now;	
There's no prerogative in human hours.	
In human hearts what bolder thought can rise	
Than man's presumption on to-morrow's dawn?	375
Where is to-morrow? In another world.	
For numbers this is certain; the reverse	
Is sure to none; and yet on this perhaps,	
This peradventure, infamous for lies,	
As on a rock of adamant, we build	360
Our mountain hopes, spin out eternal schemes,	
As we the Fatal Sisters could outspin,	
And, big with life's futurities, expire.	
Not e'en Philander had bespoke his shroud;	
Nor had he cause; a warning was denied.	385
How many fall as sudden, not as safe!	
As sudden, though for years admonish'd home;	
Of human ills the last extreme beware;	
Beware, Lorenzo! a slow, sudden death:	
How dreadful that deliberate surprise!	390
Be wise to-day; 'tis madness to defer:	
Next day the fatal precedent will plead;	
Thus on, till wisdom is push a out of life.	
Procrastination is the thief of time;	
Year after year it steals, till all are fled,	396
And to the mercies of a moment leaves	
The vast concerns of an eternal scene.	
If not so frequent, would not this be strange?	
That 'tis so frequent, this is stranger still.	
Of man's miraculous mistakes this bears	400
The palm, 'That all men are about to live,'	
For ever on the brink of being born:	
All pay themselves the compliment to think	
They one day shall not drivel, and their pride On this reversion takes up ready praise.	465
THE LEUR LEVELSHOP LAKES IN TARITA TRAINS	405

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At least their own; their future selves applauds. How excellent that life they ne'er will lead! Time lodged in their own hands is Folly's vails; That lodged in Fate's to wisdom they consign; The thing they can't but purpose they postpone. 410 'Tis not in folly not to scorn a fool, And scarce in human wisdom to do more. All promise is poor dilatory men, And that through every stage. When young, indeed. In full content we sometimes nobly rest, Unanxious for ourselves, and only wish, As duteous sons, our fathers were more wise. At thirty man suspects himself a fool: Knows it at forty, and reforms his plan ; At fifty chides his infamous delay, 420 Pushes his prudent purpose to resolve; In all the magnanimity of thought Resolves, and re-resolves; then dies the same. And why? because he thinks himself immortal.

All men think all men mortal but themselves; 425 Themselves, when some alarming shock of Fate Strikes through their wounded hearts the sudden dread. But their hearts wounded, like the wounded air, Soon close; where pass'd the shaft no trace is found. As from the wing no scar the sky retains, 430 The parted wave no furrov: from the keel, So dies in human hearts the thought of death: E'en with the tender tear which Nature sheds O'er those we love, we drop it in their gave, Can I forget Philander? that were strange! 435 O my full heart !- But should I give it vent, The longest night, though longer far, would fail, And the lark listen to my midnight song. The sprightly lark's shrill matin wakes the morn; Griof's sharpest thorn hard pressing on my breast, I strive, with wakeful melody, to cheer 441 The sullen gloom, sweet Philomel! like thee, And call the stars to listen: every star

•

ON LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY. 17 Is deaf to mine, enamour'd of thy hav. Yet be not vain; there are who thine excel, And charm through distant ages. Wrapp'd in shade. Prisoner of darkness! to the silent hours How often I repeat their rage divine, To lull my griefs, and steal my heart from woe! I roll their raptures, but not catch their fire. 450 Dark, though not blind like thee, Mæonides! Or, Milton! thee; ah, could I reach your strain Or his* who made Mæonides our own. Man, too, he sung: immortal man I sing: 455 Oft bursts my song beyond the bounds of life: What, now, but immortality can please? O had he press d his theme, pursued the track Which opens out of darkness into day! O had he mounted on his wing of fire, Soar'd where I sink, and sung immortal man, 460 How had it bless'd mankind, and rescued me!

* Pope.

NIGHT II.

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHIP.

TO THE

RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF WILMINGTON.

WHEN the cock crew, he wept,'-smote by that eye Which looks on me, on all: that Power who bids This midnight sentinel, with clarion shrill, Emblem of that which shall awake the dead. Rouse souls from slumber, into thoughts of Heaven. 5 Shall I too weep? where then is fortitude? And fortite de abandon'd, where is man? I know the terms on which he sees the light: He that is born is listed · life is war: Eternal war with woe: who bears it best 10 Deserves it least.—On other themes I'll dwell. Lorenzo! let me turn my thoughts on thee; And thine on themes may profit; profit there Where most thy need. Themes, too, the genuine growth

Of dear Philander's dust. He thus, though dead, 15-May still befriend.—What themes? Time's wondrous

price,

Death, friendship, and Philander's final scene.
So could I touch these themes as might obtain
Thine ear, nor leave thy heart quite disengaged,
The good deed would delight me; half impress
On my dark cloud an Iris, and from grief
Call glory.—Dost t'rou mourn Philander's fate?
I know thou say'st it: says thy life the same?

To yourns the dead who lives as they desire.

Where is that thirst, that avarice of Time, (O glorious avarice:) thought of death inspires, As rumour'd robberies endear our gold? O Time! than gold more sacred; more a load Than lead to fools, and fools reputed wise.	19 25 30
Insidious Death! should his strong hand arrest, No composition sets the prisoner free, Eternity's inexorable chain	35
Fast binds, and vengeance claims the full arrear How late I shudder'd on the brink! how late Life call'd for her last refuge in despair! That time is mine, O Mead! to thee I owe; Fain would I pay thee with eternity. Jut ill my genius answers my desire: My sickly song is mortal, past thy cure.	44.
Accept the will:—that dies not with my strain. For what calls thy disease, Lorenzo? not For Esculapian, but for moral aid.	45
Thou think'st it folly to be wise too soon. Youth is not rich in time; it may be poor: Part with it as with money, sparing; pay No moment, but in purchase of its worth; And what it's worth, ask deathbeds; they can tell. Part with it as with life, reluctant; big With holy hope of nobler time to come;	50
Time higher aim'd, still nearer the great mark Of men and angels, virtue more divine. Is this our duty, wisdom, glory, gain?	53
(These Heaven benign in vital union binds) And sport we like the natives of the bough, When vernal suns inspire? Amusement reigns, Man's groat demand: to trifle is to live: And is it then a trifle, too, to die? Thou say'st I preach. Lorenzo! 'tis confess'd	60

what ii, for once, i preach thee quite awake r	
Who wants amusement in the flame of battle?	
ls it not treason to the soul immortal,	61
Her foes in arms, eternity the prize?	
Will toys amuse when medicines cannot cure?	_
When spirits ebb, when life's enchanting scenes	-
Their lustre lose, and lessen in our sight,	
As lands and cities with their glittering spires,	70
To the poor shatter'd bark, by sudden storm	
Thrown off to sea, and soon to perish there;	
Will toys amuse? No; thrones will then be toys,	
And oarth and skies seem dust upon the scale.	
Redeem we time?—Its loss we dearly buy.	75
What pleads Lorenzo for his high prized sports?	
He p'sads Time's numerous blanks; he loudly ples	ıds
The strawlike trifles on Life's common stream.	
From whom those blanks and trifles but from thee?	
No blank, no trifle Nature made or meant.	80
Virtue, or purposed virtue, still be thine;	
This cancels thy complaint at once; this leaves	
In act no trifle, and no blank in time.	
This greatens, fills, immortalizes all;	
This the bless'd art of turning all to gold;	85
This the good heart's prerogative to raise	
A royal tribute from the poorest hours:	
Immense revenue! every moment pays.	
If nothing more than purpose in thy power,	
Thy purpose firm is equal to the deed.	90
Who does the best his circumstance allows	
Does well, acts nobly; angels could no more.	
Our outward act, indeed, admits restraint:	
'Tis not in things o'er thought to domineer.	
Guard well thy thought: our thoughts are heard	in
Heaven!	95

On all important time, through every age,
Though much, and warm, the wise have urged, the man
Is yet unborn who duly weighs an hour.
'I've lost a day,'—the prince who nobly cried,

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHIP	. 21
Had been an emperor without his crows.	100
Of Rome? say, rather, lord of human race:	`
He spoke as if deputed by mankind.	
So should all speak: so reason speaks in all	
From the soft whispers of that God in man,	
Why fly to folly, why to frenzy fly,	105
For rescue from the blessings we possess?	
Time, the supreme!—Time is Eternity;	
Pregnant with all oternity can give;	
Pregnant with all that makes archangels smile.	,
Who murders Time, he crushes in the birth	110
A power ethereal, only not adored.	
Ah! how unjust to Nature and himself	
Is thoughtless, thankless, inconsistent man!	
Like children babbling nonsense in their sports	
We censure Nature for a span too short;	115
That span too short we tax as tedious too;	
Torture invention, all expedients tire,	
To lash the lingering moments into speed,	
And whirl us (happy riddance!) from ourselves.	100
Art, brainless Art! our furious charioteer,	120
(For Nature's voice unstifled would recal)	•
Drives headlong towards the precipice of death; Death most our dread; death thus more dreadful n	
O what a riddle of absurdity!	BDBI
Leisure is pain; takes off our chariot wheels:	125
How heavily we drag the load of life!	120
Bless'd leisure is our curse; like that of Cain,	
It makes us wander, wander earth around,	
To fly that tyrant Thought. As Atlas groan'd.	
The world beneath, we groan beneath an hour:	130
We cry for mercy to the next amusement;	
The next amusement mortgages our fields;	
Slight inconvenience! prisons hardly frown,	
From hateful time if prisons set us free.	
Yet when Death kindly tenders us relief,	135
We call him cruel; years to moments shrink,	

Ages to years. The telescope is turn'd: To man's false optics (from his folly false) Time, in advance, behind him hides his wings, And seems to creep, decrepit with his age, 140 Behold him when pass'd by; what then is seen But his broad pinions swifter than the winds? And all mankind, in contradiction strong, Rueful, aghast, cry out on his career. Leave to thy foes these errors and these ills: 145 To Nature just, their cause and cure explore. Not short Heaven's bounty, boundless our expense: No niggard Nature, men are prodigals. We waste, not use our time; we breathe, not live. Time wasted is existence : used, is life : 150 And bare existence man, to live ordain'd. Wrings and oppresses with enormous weight. And why? since time was given for use, not waste, Enjoin'd to fly, with tempest, tide, and stars, To keep his speed, nor ever wait for man. 155 Time's use was doom'd a pleasure, waste a pain. That man might feel his error if unseen, And, feeling, fly to labour for his cure; Not, blundering, split on idleness for ease. 159 Life's cares are comforts; such by Heaven design'd: He that has none must make them, or be wretched. Cares are employments, and without employ The soul is on a rack, the rack of rest, To souls most adverse, action all their joy.

Here then the riddle, mark'd above, unfolds;
Then Time turns torment, when man turns a fool.
We rave, we wrestle with great Nature's plan;
'Ve thwart the Deity; and 'tis decreed,
Who thwart His will shall contradict their own.
Hence our unnatural quarrels with ourselves;
Our thoughts at enmity; our bosom-broil:
We push Time from us, and we wish him back:
Lavish of lustrums, and yet fond of life:

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHIP. 23

Life we think long and short, death seek and shun:
Body and soul, like peevish man and wife,
United jar, and yet are loath to part.

Oh the dark days of vanity! while here How tasteless! and how terrible when gone! Gone? they ne'er go; when pass'd, they haunt us still. The spirit walks of every day deceased, 180 And smiles an angel, or a fury frowns. Nor death nor life delight us. If time past And time possess'd both pain us, what can please? That which the Deity to please ordain'd. Time used. The man who consecrates his hours 185 By vigorous effort and an honest aim, At once he draws the sting of life and death: He walks with Nature, and her paths are peace. Our error's cause and cure are seen : see next 190 Time's nature, origin, importance, speed, And thy great gain from urging his career,-All sensual man, because untouch'd, unseen, He looks on Time as nothing. Nothing else Is truly man's; 'tis Fortune's.—Time's a god! Hast thou ne'er heard of Time's omnipotence? 195 For, or against, what wonders can he do! And will: to stand blank neuter he disdains. Not on those terms was Time (Heaven's stranger!) sent On his important embassy to man. Lorenzo! no: on the long-destined hour, 200 From everlasting ages growing ripe, That memorable hour of wondrous birth. When the Dread Sire, on emanation bent. And big with Nature, rising in his might, Call'd forth Creation (for then Time was born) By Godhead streaming through a thousand worlds; Not on those terms, from the great days of Heaven, . From old Eternity's mysterious orb

Was Time cut off, and cast beneath the skies; The skies, which watch him in his new abode.

Measuring his motions by revolving spheres,

210

That horologe machinery divine.	
Hours, days, and months, and years, his children,	play,
Like numerous wings, around him, as he flies;	
Or rather, as unequal plumes they shape	215
His ample pinions, swift as darted flame,	
To gain his goal, to reach his ancient rest,	
And join anew Eternity, his sire;	
In his immutability to nest,	219
When worlds, that count his circles now, unhing	ed
(Fate the loud signal sounding) headlong rush	
To timeless night and chaos, whence they rose.	
Why spur the speedy ' why with levities	
New-wing thy short, short day's too rapid flight?	
Know'st thou or what thou dost, or what is done?	225
Man flies from Time, and Time from man: too so	on,
In sad divorce, this double flight must end;	•
And then where are we? where, Lorenzo! then,	
Thy sports, thy pomps? I grant thee in a state	
Not unambitious; in the ruffled shroud,	230
Thy Parian tomb's triumphant arch beneath.	
Has Death his fopperies? then well may Life	
Put on her plume, and in her rainbow shine.	
Ye well array'd! ye lilies of our land!	
Ye lilies male! who neither toil nor spin,	235
(As sister-lilies might) if not so wise	
As Solomon, more sumptuous to the zight!	
Ye delicate! who nothing can support,	
Yourselves most insupportable! for whom	
The winter-rose must blow, the Sun put on	240
A brighter beam in Leo; silky-soft,	
Favonious! breathe still softer, or be chid;	
And other worlds send odours, sauce, and song,	
And robes, and notions, framed in foreign looms!	•
O ye Lorenzos of our age! who deem	.94
One moment unamused a misery	
Not made for feeble man! who call aloud	
For every bathle drivel'd o'er by sense;	
For rattles and conceits of every cast;	

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHIP	. 25
For change of follies and relays of joy,	250
To drag your patient through the tedious length	
Of a short winter's day—say, sages! say,	
Wit's oracles! say, dreamers of gay dreams!	
How will you weather an eternal night,	
Where such expedients fail ?-	255
O treacherous Conscience! while she seems to s	leep
On rose and myrtle, lull'd with siren song;	_
While she seems, nodding o'er her charge, to dro	P
On headlong Appetite the slacken'd rein,	•
And give us up to license, unrecall'd,	260
Unmark'd: see, from behind her secret stand,	
The sly informer minutes every fault,	
And her dread diary with horror fills.	
Not the gross act alone employs her pen;	
She reconnoitres Fancy's airy band.	265
A watchful foe! the formidable spy	
Listening, o'erhears the whispers of our camp,	
Our dawning purposes of heart explores,	
And steals our embryos of iniquity.	
As all-rapacious usurers conceal	270
Their doomsday-book from all-consuming heirs,	
Thus, with indulgence most severe, she treats	
Us spendthrifts of inestimable time,	
Unnoted, notes each moment misapplied;	
In leaves more durable than leaves of brass	275
Writes our whole history, which Death shall read	l
In every pale delinquent's private car,	
And judgment publish, publish to more worlds	
Than this, and endless age in groans resound.	
Lorenzo! such that sleeper in thy breast;	290
Such is her slumber, and her vengeance such	
For slighted counsel; such thy future peace;	
And think'st thou still thou canst be wise too soos	1 €
But why on time so lavish is my song?	
On this great theme kind Nature Reeps a school	7965
To teach her sons herself. Each night we die;	
Each morn are born anew : each day a life!	

And shall we kill each day? If trifling kills, Sure vice must butcher. O what heaps of slain. Cry out for vengeance on us! Time destroy'd Is suicide, where more than blood is spilt. Time flies, death urges, knells call, Heaven invites. Hell threatens: all exerts; in effort all, More than creation, labours! Labours more? And is there in creation what, amidst This tumult universal, wing'd despatch. And ardent energy, supinely yawns?-Man sleeps, and man alone; and man, whose fate. Fate irreversible, entire, extreme, Endless, hair-hung, breeze-shaken, o'er the gulf A moment trembles; drops! and man, for whom All else is in alarm; man, the sole cause Of this surrounding storm! and vet he sleeps. As the storm rock'd to rest !—Throw years away? Throw empires, and be blameless: moments seize, 305 Heaven's on their wing; a moment we may wish, When worlds want wealth to buy. Bid Day stand still, Bid him drive back his car, and reimport The period past, regive the given hour. Lorenzo! more than miracles we want. 310 Lorenzo—O for vesterdays to come! Such is the language of the man awake. His ardour such for what oppresses thee. And is his ardour vain, Lorenzo? No; That more than miracle the gods indulge. 315 To-day is yesterday return'd; return'd Full power'd to cancel, expiate, raise, adorn. And reinstate us on the rock of peace. Let it not share its predecessor's fate, Nor, like its elder sisters, die a fool. Shall it evaporate in fume, fly off Fuliginous, and stain us deeper still? Shall we be poorer for the plenty pour'd? More wretched for the clemencies of Heaven? Where shall I find him? Angels! tell me w'

ON TIME, DLATH, AND FRIENDSHIP.	27
You know him: he is near you; point him out.	
Shall I see glories beaming from his brow,	
Or trace his footsteps by the rising flowers?	
Your golden wings, now hovering o'er him, shed	
Protection; now are waving in applause	330
To that bless'd son of foresight! lord of Fate!	
That awful independent on to-morrow!	
Whose work is done; who triumphs in the past;	
Whose yesterdays look backwards with a smile	
Nor, like the Parthian, wound him as they fly;	335
That common but opprobrious lot! Past hours,	
If not by guilt, yet wound us by their flight,	
If folly bounds our prospect by the grave;	
All feeling of futurity benumb'd;	
All godlike passion for eternals quench'd;	340
All relish of realities expired;	
Renounced all correspondence with the skies;	
Our freedom chain'd; quite wingless our desire;	
In sense dark-prison'd all that ought to soar;	
Prone to the centre; crawling in the dust;	345
Dismounted every great and glorious aim;	
Imbrated every faculty divine;	
Heart-buried in the rubbish of the world,	
The world, that gulf of souls, immortal souls,	
Souls elevate, angelic, wing'd with fire	350
To reach the distant skies, and triumph there	
On thrones, which shall not mourn their mas	ters
changed;	
Though we from earth, ethereal they that fell	
Such veneration due, O man to man!	
Who venerate themselves the world despise.	355
For what, gay friend! is this escutcheon'd world,	
Which hangs out death in one eternal night?	
A night that glooms us in the noontide ray,	
And wraps our thoughts at banquets in the shroud.	
Life's little stage is a small eminence,	36 0
Inch high the grave above, that home of man,	
Where dwells the multitude: we gaze around:	

We read their monuments; we sigh; and while
We sigh we sink; and are what we deplored:
Lamenting or lamented all our lot! 365

is Death at distance? No; he has been on thee,
And given sure earnest of his final blow.
Those hours that lately smiled, where are they now?
Pallid to thought, and ghastly! drown'd, all drown'd
In that great deep which nothing disembogues!
And, dying, they bequeath d thee small renown
The rest are on the wing: how fleet their flight.
Already has the fatal train took fire;
A moment, and the world's blown up to thee;
The Sun is darkness, and the stars are dust.

'Tis greatly wise to talk with our past hours.

'Tis greatly wise to talk with our past hours,
And ask them what report they bore to Heaven,
And how they might have borne more welcome news
Their answers form what men Experience call;
If Wisdom's friend, her best; if not, worst foe. 380
O reconcile them! kind Experience cries,
'There's nothing here but what as nothing weighs;
The more our joy, the more we know it vain,
And by success are tutor'd to despair.'
Nor is it only thus, but must be so. 385
Who knows not this though gray is still a child

Who knows not this, though gray, is still a child.

Loose then from earth the grasp of fond desire;

Weigh anchor, and some happier clime explore.

Art thou so moor'd thou canst not disengage,

Nor give thy thoughts a ply to future scenes?

Since by life's passing breath, blown up from earth,
Light as the summer's dust, we take in air
A moment's giddy flight, and fall again,
Join the dull mass, increase the trodden soil,
And sleep, till Earth herself shall be no more;

Since then (as emmets, their small world o'erthrown)
We, sore amazed, from out earth's ruins crawl,
And rise to fate extreme of foul or fair,
As man's own choice, (controller of the skies)
As man's despotic will, perhaps one hour,

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHIP. 29 (O how omnipotent is Time!) decrees: Should not each warning give a strong alarm? Warning, far less than that of bosom torn From bosom, bleeding o'er the sacred dead! Should not each dial strike us as we pass, 105 Portentous, as the written wall which struck. O'er midnight bowls, the proud Assyrian pale, Erewhile high flush'd with insolence and wine? Like that, the dial speaks, and points to thee, Lorenzo! loath to break thy banquet up :--410 O Man! thy kingdom is departing from thee, And, while it lasts, is emptier than my shade.' Its silent language such; nor need'st thou call Thy Magi to decipher what it means. Know, like the Median, Fate is in thy walls: 415 Dost ask how? whence? Belshazzar-like, amazed: Man's make encloses the sure seeds of death: Life feeds the murderer: ingrate! he thrives On her own meal, and then his nurse devours. But here, Lorenzo, the delusion lies: 420 That solar shadow, as it measures life, It life resembles too. Life speeds away From point to point, though seeming to stand still. The cunning fugitive is swift by stealth: Too subtle is the movement to be seen; 425 Yet soon man's hour is up, and we are gone. Warnings point out our danger; gnomons, time: As these are useless when the Sun is set, So those, but when more glorious Reason shines. Reason should judge in all; in Reason's eye 430 That sedentary shadow travels hard; But such our gravitation to the wrong, So prone our hearts to whisper what we wish. 'Tis later with the wise than he's aware. A Wilmington goes slower than the Sun; 435 And all mankind mistake their time of day; E'en Age itself. , Fresh hopes are hourly sown In furrow'd brows. So gentle life's descent,

3 *

30	THE CO	MPLAINT.	r. 11.
We shut	our eyes, and th	ink it is a plain.	
		er for the spring	
		to bane. Since	
Man mus	computé that a	ge he cannot fee	el,
He scarce	believes he's ol	der for his year	s. [′]
Thus at 1	ife's latest eve w	e keep in store	
One disag	pointment sure,	to crown the re	st, 445
The disap	pointment of a	promised hour.	•
On this	, or similar, Phi	lander! thou	
Whose m	ind was moral a	s the preacher's	tongue,
		ience worth the	
		n the summer's	
		y the breezy stre	
		orten'd winter's	
		ck out latent tru	
		he recluse more	
		sing o'er the lip	
		not, 'tis thrown	
	o tie up nonsens		••
Song, fas	hionably fruitles	s, such as stains	
The fanc	y, and unhallow'	d passion fires,	
	her saints to Cy		460
Know's	t thou, Lorenzo	! what a friend	contains?
As bees n	nix'd nectar dra	w from fragrant	flowers,
So men fi	rom Friendship,	wisdom and deli	ght;
Twins, tie	ed by Nature; is	f they part, they	die.
Hast thou	no friend to set	thy mind abroa	ch? 465
Good sen	se will stagnate.	Thoughts shut	up want air,
And spoil	, like bales unop	en'd to the sun.	
Had thou	ght been all, sw	eet speech had b	een denied;
Speech!	thought's canal;	speech! thoug	ht's criterion
	:00 :	- •	469
		come forth gol	
When co	in'd in word, we	know its real w	orth :
	g, store it for the		
Twill bu	y thee benefit, p	erhaps renown.	
Thought,	too, deliver'd, i	s the more posse	ss'd;
Teaching	we learn : and	giving we retain	475

ON	TIME,	DEAT	rh, and	FRIE	NDSHIP.	31

The births of intellect; when dumb, forgot.

Speech ventilates our intellectual fire;

Speech burnishes our mental magazine;

Brightens for ornament, and whets for use.

What numbers, sheath'd in erudition, lie

Plunged to the hilts in venerable tomes,
And rusted in, who might have borne an edge,
And play'd a sprightly beam, if born to speech,

If born bless'd heirs of half their mother's tongue! 484

"Tis thought's exhcange, which, like the alternate push

Of waves conflicting, breaks the learned scum,
And defecates the student's standing pool.

In contemplation is his proud resource?
'Tis poor as proud, by converse unsustain'd.
Rude thought runs wild in Contemplation's field; 490
Converse, the menage, breaks it to the bit
Of due restraint; and Emulation's spur
Gives graceful energy, by rivals awed.
'Tis converse qualifies for solitude,
As exercise for salutary rest:

By that untutor'd, Contemplation raves;

By that untutor d, Contemplation raves;
And Nature's fool by Wisdom's is outdone
Wisdom, though richer than Peruvian mines,
And sweeter than the sweet ambrosial hive,
What is she but the means of happiness?
That unobtain'd, than Folly more a fool;
A melancholy fool, without her bells.
Friendship, the means of wisdom, richly gives
The precious end, which makes our wisdom wise.
Nature, in zeal for human amity,
Denies or damps an undivided joy.
Joy is an import: joy is an exchange;
Joy flies monopolists; it calls for two

Rich fruit! Heaven-planted! never pluck'd by one.

Needful auxiliars are our friends, to give

To social man true relish of himself.

Full on ourselves descending in a line,
Pleasure's bright beam is feeble in delight:

Delight intense is taken by rebound; Reverberated pleasures fire the breast.

Celestial Happiness! whene'er she stoops To visit Earth, one shrine the goddess finds, And one alone, to make her sweet amends For absent Heaven—the bosom of a friend; Where heart meets heart, reciprocally soft, Each other's pillow to repose divine Beware the counterfeit; in passion's flame Hearts melt, but melt like ice, soon harder froze. True love strikes root in reason, passion's foe: Virtue alone entenders us for life : I wrong her much-entenders us for ever. Of Friendship's fairest fruits, the fruit most fair Is Virtue kindling at a rival fire, And emulously rapid in her race. O the soft enmity! endearing strife! This carries Friendship to her noontide point, And gives the rivet of eternity.

From Friendship, which outlives my former them Glorious survivor of old Time and Death!
From Friendship, thus, that flower of heavenly see The wise extract earth's most hyblean bliss,
Superior wisdom, crown'd with smiling joy.

But for whom blossoms this Elysian flower? Abroad they find who cherish it at home. Lorenzo! pardon what my love extorts, ŧ An honest love, and not afraid to frown. Though choice of follies fasten on the great, None clings more obstinate than fancy fond, That sacred friendship is their easy prey Caught by the wasture of a golden lure, 5 Or fascination of a highborn smile. Their smiles the great, and the coquette, throw out For others' hearts, tenacious of their own; And we no less of ours, when such the bait. Ye Fortune's cofferers! ye powers of Wealth! 5 Can gold gain friendship? impudence of hope

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHIP.	33
As well mere man an angel might beget.	
Love, and love only, is the loan for love.	
Lorenzo! pride repress, nor hope to find	
A friend, but what has found a friend in thee:	558
All like the purchase, few the price will pay;	
And this makes friends such miracles below.	
What if (since daring on so nice a theme)	
I show thee friendship delicate as dear,	
Of tender violations apt to die?	560
Reserve will wound it, and distrust destroy.	
Deliberate on all things with thy friend:	
But since friends grow not thick on every bough	
Nor every friend unrotten at the core,	
,, ,	565
Pause, ponder, sift; not eager in the choice,	
Nor jealous of the chosen: fixing, fix;	
Judgo before friendship, then confide till death.	
Well for thy friend, but nobler far for thee.	
	570
A friend is worth all hazards we can run.	
Poor is the friendless master of a world;	
A world in purchase for a friend is gain.'	
So sung he (angels hear that angel sing.	ENE
Angels from friendship gather half their joy) So sung Philander, as his friend went round	575
In the rich ichor, in the generous blood	
Of Bacchus, purple god of joyous wit,	
A brow solute, and ever laughing eye.	
	580
His friend! who warm'd him more, who more inspir	
Friendship's the wine of life; but friendship new	· ···
(Not such was his) is neither strong nor pure.	
O! for the bright complexion, cordial warmth.	
	585
For twenty summers ripening by my side;	
All feculence of falsehood long thrown down,	
All social virtues rising in his soul,	
As crystal clear, and smiling as they rise!	
,	

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F. 15.

Here nectar flows; it sparkles in our sight:
Rich to the taste, and genuine from the heart.
High-flavour'd bliss for gods! on earth how rare!
On earth how lost!—Philander is no more.

Think'st thou the theme intoxicates my song? Am I too warm ?-Too warm I cannot be. I loved him much, but now I love him more. Like birds, whose beauties languish, half conceal'd. Till, mounted on the wing, their glossy plumes Expanded, shine with azure, green, and gold; How blessings brighten as they take their flight! 600 His flight Philander took, his upward flight, If ever soul ascended. Had he dropp'd, (That eagle genius!) O had he let fall One feather as he flew, I then had wrote What friends might flatter, prudent foes forbear, 605 -Rivals scarce damn, and Zoilus reprieve. Yet what I can I must: it were profane To quench a glory lighted at the skies, And cast in shadows his illustrious close. Strange! the theme most affecting, most sublime, 610 Momentous most to man, should sleep unsung! And yet it sleeps, by genius unawaked, Painim or Christian, to the blush of Wit. Man's highest triumph, man's profoundest fall, The deathbed of the just! is yet undrawn 615 By mortal hand; it merits a divine: Angels should paint it, angels ever there. There on a post of honour and of joy.

Dare I presume, then? but Philander bids,
And glory tempts, and inclination calls.

Yet am I struck, as struck the soul beneath
Aerial groves' impenetrable gloom,
Or in some mighty ruin's solemn shade,
Or gazing, by pale lamps, on highborn dust
I walts, thin courts of poor unflatter'd kings,
Or at the midnight altar's hallow'd flame.

It is religion to proceed: I pause—

ON TIME, DEATH, AND FRIENDSHI	IP.	3
And enter, awed, the temple of my theme.		
ls it his deathbed? No; it is his shrine		
Behold him there just rising to a god.	€	3
The chamber where the good man meets his	fate	
Is privileged beyond the common walk		
Of virtuous life, quite in the verge of Heaven.		
Fly, ye profane! if not, draw near with awe,		
Receive the blessing, and adore the chance	6	35
That threw in this Bethesda your disease:		
If unrestored by this, despair your cure;		
For here resistless Demonstration dwells.		
A doathbed 's a detector of the heart!		
Here tired Dissimulation drops her mask,	64	10
Through Life's grimace that mistress of the scen	ne!	
Here real and apparent are the same.		
You see the man, you see his hold on Heaven,		
If sound his virtue, as Philander's sound.		
Heaven waits not the last moment; owns her fri	end:	5
On this side death, and points them out to men;	64	6
A lecture silent, but of sovereign power!		
To Vice confusion, and to Virtue peace.		
Whatever farce the boastful hero plays,		
Virtue alone has majesty in death;	65	0
And greater still, the more the tyrant frowns.		
Philander! he severely frown'd on thee.		
'No warning given! unceremonious fate!		
A sudden rush from life's meridian joys!		
A wrench from all we love! from all we are:	655	ś
A restless bed of pain! a plunge opaque		
Beyond conjecture! feeble Nature's dread!		
Strong Reason's shudder at the dark unknown!		
A sun extinguish'd! a just opening grave!	659	
And, oh! the last, the last; what? (can words expr	esr,	,
Thought reach it?) the last—silence of a friend!'		
Where are those horrors, that amazement, where		
This hideous group of ills which singly shock?		
Demand from man—I thought him man, till now.		
Through Nature's wreck, through vanquish'd agon	ies	

(Like the stars struggling through this midnight gloom)
'What gleams of joy! what more than human peace!
Where the frail mortal, the poor abject worm?
No, not in death the mortal to be found.
His conduct is a legacy for all,
Richer than Mammon's for his single heir.
His comforters he comforts; great in ruin,
With unreluctant grandeur gives, not yields
'His soul sublime, and closes with his fate.
How our hearts burn'd within us at the scene! 675

How our hearts burn'd within us at the scene '675
Whence this brave bound o'er lumits fix'd to man?
His God sustains him in his final hour!
His final hour brings glory to his God!
Man's glory Heaven vouchsafes to call her own.
We gaze, we weep; mix'd tears of grief and joy! 680
Anazement strikes: devotion bursts to flame:
Christians adore! and infidels believe!

As some tall tower, or lofty mountain's brow,
Detains the Sun, illustrious, from its height,
While rising vapours and descending shades,
With damps and darkness, drown the spacious vale.
Undamp'd by doubt, undarken'd by despair,
Philander thus augustly rears his head,
At that black hour which general horror sheds
On the low level of the' inglorious throng:
Sweet peace, and heavenly hope, and humble joy
Divin.ly beam on his exalted soul;
Destruction gild and crown him for the skies;
With incommunicable lustre bright.

NIGHT III.

Narcinna.

•

TO HER GRACE THE DUCHESS OF PORTLAND.

Egacscanda quidem, scirent si ignoscere manes.

From dreams, where thought in Fancy's mazerums mad. To Reason, that heaven-lighted lamp in man, Once more I wake: and at the destined hour. Punctual as lovers to the moment sworn, I keep my assignation with my wee. O! lost to virtue, lost to manly thought, Lost to the noble sallies of the soul: Who think it solitude to be alone. Communion sweet! communion large and high! 10 Our reason, guardian-angel, and our God! Then nearest these, when others most remote; And all, ere long, shall be remote but these: How dreadful, then, to meet them all alone. A stranger! unacknowledged! unapproved! Now woo them, wed them, bind them to thy breast; 15 To win thy wish creation has no more: Or if we wish a fourth, it is a friend.-But friends how mortal! dangerous the desire. Take Phœbus to yourselves, ye basking bards! Inebriate at fair Fortune's fountain head. And reeling through the wilderness of joy,

THE COMPLAINT. N. 11	n
Where Sense runs savage, broke from Reason's chair	
And sings false peace, till smother'd by the pall.	_
My fortune is unlike, unlike my song,	
Unlike the Deity my song invokes.	ă
I to day's soft-eyed sister pay my court	
(Endymion's rival,) and her aid implore,	
Now first implored in succour to the Muse.	
Thou who didst lately borrow Cynthia's form.	
And modestly forego thine own: O thou	0
Who didst thyself, at midnight hours, inspire!	
Say, why not Cynthia, patroness of song?	٠
As thou her crescent, she thy character	
Assumes; still more a goddess by the change.	
Are there demurring wits who dare dispute 3	5
This revolution in the world inspired?	
Ye train Pierian! to the lunar sphere,	
In silent hour, address your ardent call	
For aid immortal, less her brother's right.	
She with the spheres harmonious nightly leads 4)
The mazy dance, and hears their matchless strain,	
A strain for gods, denied to mortal ear.	
Transmit it heard, thou silver queen of Heaven	
What title or what name endears thee most?	
Cynthia! Cyllene! Phæbe—or dost hear 45	i
With higher gust, fair Portland of the skies?	
Is that the soft enchantment calls thee down,	
More powerful than of old Circean charm?	
Come, but from heavenly banquets with thee bring	
The soul of song, and whisper in mine ear 50)
The theft divine; or in propitious dreams	
(For dreams are thine) transfuse it through the breast	
Of thy first votary—but not thy last,	
If, like thy namesake, thou art ever kind.	
And kind thou wilt be, kind on such a theme; 55	خ
A theme so like thee, a quite lunar theme,	
Soft, modest, melancholy, female, fair!	
A theme that rose all pale, and told my soul	
* At he Duke of Norfolk's masquerade.	

9.7	•	D	~	TO		A.
п	л	л.	٠.	10	м	А.

Twas night; on her fond hopes perpetual night; A night which struck a damp, a deadlier damp Than that which smote me from Philander's tomb!	60
Narcissa follows ere his tomb is closed.	
Wees cluster; rare are solitary wees;	
They love a train; they tread each other's heel;	
Her death invades his mournful right, and claims	60
The grief that started from my lids for him;	•
Seizes the faithless, alienated tear,	
Or shares it ere it falls. So frequent Death,	
Sorrow he more than causes, he confounds;	
For human sighs his rival strokes contend,	70
And make distress distraction. Oh, Philander!	••
What was thy fate? a double fate to me!	
Portent and plain! a menace and a blow!	
Like the black rayon hovering o'er my peace,	
Not less a bird of omen than of prey.	76
It call'd Narcissa long before her hour;	
It call'd her tender soul by break of bliss,	
From the first blossom, from the buds of joy;	
Those few our noxious fate unblasted leaves,	
In this inclement clime of human life.	80
Sweet harmonist! and beautiful as sweet!	,
And young as beautiful! and soft as young!	
And gay as soft! and innocent as gay!	
And happy (if aught happy here) as good!	
For Fortune fond had built her nest on high.	85
Like birds quite exquisite of note and plume,	
Transfix'd by Fate (who loves a lofty mark)	
How from the summit of the grove she fell,	
And left it unharmonious! all its charm	
Extinguish'd in the wonders of her song!	90
Her song still vibrates in my ravish'd ear,	
Still melting there, and with voluptuous pain	
(O to forget her!) thrilling through my heart.	
Song, beauty, youth, love, virtue, joy! this group	P
Of bright ideas, flowers of Paradise,	95
As yet unforfeit! in one blaze we bind,	

Kneel, and present it to the skies, as all We guess of Heaven! and these were all her own; And she was mine; and I was-was!-most bloom'd-160 Gay title of the deepest misery! As bodies grow more ponderous robb'd of life, Good lost weighs more in grief than gain'd in joy. Like blossom'd trees o'erturn'd by vernal storm, Lovely in death the beauteous ruin lay; 105 And if in death still lovely, lovelier there; Far lovelier! pity swells the tide of love. And will not the severe excuse a sigh? Scorn the proud man that is ashamed to weep. Our tears indulged indeed deserve our shame. 116 Ye that e'er lost an angel, pity me! Soon as the lustre languish'd in her eye, Dawning a dimmer day on human sight, And on her cheek, the residence of Spring, Pale Omen sat, and scattered fears around 115 On all that saw, (and who would cease to gaze That once had seen?) with haste, parental haste, I flew, I snatch'd her from the rigid North, Her native bed, on which bleak Boreas blew, And bore her nearer to the Sun; the Sun (As if the Sun could envy) check'd his beam, 190 Denied his wonted succour; nor with more Regret beheld her drooping than the bells Of lilies : fairest lilies, not so fair! Queen lilies! and ye painted populace Who dwell in fields, and lead ambrosial lives! 125 In morn and evening dew your beauties bathe, And drink the sun, which gives your cheeks to glow, And outblush (mine excepted) every fair; · You gladlier grew, ambitious of her hand, Which often cropp'd your odours, incense meet To thought so pure! Ye lovely fugitives! Coeval race with man! for man you smile: Why not smile at him too? You share, indeed,

His sudden pass; but not his constant pain.

So man is made, nought ministers delight, 135 But what his glowing passions can engage: And glowing passions, bent on aught below. Must, soon or late, with anguish turn the scale; And anguish after rapture, how severe! Rapture? bold man! who tempts the wrath divine, 140 By plucking fruit denied to mortal taste, While here presuming on the rights of Heaven. For transport dost thou call on every hour, Lorenzo? At thy friend's expense be wise: Lean not on earth; 'twill pierce thee to the heart: A broken reed at best; but oft a spear: 146 On its sharp point Peace bleeds, and Hope expires. Turn, hopeless thought! turn from her.-Thought

Resenting rallies, and wakes every woe. [repell'd Snatch'd ere thy prime! and in thy bridal hour! 150 And when kind Fortune, with thy lover, smiled! And when high-flavour'd thy fresh opening joys! And when blind man pronounced thy bliss complete! And on a foreign shore, where strangers wept! Strangers to thee, and, more surprising still, Strangers to kindness wept. Their eyes let fall Inhuman tears; strange tears! that trickled down From marble hearts! obdurate tenderness! A tenderness that call'd them more severe. In spite of Nature's soft persuasion steel'd: 160 While Nature melted, Superstition raved; That mourn'd the dead, and this denied a grave.

Their sighs incensed; sighs foreign to the will!
Their will the tiger sucked, outraged the storm;
For, oh! the cursed ungodliness of Zeal!
While sinful flesh relented, spirit nursed
In blind Infallibility's embrace,
The sainted spirit petrified the breast
Denied the charity of dust to spread
O'er dust! a charity their dogs enjoy.
What could I do? what succour? what resource?
With pions sacrilege a grave I stole;

with unbloom bieth that Rigar I wronk a	
Short in my duty, coward in my griof!	
More like her murderer than friend, I crept	175
With soft-suspended step, and, muffled deep	
In midnight darkness, whisper'd my last sigh.	
I whisper'd what should echo through their realm	e,
Nor writ her name, whose tomb should pierce the al	cies.
Presumptuous fear! how durst I dread her foes,	180
While Nature's loudest aictates I obey'd?	
Pardon necessity, bless'd shade! of grief	
And indignation rival bursts I pour'd;	
Half execration mingled with my prayer;	
Kindled at man, while I his God adored:	186
Sore grudged the savage land her sacred dust;	
Stamp'd the cursed soil; and with humanity	
(Denied Narcissa) wish'd them all a grave.	
Glows my resentment into guilt? what guilt	
Can equal violations of the dead?	190
The dead how sacred! sacred is the dust	
Of this heaven-labour'd form, erect, divine!	
This heaven-assumed, majestic robe of earth	
He deign'd to wear, who hung the vast expanse	
With azure bright, and clothed the Sun in gold.	195
When every passion sleeps that can offend;	
When strikes us every motive that can melt;	
When man can wreak his rancour uncontroll'd,	
That strongest curb on insult and ill will;	
Then! spleen to dust? the dust of innocence?	200
An angel's dust !—This Lucifer transcends;	
When he contended for the patriarch's bones.	
'Twas not the strife of malice, but of pride;	
The strife of pontiff pride, not pontiff gall.	
Far less than this is shocking in a race	206
Most wretched, but from streams of mutual love;	
And uncreated, but for love divine;	
And but for love divine this moment lost,	
By Fate resorb'd, and sunk in endless night.	_
man hard of heart to man! of horrid things	210

Most horrid! mid stupendous highly strange! Yet oft his courtesies are smoother wrongs: Pride brandishes the favours he confers. And contumelious his humanity: What then his vengeance? Hear it not, ve Stars! 215 And thou, pale Moon! turn paler at the sound, Man is to man the screet, surest ill. A previous blast foretels the rising storm: O'erwhelming turrets threaten, ere they fall: Volcanos bellow, ere they disembogue; 200 Earth trembles, ere her vawning jaws devour : And smoke betrave the wide consuming fire: Ruin from man is most conceal'd when near, And sends the dreadful tidings in the blow. 225 Is this the flight of Fancy? would it were! Heaven's Sovereign saves all beings, but himself, That hideous sight, a naked human heart. Fired is the Muse? and let the Muse be fired: Who not inflamed, when what he speaks he feels, And in the nerve most tender, in his friends: Shame to mankind! Philander had his foes; He felt the truths I sing, and I in him; But he nor I feel more. Past ills, Narcissa! Are sunk in thee, thou recent wound of heart. Which bleeds with other cares, with other pangs, 235 Pangs numerous as the numerous ills that swarm'd O'er thy distinguish'd fate, and, clustering there. Thick as the locust on the land of Nile, Made death more deadly, and more dark the grave. Reflect (if not forgot my touching tale) 946 How was each circumstance with aspics arm'd! An aspic each, and all an hydra woe. What strong Herculean virtue could suffice ?-Or is it virtue to be conquer'd here? This hoary cheek a train of tears bedews, 945 And each tear mourns its own distinct distress, And each distress, distinctly mourn'd, demands Of grief still more as heighten'd by the whole.

A grief like this proprietors excludes. Not friends alone such obsequies deplore; They make mankind the mourner; carry sighs Far as the fatal Fame can wing her way, And turn the gayest thought of gayest age Down their right channel, through the vale of de

The vale of death! that hush'd Cimmerian vale
Where Darkness, brooding o'er unfinish'd fates,
With raven wing incumbent, waits the day
(Dread day!) that interdicts all future change;
That subterranean world, that land of ruin!
Fit walk, Lorenzo! for proud human thought!
There let my thoughts expatiate, and explore
Balsamic truths and healing sentiments,
Of all most wanted, and most welcome, here.
For gay Lorenzo's sake, and for thy own,
My soul! 'The fruits of dying friends survey;
Expose the vain of life; weigh life and death:
Give Death his eulogy; thy fear subdued;
And labour that first palm of noble minds,
A manly scorn of terror from the tomb.'

This harvest reap from thy Narcissa's grave.

As poets feign'd from Ajax' streaming blood

Arose, with grief inscribed, a mournful flower,

Let wisdom blossom from my mortal wound.

And first, of dying friends; what fruit from these

It brings us more than triple aid; an aid

To chase our thoughtlessness, fear, pride, and gui

Our dying friends come o'er us like a cloud,
To damp our brainless ardours, and abate
That glare of life which often blinds the wise.
Our dying friends are pioneers, to smooth
Our rugged pass to death; to break those bars
Of terror and abhorrence Nature throws
Cross our obstructed way, and thus to make
Welcome, as safe, our port from every storm.
Each friend by Fate snatch'd from us is a plume,
Pluck'd from the wing of human vanity.

Which makes us stoop from our aerial heights. And damp'd with omen of our own decease. On drooping pinions of ambition lower'd. Just skim earth's surface ere we break it up, 200 O'er putrid earth to scratch a little dust. And save the world a nuisance. Smitten friends Are angels sent on errands full of love: For us they languish, and for us they die: And shall they languish, shall they die, in vain? 235 Ungrateful, shall we grieve their hovering shades, Which wait the revolution in our hearts? Shall we disdain their silent, soft, address, Their posthumous advice, and pious prayer? Senseless as herds that graze their hallow'd graves, Tread under foot their agonies and groans, 301 Frustrate their anguish, and destroy their deaths? Lorenzo! no; the thought of death indulge; Give it its wholesome empire! let it reign, 305 That kind chastiser of thy soul, in joy! Its reign will spread thy glorious conquests far, And still the tumults of thy ruffled breast. Auspicious era! golden days, begin! The thought of death shall, like a god, inspire. 310 And why not think on death? Is life the theme Of every thought? and wish of every hour? And song of every joy? surprising truth! The beaten spaniel's fondness not so strange. To wave the numerous ills that seize on life 315 As their own property, their lawful prey; Ere man has measured half his weary stage, His luxuries have left him no reserve, No maiden relishes, unbroach'd delights: On cold-served repetitions he subsists, And in the tasteless present chews the past; 320 Disgusted chews, and scarce can swallow down. Like lavish ancestors, his earlier years Have disinherited his future hours,

Which starve on orts, and glean their former field.

360

Live ever here, Lorenzo!-shocking thought! 325 So shocking! they who wish, disown it too; Disown from shame, what they from folly crave. Live ever in the womb, nor see the light? For what, live ever here ?--with labouring step To tread our former footsteps? pace the round 330 Eternal? to climb life's worn heavy wheel, Which draws up nothing new? to beat, and beat 'The beaten track? to bid each wretched day The former mock ' to surfeit on the same. And yawn our joys? or thank a misery For change though sad! to see what we have seen! Hear, till unheard, the same old slabber'd tale? To taste the tasted, and at each return Less tasteful? o'er our palates to descant Another vintage? strain a flatter year 340 Through loaded vessels, and a laxer tone? Crazy machines to grind Earth's wasted fruits! Ill ground, and worse concocted! load, not life! The rational foul kennels of excess! Still-streaming thoroughfares of dull debauch! Trembling each gulp, lest Death should snatch the bowl. Such of our fire ones is the wish refued! So would they have it : elegant desire! Why not invite the bellowing stalls and wilds? But such examples might their riot awe. 350 Through want of virtue, that is, want of thought, (Though on bright Thought they father all their flights) To what are they reduced? to love and hate The same vain world; to censure and espouse This painted shrew of life, who calls them fool Each moment of each day; to flatter bad, Through dread of worse; to cling to this rude rock,

And infamous for wrecks of human hope-Scared at the gloomy gulf that yawns beneath. Such are their triumphs! such their pangs of joy!

Barren to them of good, and sharp with ills, And hourly blacken'd with impending storms,

'Tis time, high time, to shift this dismal scene. This hugg'd, this hideous state, what art can cure? One only, but that one what all may reach: Virtue-she, wonder-working goddess! charms That rock to bloom, and tames the painted shrew: And what will more surprise, Lorenzo! gives To life's sick, nauseous iteration, change: And straightens Nature's circle to a line. 370 Believest thou this, Lorenzo? lend an ear, A patient ear: thou'lt blush to disbelieve. A languid, leaden iteration reigns, And ever must, o'er those whose joys are joys Of sight, smell, taste. The cuckoo-seasons sing The same dull note to such as nothing prize But what those seasons, from the teeming earth, To doting sense indulge: but nobler minds, Which relish fruits unripen'd by the Sun. Make their days various; various as the dyes 380 On the dove's neck, which wanton in his rays. On minds of dovelike innocence possess'd, On lighten'd minds that bask in Virtue's beams, Nothing hangs tedious, nothing old revolves In that for which they long, for which they live. 385 Their glorious efforts, wing'd with heavenly hope, Each rising morning sees still higher rise; Each bounteous dawn its novelty presents To worth maturing, new strength, lustre, fame: While Nature's circle, like a chariot-wheel Rolling beneath their elevated aims. Makes their fair prospect fairer every hour. Advancing virtue in a line to bliss; Virtue, which Christian motives best inspire; 394 And bliss, which Christian schemes alone ensure And shall we then, for Virtue's sake, commence Apostate, and turn infidels for joy? A truth it is few doubt, but fewer trust, 'He sins against this life, who slights the next.' What is this life? how few their favourite know! 400

Fond in the dark, and blind in our embrace. By passionately loving Life, we make Loved Life unlovely, hugging her to death. We give to time cternity's regard, And dreaming, take our passage for our port. 406 Life has no value as an end, but means : An end deplorable! a means divine! When 'tis our all, 'tis nothing: worse than nought: A nest of pains: when held as nothing, much. Like some fair humorists, life is most enjoy'd 410 When courted least: most worth when disesteem'd: Then 'tis the seat of comfort rich in peace; In prospect richer far; important! awful! Not to be mentioned but with shouts of praise! Not to be thought on but with tides of joy! 415 The mighty basis of eternal bliss!

Where now the barren rock? the painted shrew? Where now, Lorenzo, life's eternal round? Have I not made my triple promise good? Vain is the world, but only to the vain.

To what compare we then this varying scene, Whose worth, ambiguous, rises and declines, Waxes and wanes? (in all propitious Night Assists me here) compare it to the moon; Dark in herself, and indigent, but rich In borrow'd lustre from a higher sphere.

When gross guilt interposes, labouring Earth, O'ershadow'd, mourns a deep eclipse of joy; Her joys at brightest, pallid to that font Of full effulgent glory whence they flow.

Nor is that glory distant. Oh, Lorenzo!

A good man and an angel! these between

How thin the barrier! what divides their fate?

Perhaps a moment, or perhaps a year;

Or if an age, it is a moment still;

A moment, or Eternity's forgot.

Then be what once they were who now are gods;

Be what Philander was, and claim the skies.

475

Starts timid Nature at the gloomy pass? The soft transition call it, and be cheer'd. Such it is often, and why not to thee? To hope the best is plous, brave, and wise, And may itself procure what it presumes. Life is much flatter'd, Death is much traduced; Compare the rivals and the kinder crown. Strange competition !'-True, Lorenzo! strange! So little life can cast into the scale. Life makes the soul dependent on the dust. Death gives her wings to mount above the spheres. Through chinks, styled organs, dim life, peeps at light: Death bursts the involving cloud, and all is day All eye, all ear, the disembodied power. Death has feign'd evils Nature shall not feel; Life, ills substantial wisdom cannot shun. 455 Is not the mighty mind, that sun of Heaven! By tyrant Life dethroned, imprison'd, pain'd? By Death enlarged, ennobled, deified? Death but entonibs the body, Life the soul. 'Is Death then guiltless? How he marks his way With dreadful waste of what deserves to shine! Art, Genius, Fortune, elevated power! With various lustres these light up the world, Which Death puts out, and darkens human race.' I grant, Lorenzo! this indictment just: .. The sage, poer, potentate, king, conqueror! 465 Death humbles these; more barbarous Life, the man. . Life is the triumph of our mouldering clay; Death of the spirit infinite! divine! Death has no dread but what frail Life imparts, Nor Life true joy but what kind Death improves. 479 No bliss has Life to boast, till Death can give Far greater. Life's a debtor to the grave; Dark lattice! letting in eternal day. Lorenzo! blush at fondness for a life

5

Which sends celestial souls on errands vile.

To cater for the sense, and serve at boards

Where every ranger of the wilds, perhaps Each reptile, justly claims our upper hand. Luxurious feast! a soul, a soul immortal, In all the dainties of a brute bemired ! Lorenzo. blush at terror for a death Which gives thee to repose in festive bowers Where nectars sparkle, angels minister, And more than angels share, and raise, and crown. And eternize, the birth, bloom, bursts of bliss. What need I more?—O Death! the palm is thine. Then welcome, Death! thy dreaded harbingers. Age and disease; Disease, though long my guest. That plucks my nerves, those tender strings of life: Which pluck'd a little more, will toll the bell That calls my few friends to my funeral: Where feeble nature drops, perhaps, a tear, While Reason and Religion, better taught, Congratulate the dead, and crown his tomb With wreath triumphant. Death is victory! 496 It binds in chains the raging ills of life: Lust and Ambition, Wrath and Avarice. Dragg'd at his chariot-wheel, applaud his power. That ills corrosive, cares importunate. Are not immortal too, O Death! is thine. 500 Our day of dissclution ?-name it right. 'Tis our great pay-day; 'tis our harvest rich And ripe. What though the sickle, sometimes keen. Just scars us as we reap the golden grain? More than thy balm, O Gilead! heals the wound. 505 Birth's feeble cry, and Death's deep dismal groan. Are slender tributes low-tax'd Nature pays For mighty gain: the gain of each a life! But, O! the last the former so transcends, 509 Life dies, compared; Life lives beyond the grave. And feel I, Death! no joy from thought of thee? Death! the great counsellor, who man inspires

With every nobler thought and fairer deed! Death! the deliverer, who rescues man!

Death' the rewarder, who the rescued crowns. 515 Death! that absolves my birth, a curse without it! Rich Death! that realizes all my cares, Toils, virtues, hopes; without it a chimera; Death! of all pain the period, not of joy; Joy's source and subject still subsist unhurt: 520 One in my soul, and one in her great sire, Though the four winds were warring for my dust. Yes, and from winds and v. aves, and central night. Though prison'd there, my dust, too, I reclaim, (To dust when drop proud Nature's proudest spheres) And live entire. Death is the crown of life! Were death denied, poor man would live in vain: Were death denied, to live would not be life: Were death denied, e'en fools would wish to die. Death wounds to cure; we fall, we rise, we reign! 530 Spring from our fetters, fasten in the skies, Where blooming Eden withers in our sight. Death gives us more than was in Eden lost: This king of terrors is the prince of peace. When shall I die to vanity, pain, death? 535 When shall I die ?-when shall I live for ever?

NIGHT IV.

The Christian Triumph.

CONTAINING

OUR ONLY CURE FOR THE FEAR OF BEATH, AND PROPER SENTIMENTS OF HEART ON THAT INESTIMABLE BLESSING.

TO THE HON. MR. YORKE.

A much indebted Muse, O Yorke! intrudes.

Amid the smiles of fortune and of youth,

Thine ear is patient of a sorious song.

How does implested in the baset of mon

How deep implanted in the breast of man The dread of death! I sing its sovereign cure.

Why start at Death? where is he' Death arrived,
Is past; not come, or gone; he's never here.
Ere hope, sensation fails. Black-boding man,
Receives, not suffers, Death's tremendous blow.
The knell, the shroud, the mattock, and the grave; 10
The deep damp vault, the darkness, and the worm;
These are the bugbears of a winter's eve,
The terrors of the living, not the dead.
Imagination's fool, and Error's wretch,
Man makes a death which Nature never made:

15
Then on the point of his own fancy falls,
And foels a thousand deaths in fearing one.
But were Death frightful what has see to fear?

But were Death frightful, what has age to fear? If prudent, age should meet the friendly foe, And shelter in his hospitable gloom.

I scarce can meet a monument, but holds

20

53 THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH. ounger; every date cries-' Come away.' what recals me? look the world around, ell me what : the wisest cannot tell. ld any born of woman give his thought ange, on just Dislike's unbounded field; ings the vanity, of men the flaws: in the best; the many, flaw all o'er; opards spotted, or as Ethiops dark; 30 ious ill: good dving immature; immature, Narcissa's marble tells!) it his death bequeathing endless pain : eart, though bold, would sicken at the sight, pend itself in sighs for future scenes. 35 grant to life (and just it is to grant cky life) some perquisites of joy; e there is when, like a thrice-told tale, rifled life of sweet can yield no more, rom our comment on the comedy, ng reflections on parts well sustain'd rposed emendations where we fail'd, pes of plaudits from our candid Judge, on their exit, souls are bid unrobe, Fortune back her tinsel and her plume, rop this mask of flesh behind the scene. 45 h me that time is come; my world is dead; world rises, and new manners reign: rn comedians, a spruce band! arrive, sh me from the scene, or hiss me there. a pert race starts up! the strangers maze, a 50 at them; my neighbour is unknown; nat the worst. Ah me! the dire effect tering here, of death defrauded long. l so gracious (and let that suffice) ery master knows me not .--55 Il I dare say peculiar is my fate? een so long remember'd I'm forgot. ject ever pressing dims the sight, sides behind its ardour to be seen.

THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH.	55
What though we wade in wealth, or soar in fame	?
Earth's highest station ends in, 'Here he lies;'	
And 'dust to dust' concludes her noblest song.	100
If this song lives, posterity shall know	
One, though in Britain born, with courtiers bred,	
Who thought e'en gold might come a day too late	;
Nor on his subtle deathbed plann'd his scheme	•
For future vacancies in church or state,	105
Some avocation deeming it—to die ;	
Unbit by rage canine of dying rich,	
Guilt's blunder! and the loudest laugh of Hell.	
O my coevals! remnants of yourselves.	
Poor human ruins tottering o'er the grave!	110
Shall we, shall aged men, like aged trees,	
Strike deeper their vile root, and closer cling,	
Still more enamour'd of this wretched soil?	
Shall our pale wither'd hands be still stretched ou	t,
Trembling, at once, with eagerness and ago?	115
With avarice and convulsions, grasping hard?	
Grasping at air! for what has earth beside?	
Man wants but little, nor that little long:	
How soon must be resign his very dust,	
Which frugal Nature lent him for an hour!	120
Years unexperienced rush on numerous ills:	
And soon as man, expert from time, has found	
The key of life, it opes the gates of death.	
When in this vale of years I backward look,	
And miss such numbers, numbers too, of such	125
Firmer in health, and greener in their age,	
And stricter on their guard, and fitter far	
To play life's subtle game, I scarce believe	
I still survive. And am I fond of life,	
Who scarce can think it possible I live?	130
Alive by miracle! or, what is next,	
Alive by Mead! if I am still alive,	
Who long have buried what gives life to live,	
Firmness of nerve, and energy of thought.	TOF
Life's lee is not more shallow than impure	135

And vapid: Sense and Reason show the door. Call for my bier, and point me to the dust. O thou great Arbiter of life and death! Nature's immortal, immaterial Sun! 140 Whose all-prolific beam late call'd me forth From darkness, teeming darkness, where I lav The worm's inferior; and, in rank, beneath The dust I tread on; high to bear my brow, To drink the spirit of the golden day, 145 And triumph in existence; and couldst know No motive but my bliss; and hast ordain'd A rise in blessing! with the patriarch's joy, Thy call I follow to the land unknown: I trust in thee, and know in whom I trust: Or life or death is equal; neither weighs; 150 All weight in this-O let me live to Thee!

Though Nature's terrors thus may be repress'd, Still frowns grim Death; guilt points the tyrant's spear. And whence all human guilt?—From death forgot. Ah me! too long I set at nought the swarm 155 Of friendly warnings which around me flew, And smiled unsmitten. Small my cause to smile! Death's admonitions, like shafts upward shot, More dreadful by delay; the longer ere They strike our hearts, the deeper is their wound: 160 O think how deep, Lorenzo! here it stings; Who can appease its anguish? How it burns! What hand the barb'd, envenom'd thought can draw? What healing hand can pour the balm of peace, And turn my sight undaunted on the tomb? 165 With joy,-with grief, that healing hand I see : Ah! too conspicuous! it is fixed on high.

On high?—what means my frenzy? I blaspheme: Alas! how low! how far beneath the skies! The skies it form'd, and now it bleeds for me-170 But bleeds the balm I want—yet still it bleeds; Draw the dire steel—ah, no! the dreadful blessing What heart or can sustain, or dares forego?

d man more execrate or boast the guilt

Which roused such vengeance? which such love inflamed?

O'er guilt (how mountainous!) with outstretch'd arms Stern Justice and soft-smiling Love embrace. Supporting in full majesty thy throne. 212 When seem'd its majesty to need support: Or that, or man, inevitably lost: What but the fathomless of thought divine Could labour such expedient from despair. And rescue both? Both rescue! both exalt! 220 O how are both exalted by the deed! The wondrous deed! or shall I call it more? A wonder in Omnipotence itself! A mystery po less to gods than men! Not thus our infidels the' Eternal draw. 995 A God all o'er consummate, absolute, Full orb'd, in his whole round of rays complete: They set at odds Heaven's jarring attributes, And with one excellence another wound:

Maim Heaven's perfection, break its equal beams, 230
Bid mercy triumph over—God himself,
Undeified by their opprobrious praise:
A God all mercy is a God unjust.

Ye brainless wits! ye baptized infidels!
Ye worse for mending! wash'd to fouler stains!
The ransom was paid down; the fund of Heaven,
Heaven's inexhaustible, exhausted fund,
Amazing and amazed, pour'd forth the price,
All price beyond: though curious to compute,

Archangels fail'd to cast the mighty sum: Its value vast, ungrasp'd by minds create, For ever hides and glows in the Supreme.

And was the ransom paid? it was; and paid (What can exalt the bounty more?) for you!

The Sun beheld it.—No, the shocking scene
Drove back his chariot: midnight veil'd his face;

Not such as this, not such as Nature makes;

A midnight Nature shudder'd to behold;

A midnight new! a dread eclipse (without
Opposing spheres) from her Creator's frown!
Sun! didst thou fly thy Maker's pain? or start
At that enormous load of human guilt
Which bow'd his blessed head, o'erwhelm'd his cross,
Made groan the centre, burst earth's marble womb
With pangs, strange pangs! deliver'd of her dead? 255
Hell howl'd; and Heaven that hour let fall a tear:
Heaven wept, that men might smile! Heaven bled,
that man

Might never die !----

And is devotion virtue? 'tis compell'd. What heart of stone but glows at thoughts like these? Such contemplations mount us, and should mount 261 The mind still higher, nor ever glance on man Unraptured, uninflamed.—Where roll'd my thoughts To rest from wonders? other wonders rise, And strike where'er they roll: my soul is caught: 265 Heaven's sovereign blessings, clustering from the cross, Rush on her, in a throng, and close her round, The prisoner of amaze !—In his bless'd life I see the path, and in his death the price, And in his great ascent the proof supreme, 270 Of immortality.—And did he rise?— Hear, O ye Nations! hear it, O ye Dead! He rose! he rose! he burst the bars of Death, Lift up your heads, ye everlasting Gates! And give the King of glory to come in. 275 Who is the King of glory? he who left His throne of glory for the pang of death. Lift up your heads, ye everlasting Gates! And give the King of glory to come in. Who is the King of glory? he who slew 280 The ravenous foe that gorged all human race! The King of glory He, whose glory fill'd Heaven with amazement at his love to man. -And with divine complacency beheld Powers most illumined, wilder'd in the theme.

The theme, the joy, how then shall man sustain? Oh, the burst gates! crush'd sting! demolish'd throne! Last gasp of vanquish'd Death! Shout, earth and heaven. This sum of good to man! whose nature then Took wing, and mounted with him from the tomb. 200 Then, then I rose; then first Humanity Triumphant pass'd the crystal ports of light. (Stupendous guest!) and seized eternal youth. Scized in our name. E'er since 'tis blasphemous To call man mortal. Man's mortality Was then transferr'd to death; and Heaven's duration Unalienably seal'd to this frail frame, This child of dust .- Man, all immortal! hail: Hail, Heaven! All lavish of strange gifts to man! Thine all the glory, man's the boundless bliss! Where am I rapp'd by this triumphant theme, On Christian joy's exulting wing, above The' Acnian mount !-- Alas : small cause for joy ! What, if to pain immortal? if extent Of being, to preclude a close of woe? 305 Where, then, my boast of immortality? I boast it still, though cover'd o'er with guilt : For guilt, not innocence, his life he pour'd; 'Tis guilt alone can justify his death; Nor that, unless his death can justify 310 Relenting guilt in Heaven's indulgent sight. If, sick of folly, I relent; he writes My name in Heaven with that inverted spear (A spear deep dipped in blood) which pierced his side. And open'd there a font for all mankind, Who strive, who combat crimes, to drink and live: This, only this, subdues the fear of death! And what is this? -- Survey the wondrous cure, And at each step let higher wonder rise! Pardon for infinite offence! and pardon Through means that speak its value infinite! A pardon bought with blood! with blood divine!

With blood divine of him I made my foe;

THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH. ed to provoke! though wooed, and awed: , and chastised; a flagrant rebel still! I midst the thunders of his throne! ulone! a rebel universe! cies up in arms! not one exempt! the foulest of the foul he dies. w'd for the redeem'd from deepest guilt! 330 ur race were held of highest rank; odhead dearer, as more kind to man! id, every heart; and, every besom, burn! : a scale of miracles is here! est round high planted on the skies, 335 ering summit lost beyond the thought or angel! O that I could climb inderful ascent, with equal praise! flow for ever, (if astonishment ve thee leave) my praise! for ever flow: urdent, cordial, constant, to high Heaven agrant than Arabia sacrificed, her spicy mountains in a flame. ar, so due to Heaven, shall Praise descend or soft plume (from plausive angels' wing 345 uck'd by man) to tickle mortal ears. .ving in the pockets of the great? e the perquisite of every paw. black as hell, that grapples well for gold? of gold! thou meanest of amours! 350 aise her odours waste on virtues dead, the base, perfume the stench of guilt. rty bread by washing Ethiops fair, ng filth, or sinking it from sight; nger in scenes where vacant posts, 355 bets yet untenanted, expect iture ornaments? From courts and thrones apostate Praise! thou vagabond! ostitute! to thy first love return, t, thy greatost, once unrival'd theme. 360 s flow redundant, like Meander flow,

y.

Back to the fountain, to that parent Power Who gives the tongue to sound, the thought to so The soul to be. Men homage pay to men, Thoughtless beneath whose dreadful eve they bow. In mutual awe profound, of clay to clay, Of guilt to guilt, and turn their backs on thee, Great Sire! whom thrones celestial ceaseless sing! To prostrate angels an amazing scene! O the presumption of man's awe for man !--Man's Author! End! Restorer! Law! and Judge Thine all! Day thine, and thine this gloom of Nigl With all her wealth, with all her radiant worlds. What night eternal, but a frown from thee? What Heaven's meridian glory, but thy smile? And shall not praise be thine, not human praise. While Heaven's high host on hallelujahs live? O may I breathe no longer than I breathe

My soul in praise to Him who gave my soul: And all her infinite of prospect fair. Cut through the shades of hell, great Love! by the Oh most adorable! most unadored! Where shall that praise begin, which ne'er should en Where'er I turn, what claim on all applause! How is Night's sable mantle labour'd o'er, 1 How richly wrought with attributes divine! What wisdom shines; what love! This midnight non This gorgeous arch, with golden worlds inlaid! Built with divine ambition! nought to thee; For others this profusion. Thou apart. : Above! beyond! Oh! tell me, mighty Mind! Where art thou? Shall I dive into the deep? Call to the Sun? or ask the roaring winds For their Creator! shall I question loud The thunder, if in that the' Almighty dwells? Or holds He furious storms in straiten'd reins. And bids fierce whirlwinds wheel his rapid car?

What mean these questions?—Trembling 1 retrest My prostrate soul adores the present. God!

A STATE OF THE STA	
THE CHRESTAN TRIUMPH.	63
Praise Ta distant Deity? He tunes	400
My voice (if tuned;) the nerve that writes sustain	
Wrapp'd in his being I resound his praise:	
But though past all diffused, without a shore His essence, local is his throne (as meet)	
	AOE
To gather the dispersed (as standards call	405
The listed from afar;) to fix a point,	
A central point, collective of his sons;	
Since finite every nature but his own.	
The nameless He, whose nod is Nature's birth,	410
And Nature's shield the shadow of his hand;	410
Her dissolution his suspended smile!	
The great First-Last! pavilion'd high he sits	
In darkness, from excessive splendour born,	
By gods unseen, unless through lustre lost.	415
His glory, to created glory, bright,	410
As that to central horrors: he locks down	
On all that soars, and spans immensity.	
Though night unnumber'd worlds unfolds to vie	w,
Boundless Creation! what art thou? a beam,	420
A mere effluvium of his majesty.	420
And shall an atom of this atom world	
Mutter, in dust and sin, the theme of Heaven?	
Down to the centre should I send my thought,	_
Through beds of glittering ore and glowing gems	•
Their beggar'd blaze wants lustre for my lay;	425
Goes out in darkness: if, on towering wing,	
I send it through the boundless vault of stars!	
The stars, though rich, what dross their gold to the	100,
Great! good! wise! wonderful! eternal King!	400
If to those conscious stars thy throne around,	430
Praise ever pouring, and imbibing bliss,	4
And ask their strain: they want it, more they was	nt .
Poor their abundance, humble their sublime,	
Languid their energy, their ardour cold;	405
Indebted still, their highest rapture burns,	435
Short of its mark, defective though divine!	

475

Their vast appointments reach it not; they see On earth a bounty not indulged on high, And downward look for Heaven's superior praise! 440 Firstborn of Ether! high in fields of Light! View man, to see the glory of your God! Could angels envy, they had envied here: And some did envy; and the rest, though gods, Yet still gods unredeem'd (there triumphs man, Tempted to weigh the dust against the skies.) They less would feel, though more adorn my theme. They sung Creation (for in that they shared;) How rose in melody that child of love! 450 Creation's great superior, man! is thine; Thine is Redemption! they just gave the key: Tis thine to raise and eternize the song. Though human, yet divine; for should not this Raise man o'er man, and kindle seraphs here? Redemption! 'twas Creation more sublime: 455 Redemption! 'twas the labour of the skies; Far more than labour-it was death in Heaven! A truth so strange, 'twere bold to think it true, If not far bolder still to disbelieve. Here pause and ponder. Was there death in Heaven? What then on earth, which struck the blow? Who struck it? Who-O how is man enlarged, Seen through this medium! How the pigmy towers! How counterpoised his origin from dust! How counterpoised, to dust his sad return! 465 How voided his vast distance from the skies! How near he presses on the seraph's wing! Which is the seraph? which the born of clay? How this demonstrates, through the thickest cloud Of guilt and clay condensed, the Son of Heaven ' 470 The double Son: the made, and the remade! And shall Heaven's double property be lost -Man's double madness only can destroy.

To man the bleeding Cross has promised all; The bleeding Cross has sworn eternal grace.

THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH. Who gave his life, what grace shall He deny? O ye! who from this rock of ages leap Anostates, plunging headlong in the deep! What cordial joy, what consolation strong, Whatever winds arise, or billows roll, Our interest in the Master of the storm! Cling there, and in wreck'd Nature's ruins smile; While vile apostates tremble in a calm. Man! know thyself; all wisdom centres there To none man seems ignoble, but to man. Angels that grandeur, men o'erlook, admire: How long shall human nature be their book, Degenerate mortal! and unread by thee? The beam dim Reason sheds shows wonders there: What high contents! illustrious faculties! 490 But the grand comment, which displays at full Our human height, scarce sever'd from divine, By Heaven composed, was publish'd on the Cross. Who looks on that, and sees not in himself An awful stranger, a terrestrial god? 495 A glorious partner with the Deity In that high attribute, immortal life? If a God bleeds, he bleeds not for a worm. I gaze, and, as I gaze, my mounting soul Catches strange fire, Eternity! at thee, 500 And drops the world-or, rather, more enjoys. How changed the face of Nature! how improved! What seem'd a chaos, shines a glorious world; Or what a world, an Eden: heighten'd all! It is another scene! another self! 505 And still another, as time rolls along. And that a self far more illustrious still. Beyond long ages, yet roll'd up in shades Unpierced by bold Conjecture's keenest ray, What evolutions of surprising Fate! 510 How Nature opens, and receives my soul, In boundless walks of raptured thought! where gods Encounter and embrace me! What new birth

Of strange adventure, foreign to the sun, Where what now charms, perhaps, whate'er exists Old Time and fair Creation, are forgot. 516 Is this extravagant? of man we form Extravagant conception, to be just : Conception unconfined wants wings to reach him: Beyond its reach the Godhead only more. He, the great Father! kindled at one flame The world of rationals: one spirit pour'd From spirits' awful Fountain: pour'd Himself Through all their souls, but not in equal stream. Profuse, or frugal, of the' inspiring God, As his wise plan demanded; and when pass'd Their various trials, in their various spheres. If they continue rational, as made, Resorbs them all into Himself again, His throne their centre, and his smile their crown. 530 Why doubt we, then, the glorious truth to sing, Though yet unsung, as deem'd, perhaps, too bold? Angels are men of a superior kind; Angels are men in lighter habit clad, High o'er celestial mountains wing'd in flight: 536 And men are angels, loaded for an hour, Who wade this miry vale, and climb with pain, And slippery step, the bottom of the steep. Angels their failings, mortals have their praise: While here, of corps ethereal, such enroll'd, 540 And summon'd to the glorious standard soon. Which flames eternal crimson through the skies. Nor are our brothers thoughtless of their kin, Yet absent; but not absent from their love. Michael has fought our battles; Raphael sung 545 Our triumphs: Gabriel on our errands flown. Sent by the Sovereign: and are these, O man! Thy friends, thy warm allies? and thou (slyame burn The cheek to cinder!) rival to the brute?

To wretched man, the goddess in her left

Religion's all. Descending from the skies

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THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH.	9
Holds out this world, and in her right the next	
Religion! the sole voucher man is man;	43.6
Supporter sole of man above himself;	
E'en in this night of frailty, change, and death,	.555
She gives the soul a soul that acts a god.	.,.,
Religion! Providence! an after state!	
Here is firm footing; here is solid rock;	
This can support us; all is sea besides;	
Sinks under us; bestorms, and then devours.	500
His hand the good man fastens on the skies,	
And bids earth roll, nor feels her idle whirl.	
As when a wretch, from thick polluted air,	
Darkness and stench, and suffocating damps,	
And dungeon horrors, by kind Fate discharged,	56E
Climbs some fair eminence, where ether pure	
Surrounds him, and Elysian prospects rise;	
His heart exults, his spirits cast their load,	
As if newborn he triumphs in the change:	
So joys the soul, '7hen from inglorious aims	570
And sordid sweets, from feculence and froth	
Of ties terrestrial set at large, she mounts	
To Reason's region, her own element,	
Breathes hopes immortal, and affects the skies	
Religion! thou the soul of happiness,	575
And, groaning Calvary! of thee: there shine	
"he noblest truths; there strongest motives sting	? :
There sacred violence assaults the soul;	• •
There nothing but compulsion is forborne.	
Can love allure us! or can terror awe?	58
He weeps !- the falling drop puts out the Sun:	
He sighs ! the sigh earth's deep foundation shak	es.
If in his love so terrible, what then	
His wrath inflamed? his tenderness on fire?	
Like soft, smooth oil, outblazing other fires?	58
Can prayer, can praise, avert it?—Thou, my all!	
My theme! my inspiration! and my crown?	
My strength in age! my rise in low estate!	
My soul's ambition, pleasure, wealth !my world	J.

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My light in darkness! and my life in death!

My boast through time! bliss through eternity!

Eternity, too short to speak thy praise,

Or fathom thy profound of love to man!

To man of men the meanest, e'en to me;

My sacrifice! my God!—what things are these! 595

What then art Thou? by what name shall I call thee? Knew I the name devout archangels use. Devout archangels should the name enjoy. By me unrival'd; thousands more sublime, None half so dear as that which, though unspoke, 600 Still glows at heart. O how Omnipotence Is lost in love! thou great Philanthropist! Father of angels! but the friend of man! Like Jacob, fondest of the younger born! Thou who didst save him, snatch the smoking brand From out the flames, and quench it in thy blood! 606 How art thou pleased by bounty to distress! To make us groan beneath our gratitude. Too big for birth! to favour and confound; To challenge and to distance all return! 610 Of lavish love stupendous heights to soar. And leave Praise panting in the distant vale! Thy right, too great, defrauds thee of thy due; And sacrilegious our sublimest song! But since the naked will obtains thy smile, 615 Beneath this monument of praise unpaid. And future life symphonious to my strain, (That noblest hymn to Heaven!) for ever lie Entomb'd my fear of death! and every fear. The dread of every evil, but thy frown.

Whom see I yonder so demurely smile?
Laughter a labour, and might break their rest.
Ye Quietists! in homage to the skies!
Serene! of soft address! who mildly make
An unobtrusive tenders of your hearts,
Abhorring violence! who halt indeed,
But, for the blessing wrestle not with Heaven!

THE	CHRISTIAN	TRIUMPH.

Think you my song too turbulent? too warm? Are passions, then, the pagans of the soul? Reason alone baptized? alone ordain'd 630 To touch things sacred? Oh, for warmer still! Guilt chills my zeal, and age benumbs my powers. Oh, for an humbler heart and prouder song! Thou, my much injured Theme! with that soft eye Which melted o'er doom'd Salem, deign to look Compassion to the coldness of my breast. And pardon to the winter in my strain. Oh. ve cold-hearted, frozen Formalists! On such a theme 'tis implous to be calm: Passion is reason, transport temper here. GAD Shall Heaven, which gave is ardour, and has shown Her own for man so strongly, not disdain What smooth emollients in theology. Recumbent Virtue's downy doctors, preach; That prose of piety, a lukewarm praise? 645 Rise odours sweet from incense uninflamed? Devotion when lukewarm is undevout: But when it glows, its heat is struck to Heaven. To human hearts her golden harps are strung; High Heaven's orchestra chants Amen to man. 650 Hear I, or dream I hear, their distant strain, Sweet to the soul, and tasting strong of Heaven. Soft wasted on celestial Pity's plume, Through the vast spaces of the universe. To cheer me in this melancholy gloom? 655 Oh, when will Death (now stingless) like a friend Admit me of their choir? Oh, when will Death This mouldering, old, partition wall throw down? Give beings, one in nature, one abode? Oh, Death divine! that givest us to the skies: 660 Great future! glorious paron of the past And present! when shall I thy shrine adore? From Nature's continent, immensely wide, Immensely bless'd, this little isle of life, This dark incarcerating colony GG5

Divides us. Happy day! that breaks our chain;
That manumits; that calls from exile home;
That leads to Nature's great metropolis,
And readmits us, through the guardian hand
Of elder brothers, to our Father's throne;
Who hears our Advocate, and, through his wounds
Beholding man, allows that tender name.
Tis this makes Christian triumph a command;
Tis this makes joy a duty to the wise.
Tis impious in a good man to be sad.

Seest thou, Lorenzo, where hangs all our hope?
Touch'd by the Cross, we live; or, more than die;
That touch which touch'd not angels; more divine
Than that which touch'd confusion into form,
And darkness into glory: partial touch!

Sacred to man, and sovereign through the whole
Long golden chain of miracles, which hangs
From Heaven through all duration, and supports,
In one illustrious and amazing plan,
Thy welfare, Nature! and thy God's renown.
That touch, with charms celestial, heals the soul
Diseased, drives pain from guilt, lights life in death,
Turns earth to Heaven, to heavenly thrones transforms
The ghastly ruins of the mouldering tomb.

Dost ask me when? When He who died returns;
Returns, how changed; where then the man of woe?
In Glory's terrors all the Godhead burns,
And all his courts, exhausted by the tide
Of deities triumphant in his train,
Leave a stupendous solitude in Heaven,
Replenish'd soon, replenish'd with increase
Of pomp and multitude; a radiant band
Of angels new, of angels from the tomb'

Is this by Fancy thrown remote? and rise Dark doubts between the promise and event? I send thee not to volumes for thy cure; Bead Nature: Nature is a friend to truth;

THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH,	71.
Lia Christian; preaches to mankind,	•
dead matter aid us in our creed.	705
hou ne'er seen the comet's flaming flight?	
llustrious stranger passing, terror sheds	
zing nations from his fiery train	
gth enormous; takes his ample round	
gh depths of ether; coasts unnumber'd wor	.ds
re than solar glory; doubles wide	711
n's mighty cape; and then revisits earth,	
the long travel of a thousand years.	
at the destined period shall return.	
ice on earth, who bids the comet blaze,	715
ith Him all our triumph o'er the tomb.	
are is dumb on this important point,	
lope precarious in low whisper breathes;	
speaks aloud, distinct; e'en adders hear,	
rn, and dart into the dark again.	720
builds a bridge across the gulf of death,	
sak the shock blind Nature cannot shun,	
unds Thought smoothly on the farther shore	
's terror is the mountain faith removes,	
mountain barrier between man and peace.	725
aith disarms Destruction, and absolves	
every clamorous charge the guiltless tomb.	
y disbelieve? Lorenzo!—'Reason bids;	
cred Reason.'—Hold her sacred still;	
salt thou want a rival in thy flame:	730
cred Reason! source, and soul, of all	
nding praise, on earth, or earth above!	
eart is thine: deep in its inmost folds	
hou with life; live dearer of the two.	
I the blessed Cross, by Fortune stamp'd	735 `~
ssive Nature before Thought was born?	
rth's blind bigot! fired with local zeal!—	
Reason rebaptized me when adult:	
h'd true and false in her impartial scale;	`
eart became the convert of my head,	740

And made that choice which once was but my fate 'On argument alone my faith is built,' Reason pursued is Faith; and unpursued. Where proof invites, 'tis reason then no more: And such our proof, that or our Faith is right. 745 Or Reason lies, and Heaven designed it wrong. Absolve we this! what then is blasphemy?-Fond as we are, and justly fond of Faith. Reason, we grant, demands our first regard: The mother honour'd, as the daughter dear. 750 Reason the root, fair Faith is but the flower: The fading flower shall die, but Reason lives Immortal, as her Father in the skies! When Faith is virtue, Reason makes it so. Wrong not the Christian; think not Reason yours; 'Tis Reason our great Master holds so dear; 756 'Tis Reason's injured rights his wrath resents; "Tis Reason's voice obev'd his glories crown: To give lost Reason life he pour'd his own. Believe, and show the reason of a man; 780 Believe, and taste the pleasure of a god; Believe, and look with triumph on the tomb. Through Reason's wounds alone thy Faith can die. Which dying, tenfold terror gives to Death, And dips in venom his twice mortal sting. 785 Learn hence what honours, what loud peans, due To those who push our antidote aside: Those boasted friends to Reason and to man. Whose fatal love stabs every joy and leaves Death's terror heighten'd, gnawing on his heart. 770 These pompous sons of Reason idolized, And vilified at once; of Reason dead, Then deified, as monarchs were of old; What conduct plants proud laurels on their brow? While love of truth through all their camp resound They draw Pride's curtain o'er the noontide ray, 778 Spike up their inch of reason on the point

THE CHRISTIAN TRIUMPH.	73
Of philosophic wit, call'd Argument,	
And then exulting in their taper, cry,	
Behold the Sun! and, Indianlike, adore.	780
Talk they of morals? O thou bleeding Love!	
Thou Maker of new morals to mankind!	
The grand morality is love of Thee.	
As wise as Socrates, if such they were	
(Nor will they bate of that sublime renown,)	785
As wise as Socrates might justly stand	
The definition of a modern fool.	
A Christian is the highest style of man!	
And is there who the blessed Cross wipes off,	
As a foul blot, from his dishonour'd brow?	790
If angels tremble, 'tis at such a sight:	
The wretch they quit, desponding of their charge,	
More struck with grief or wonder who can tell?	'
Ye sold to sense! ye citizens of earth!	
(For such alone the Christian banner fly)	795
Know ye how wise your choice, how great your gr	
Behold the picture of Earth's happiest man:	
'He calls his wish, it comes: he sends it back,	
And says he call'd another: that arrives,	•
Meets the same welcome; yet he still calls on;	806
Till one calls him, who varies not his call,	CUUA
But holds him fast, in chains of darkness bound.	
Till Nature dies, and Judgment sets him free;	
A freedom far less welcome than his chain.'	
But grant man happy, grant him happy long;	OUR
Add to life's highest prize her latest hour;	000
That hour, so late, is nimble in approach,	•
That, like a post, comes on in full career.	
How swift the shuttle flies that weaves thy shroud	1:
Where is the fable of thy former years?	81 6
Thrown down the gulf of time; as far from thee	OIA
As they had near been thine; the day in hand,	
Like a bird struggling to get loose, is going;	
Scarce now possess'd, so suddenly 'tis gone;	
And each swift moment fled, is death advanced	815

By strides as swift. Eternity is all; And whose eternity? who triumphs there? Bathing for ever in the font of bliss! For ever basking in the Deity!

Lorenzo! who?—thy conscience shall reply.

O give it leave to speak; 'twill speak ere long
Thy leave unask'd. Lorenzo! hear it now,
While useful its advice, its accent mild.
By the great edict, the divine decree,
Truth is deposited with man's last hour;
An honest hour, and faithful to her trust;
Truth! eldest daughter of the Deity!
Truth! of his council when he made the worlds;
Nor less, when he shall judge the worlds he made;

Nor less, when he shall judge the worlds he made;
Though silent long, and sleeping ne'er so sound, 830
Smother'd with errors, and oppress'd with toys,
That heaven-commission'd hour no sooner calls,
But from her cavern in the soul's abyss,
Like him they fable under Ætna wholm'd,
The goddess bursts in thunder and in flame,
Loudly convinces, and severely pains.

Loudly convinces, and severely pains.

Dark demons I discharge, and hydra-stings; The keen vibration of bright Truth—is Hell; Just definition! though by schools untaught. Ye deaf to truth! peruse this parson'd page, And trust, for once, a prophet and a priest;—

And trust, for once, a prophet and a priest;—

'Men may live fools, but fools they cannot die.'

NIGHT V.

The Relapse.

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF LITCHFIELD

zo! to recriminate is just. ness for fame is avarice of air." the man is vain who writes for praise: no man e'er deserved, who sought no more. ast thy second charge. I grant the Mase ten blush'd at her degenerate same. 'd by Sense to plead her filthy chains. e the low, to magnify the mean, btilize the gross into refined: magic numbers' powerful charm 10 given to make a civet of their song e, and sweeten ordere to perfume. true pagan, deifies the brute, ts our swine enjoyments from the mire. fact notorious, nor obscure the cause. 15 ar the chains of pleasure and of pride: share the man, and these distract him too: lifferent ways, and clash in their commands. ike an eagle, builds among the stars; sasure, larklike, nests upon the ground. nared by brute creation, Pride resents; e embraces; man would both enjoy, th at once: a point how hard to gain! at can't Wit, when stung by strong desire? dares attempt this arduous enterprise. oys of Sense can't rise to Reason's taste,

In subtle Sophistry's laborious forge Wit hammers out a reason new, that stoops To sordid scenes, and meets them with applause. Wit calls the Graces the chaste zone to loose. Nor less than a plump god to fill the bowl: A thousand phantoms and a thousand spells, A thousand opiates scatters to delude, To fascinate, inebriate, lay asleep, And the fool'd mind delightfully confound. Thus that which shock'd the judgment shocks no me That which gave pride offence, no more offends. Pleasure and Pride, by nature mortal foes, At war eternal, which in man shall reign. By Wit's address patch up a fatal peace, And hand in hand lead on the rank debauch, From rank, refined to delicate and gav. Art, cursed Art! wipes off the' indebted blush From Nature's cheek, and bronzes every shame. Man smiles in ruin, glories in his guilt, And Infamy stands candidate for praise.

All writ by man in favour of the soul,
These sensual ethics far, in bulk, transcend.
The flowers of eloquence, profusely pour'd
O'er spotted Vice, fill half the letter'd world.
Can powers of genius exercise their page,
And consecrate enormities with song!

But let not these inexpiable strains
Condemn the Muse that knows her dignity,
Nor meanly stops at time, but holds the world
As 'tis, in Nature's ample field, a point,
A point in her esteem; from whence to start,
And run the round of universal space,
To visit being universal there,
And being's Source, that utmost flight of mind.
Yet spite of this so vast circumference,
Well knows but what is moral nought is great.
Sing sirens only? do not angels sing?
There is in Possy a decent pride

Which well becomes her when she speaks to Pr	ose,
Her younger sister, haply not more wise.	66
Think'st thou, Lorenzo, to find pastimes here	?
No guilty passion blown into a flame,	
No foible flatter'd, dignity disgraced,	
No fairy field of fiction, all on flower,	70
No rainbow colours, here, or silken tale;	
But solemn counsels, images of awe,	
Truths, which Eternity lets fall on man,	
With double weight through these revolving sph	eres.
This death-deep silence, and incumbent shade:	75
Thoughts such as shall revisit your last hour,	
Visit uncall'd, and live when life expires;	
And thy dark pencil, Midnight! darker still	
In melancholy dipp'd, imbrowns the whole.	
Yet this, e'en this, my laughter-loving friends	1 80
Lorenzo! and thy brothers of the smile!	
If what imports you most can most engage,	
Shall steal your ear, and chain you to my song.	
Or if you fail me, know the wise shall taste	
The truths I sing; the truths I sing shall feel;	85
And, feeling, give assent; and their assent	
Is ample recompense; is more than praise.	
But chiefly thine, O Litchfield !-nor mistake;	
Think not unintroduced I force my way	
Narcissa, not unknown, not unallied	90
By virtue, or by blood, illustrious youth!	
To thee, from blooming amaranthine bowers,	
Where all the language harmony, descends	
Uncall'd, and asks admittance for the Muse;	
A Muse that will not pain thee with thy praise:	95
Thy praise she drops, by nobler still inspired.	
O thou, bless'd Spirit! whether the Supreme,	
Greet antemundane Father! in whose breast	
Embryo-Creation, unborn being dwelt,	
And all its various revolutions roll'd	100
Present, though future, prior to themselves;	
Whose breath can blow it into nought again	

Or from his throne some delegated power,	
Who, studious of our peace, dost turn the thought	
From vain and vile to solid and sublime!	6
Unseen thou lead'st me to delicious draughts	
Of inspiration, from a purer stream,	
And fuller of the God, than that which burst	
From famed Castalia; nor is yet allay'd	
My sacred thirst, though long my soul has ranged 11	0
Through pleasing paths of moral and divine,	
By thee sustain'd, and lighted by the stars.	
By them best lighted are the paths of thought;	
Nights are their days, their most illumined hours.	
By day the soul, o'erborne by life's career, 11	5
Stunn'd by the din, and giddy with the glare,	
Reels far from reason, jostled by the throng.	
By day the soul is passive, all her thoughts	
Imposed, precarious, broken, ere mature.	
By night, from objects free, from passion cool,	D
Thoughts uncontroll'd and unimpress'd, the births	
Of pure election, arbitrary range,	
Not to the limits of one world confined;	
But from ethercal travels light on earth,	
As voyagers drop anchor, for repose.	5
Let Indians, and the gay, like Indians, fond	
Of feather'd fepperies, the Sun adore:	
Darkness has more divinity for me;	
It strikes thought inward; it drives back the soul	
To settle on herself, our point supreme!	D
There lies our theatre; there sits our judge.	
Darkness the curtain drops o'er life's dull scene;	
'Tis the kind hand of Providence stretch'd out	
'Twixt man and vanity; 'tis Reason's reign,	
And Virtue's too; these tutelary shades 13	5
Are man's asylum from the tainted throng.	
Night is the good man's friend, and guardian too;	
It no less rescues virtue than inspires.	
Virtue, for ever frail as fair below,	_
Her tender nature suffers in the crowd,	O

Nor touches on the world without a stain.	
The world's infectious; few bring back at eve,	
Immaculate, the manners of the morn.	
Something we thought, is blotted; we resolved,	
Is shaken; we renounced, returns again.	160
Each salutation may slide in a sin	
Unthought before, or fix a former flaw.	
Nor is it strange; light, motion, concourse, noise,	,
All scatter us abroad. Thought, outward-bound,	
Neglectful of our home affairs, flies off	150
In fume and dissipation, quits her charge,	
And leaves the breast unguarded to the foe.	
Present example gets within our guard,	
And acts with double force, by few repell'd.	
Ambition fires ambition; love of gain	155
Strikes, like a pestilence, from breast to breast:	
Riot, pride, perfidy, blue vapours breathe;	
And inhumanity is caught from man,	
From smiling man! A slight, a single glance,	
And shot at random, often has brought home	160
A sudden fever to the throbbing heart	
Of envy, rancour, or impure desire.	
We see, we hear, with peril; Safety dwells	
Remote from multitude. The world 's a school	
Of wrong, and what proficients swarm around!	165
We must or imitate or disapprove;	
Must list as their accomplices or foes:	
That stains our innocence, this wounds our peace.	
From Nature's birth, hence, Wisdom has been smi	t
With sweet recess, and languish'd for the shade.	170
This sacred shade and solitude what is it?	
"Tis the felt presence of the Deity!	
Frw are the faults we flatter when alone;	•
Vice sinks in her allurements, is unguilt,	
And looks, like other objects, black by night.	175
By night an atheist half believes a God!	
Night is fair Virtue's immemorial friend.	
The conscious Moon, through every distant age,	

I am not pent in darkness; rather say (If not too bold) in darkness I'm imbower'd. Delightful gloom! the clustering thoughts around 205 Spontaneous rise, and blossom in the shade; But droop by day, and sicken in the Sun; Thought borrows light elsewhere; from that first fire. Fountain of animation! whence descends Urania, my celestial guest! who deigns 210 Nightly to visit me, so mean, and now, Conscious how needful discipline to man, From pleasing dalliance with the charms of Night, My wandering thought recals, to what excites Far other beat of heart, Narcissa's tomb! 215 Or is it feeble Nature calls me back.

And breaks my spirit into grief again?

Is it a Stygian vapour in my blood?	
A cold slow puddle, creeping through my veins?	
Or is it thus with all men?—Thus with all.	22 0
What are we? how unequal! now we soar,	
And now we sink. To be the same transcends	
Our present prowess. Dearly pays the soul	
For lodging ill; too dearly rents her clay.	
Reason, a baffled counsellor! but adds	225
The blush of weakness to the bane of woe.	•
The noblest spirit, fighting her hard fate	
In this damp dusky region, charged with storms,	
But feebly flutters, yet untaught to fly;	
Or, flying, short her flight, and sure her fall:	230
Our utmost strength, when down, to rise again;	
And not to yield, though beaten, all our praise.	
'Tis vain to seek in men for more than man.	
Though proud in promise, big in previous though	: ,
Experience damps our triumph. 1, who late,	235
Emerging from the shadows of the grave,	
Where grief detain'd me prisoner, mounting high	,
Threw wide the gates of everlasting day,	
And call'd mankind to glory, shook of pain,	
Mortality shook off, in ether pure,	240
And struck the stars; now feel my spirits fail;	
They drop me from the zenith; down I rush,	
Like him whom fable fledged with waxen wings,	
In sorrow drown'd—but not in sorrow lost.	
How wretched is the man who never mourn'd:	245
I dive for precious pearl in Sorrow's stream:	
Not so the thoughtless man that only grieves,	
Takes all the torment, and rejects the gain,	
(Inestimable gain!) and gives Heaven leave	
To make him but more wretched, not more wise.	250
If wisdom is our lesson (and what else	
Ennobles man? what else have angels learn'd?)	
Grief! more proficients in thy school are made,	

Than Genius or proud Learning e'er could boast. Voracious Learning, often overfed, Digests not into sense her motley meal. This bookcase, with dark booty almost burst, This forager on others' wisdom, leaves Her native farm, her reason, quite untill'd; With mix'd manure she surfeits the rank soil, Dung'd, but not dress'd, and rich to beggary: A pomp untamable of weeds prevails; Her servant's wealth encumber'd Wisdom mourns.

260

And what says Genius? 'Let the dull be wise!' Genius, too hard for right, can prove it wrong, And loves to boast, where blush men less inspired. It pleads exemption from the laws of Sense, Considers Reason as a leveller, And scorns to share a blessing with the crowd. That wise it could be, thinks an ample claims. To glory and to pleasure gives the rest. Crassus but sleeps, Ardelio is undone.

Wisdom less shudders at a fool than wit.

But Wisdom smiles, when humbled mortals weeks. When Sorrow wounds the breast, as ploughs the glabe, And hearts obdurate feel her softening shower: Her seed celestial, then, glad Wisdom sows Her golden harvest triumphs in the soil. If so, Narcissa! welcome my relapse; I'll raise a tax on my calamity, And reap rich compensation from my pain. I'll range the plenteous intellectual field. And gather every thought of sovereign power To chase the moral maladies of man: Thoughts which may bear transplanting to the skies. Though natives of this coarse penurious soil; 206 Nor wholly wither there, where seraphs sing, Refined, exalted, not annull'd, in Heaven · Reason, the sun that gives them birth, the same In either clime, though more illustrious there.

hoicely cull'd, and elegantly ranged, rm a garland for Narcissa's tomb, radventure, of no fading flowers. on what themes shall puzzled choice descend : nportance of contemplating the tomb; 295 en decline it : su cide's foul birth : ious kinds of grief: the faults of age: ath's dread character-invite my song.' first, the' importance of our end survey'd. counsel quick dismission of our grief. 300 n kindness! our hearts heal too soon. more kind than He who struck the blow? it do his errand in our hearts. ish peace till nobler guests arrive. if it back a true and endless peace? 305 es are iriends : as glaring day minumber'd lustres robs our sight. w puts out unnumber'd thoughts of high, and light divine, to man. an how bless'd, who, sick of gaudy scenes, apt to thrust between us and ourselves!) choice to take his favourite walk Death's gloomy, silent, cypress shadet. ed by Vanity's fantastic ray; his monuments, to weigh his dust, 315 vaults, and dwell among the tombs! ! read with me Narcissa's stone : was thy favourite) let us read al stone; few doctors preach so well; ors so tenderly can touch 320 ng heart. What pathos in the date! is can strike; and yet in them we see ages of what we here enjoy. use have we to build on length of life. ons seize when fear is laid asleep, 325 reboded is our strongest guard. m her tomb, as from an humble shrine, diant goddess! sallies on my soul,

84 THE COMPLAINT.	¥. 7.
And puts Delusion's dusky train to flight,	
Dispels the mist our sultry passions raise	339
From objects low, terrestrial, and obscene,	
And shows the real estimate of things,	
Which no man, unafflicted, ever saw:	
Pulls off the veil from Virtue's rising charms;	
Detects Temptation in a thousand lies.	335
Truth bids me look on men as autumn leaves,	
And all they bleed for as the summer's dust	
Driven by the whirlwind: lighted by her beams,	
I widen my horizon, gain new powers,	
See things invisible, feel things remote,	340
Am present with futurities; think nought	
To man so foreign as the joys possess'd,	
Nought so much his as those beyond the grave.	
No folly keeps its colour in her sight;	
Pale worldly Wisdom loses all her charms.	345
In pompous promise from her schemes profound,	
If future fate she plans, 'tis all in leaves,	
Like sibyl, unsubstantial, fleeting bliss!	
At the first blast it vanishes in air.	
Not so celestial. Wouldst thou know, Lorenzo!	350
How differ worldly Wisdom and divine?	
Just as the waning and the waxing moon.	
More empty worldly Wisdom every day,	
And every day more fair her rival shines.	
When later, there's less time to play the fool.	355
Soon our whole term for Wisdom is expired	
(Thou know st she calls no council in the grave,)	
And everlasting fool is writ in fire,	
Or real wisdom wafts us to the skies.	
As worldly schemes resembles sibyls' leaves,	300
The good man's days to sibyls' books compare	
(In ancient story read, thou know'st the tale,)	
In price still rising as in number less,	
Inestimable quite his final hour.	
For that who thrones can offer, offer thrones;	305
Insolvent worlds the purchase cannot nav	

t me die his death .' all Mature cries. live his life.'-All Nature falters there eat physician daily to cos sult, nmune with the grave, our only cure. 370 t grave prescribes the best ?—A friend's; and yet ı friend's grave how soon we disengage! the dearest, as his marble, cold. re friends ravish'd from us? 'tis to bind. t Affection's ties, on human hearts 375 ought of Death, which Reason, too supine. employ'd, so rarely fastens there. eason nor Affection, no, nor both ned, can break the witchcrafts of the world. the' inexorable hour at hand; the' inexorable hour forgot! forget it the chief aim of life, h well to por ler it is life's chief end. eath, that ever threatening, ne'er remote, ll important, and that only sure, 385 when he will) an unexpected guest? lough invited by the loudest calls d Imprudence, unexpected still? h numerous messengers are sent before, m his great arrival? What the cause, 390 ondrous cause, of this nivsterious ill? aven looks down, astonish'd at the sight! that Life has sown her joys so thick, n't thrust in a single care between? 395 at Life has such a swarm of cares, ought of Death can't enter for the throng? at Time steals on with downy feet. ikes Indulgence from her golden dream? is so like yesterday, it cheats; so the lying sister for the same. 400 lides away, Lorenzo! like a brook, er changing, unperceived the change. same brook none ever bathed him twice : same life none ever twice awoke.

We call the brook the same : the same we think 406 Our life, though still more rapid in its flow. Nor mark the much irrevocably la, sed, And mingled with the sea. Or shall we say (Retaining still the brook to bear us on) That life is like a vessel on the stream? 410 In life embark'd, we smoothly down the tide Of time descond, but not on time intent; Amused, unconscious of the gliding wave, Till on a sudden we perceive a shock; We start, awake, look out: what see we there! Our brittle bark is burst on Charon's shore. Is this the cause Death flies all human thought? Or is it Judgment, by the Will struck blind. That domineering mistress of the soul! Like him so strong, by Dalilah the fair?-Or is it fear turns startled Reason back. Frem looking down a precipice so steep ?-"Tis dreadful; and the dread is wisely placed By Nature, conscious of the make of man, A dreadful friend it is, a terror kind, A flaming sword to guard the tree of Life. By that unawed, in Life's most smiling hour The good man would repine; would suffer jovs. And burn impatient for his promised skies. The bad, on each punctilious pique of pride. Or gloom of humour, would give Rage the rein. Bound o'er the barrier, rush into the dark. And mar the scenes of Providence below. What groan was that, Lorenzo?-Furies! rise. And drown in your less execrable yell, Britannia's shame. There took her gloomy flight. On wing impetuous, a black sullen soul, Blasted from hell with horrid lust of death. Thy friend, the brave, the gallant Altamont, So call'd, so thought—and then he fled the field: 44 Less base the fear of death than fear of life. O Britain! infamous for suicide!

THE RELAPSE.	87
An island, in thy manners: far disjoin'd	
From the whole world of rationals beside!	
In ambient waves plunge thy polluted head,	445
Wash the dire stain, nor shock the continent.	
But thou be shock'd, while I detect the cause	
Of self-assault, expose the monster's birth,	
And bid Abhorrence hiss it round the world.	
Blame not thy clime, nor chide the distant Sun;	450
The Sun is innocent, thy clime absolved.	
Immoral climes kind Nature never made.	
The cause I sing, in Eden might prevail,	
And proves it is thy folly, not thy fate.	
The soul of man (let man in homage bow	455
Who names his soul,) a native of the skies!	
Highborn and free, her freedom should maintain.	
Unsold, unmortgaged for earth's little bribes.	
The' illustrious stranger, in this foreign land,	
Like strangers, jealous of her dignity,	460
Studious of home, and ardent to return,	
Of earth suspicious, Earth's enchanted cup	
With cool reserve light touching, should indulge	
	iere.
There take large draughts; make her chief ban	-
But some reject this sustenance divine,	466
To beggarly vile appetites descend,	
Ask alms of Earth, for guests that came from Heav	ven!
Sink into slaves, and sell, for present hire,	
Their rich reversion, and (what shares its fate)	470
Their native freedom, to the prince who sways	
This nether world: and when his payments fail,	
When his foul basket gorges them no more,	
Or their pall'd palates loathe the basket full,	
Are instantly, with wild demoniac rage,	475
For breaking all the chains of Providence,	
And bursting their confinement, though fast barr'd	i
By laws divine and human, guarded strong	
With horrors doubled to defend the pass,	
The blackest Nature or dire guilt can raise,	480

And mosted round with fathomless destruction. Sure to receive and whelm them in their fall. Such, Britons! is the cause, to you unknown. Or worse, o'erlook'd; o'erlook'd by magistrates, Thus criminals themselves! I grant the deed 485 Is madness; but the madness of the heart. And what is that? our utmost bound of guilt. A sensual, unreflecting life is big With monstrous births, and Suicide, to crown The black infernal brood. The bold to break 490 Heaven's law supreme, and desperately rush Through sacred Nature's murder, on their own Because they never think of death, they die. 'Tis equally man's duty, glory, gain, At once to shun, and meditate his end. 495 When by the bed of languishment we sit. (The seat of Wisdom! if our choice, not fate) Or o'er our dying friends in anguish hang. Wipe the cold dew, or stay the sinking head; Number their moments, and in every clock 500 Start at the voice of an eternity; See the dim lamp of life just feebly lift An agonizing beam, at us to gaze, Then sink again, and quiver into death, That most pathetic herald of our own: 505 How read we such sad scenes? As sent to man In perfect vengeance? no : in pity sent. To melt him down, like wax, and then impress, Indelible, Death's image on his heart, Bleeding for others, trembling for himself. 510 We bleed, we tremble, we forget, we smile. The mind turns fool before the cheek is dry. Our quick-returning folly cancels all, As the tide rushing razes what is writ In yielding sands, and smooths the letter'd shore. Lorenzo! hast thou ever weigh'd a sigh? Or studied the philosophy of tears? (A science yet unlectured in our schools!

THE RELAPSÉ.

Hast thou descended deep into the breast,
And seen their source? if not, descend with me, 520
And trace these briny rivulets to their springs.

89

Our funeral tears from different causes rise:

As if from separate cisterns in the soul. Of various kinds they flow. From tender hearts, By soft contagion call'd, some burst at once, 596 And stream obsequious to the leading eve : Some ask more time, by curious art distill'd. Some hearts, in secret hard, unapt to meit. Struck by the magic of the public eye. Like Moses' smitten rock, gush out amain: 530 Some weep to share the fame of the deceased. So high in merit, and to them so dear: They dwell on praises which they think they mare: And thus, without a blush, commend themselves. Some mourn, in proof that something they could love: They weep not to relieve their grief, but show. Some weep in perfect justice to the dead, As conscious all their love is in arrear. Some mischievously weep, not unapprized, Tears sometimes aid the conquest of an eye. 540 With what address the soft Ephesians draw Their sable network o'er entangled hearts! As seen through crystal, how their roses glow. While liquid pearl runs trickling down their cheek! Of hers not prouder Egypt's wanton queen. 545 Carousing gems, horself dissolved in love. Some weep at death, abstracted from the dead, And celebrate, like Charles, their ov. n decease. By kind construction some are deemed to weep, 550 Because a decent veil conceals their joy. Some weep in earnest, and yet weep in vain, As deep in indiscretion as in woe.

Passion, blind Passion! impotently pours
Tears that deserve more tears; while Reason sleeps,
Or gazes, like an idiot, unconcern'd,
554-

Nor comprehends the meaning of the storm;

So wept Aurelia, till the destined youth Stepp'd in with his receipt for making smiles, And blanching sables into bridal bloom. So wept Lorenzo fair Clarissa's fate, Who gave that angel-boy on whom he doice. And died to give him, orphan'd in his birth! Not such, Narcissa! my distress for thee. I'll make an altar of thy sacred tomb, Te sacrifice to Wisdom.—What wast thou? Young, gay, and fortunate! Each yields a theme:

I'll dwell on each, to shun thought more severe; (Heaven knows I labour with severer still ')

595 I'll dwell on each, and quite exhaust thy death. A soul without reflection, like a pile Without inhabitant, to ruin runs. And, first, thy youth: v-hat says it to gray hairs? Narcissa! I'm become thy pupil now .--Early, bright, transient, chaste, as morning dew, 600 She sparkled, was exhaled, and went to heaven! Time on this head has snow'd, yet still 'tis borne Aloft, nor thinks but on another's grave. Cover'd with shame I speak it, age severe **CO**5 Old worn-out vice sets down for virtue fair : With graceless gravity chastising youth. That youth chastised surpassing in a fault. Father of all, forgetfulness of death! As if, like objects pressing on the sight, Death had advanced too near us to be seen: 610 Or that life's loan Time ripen'd into right, And men might plead prescription from the grave: Deathless, from repetition of reprieve. Deathless? far from it! such are dead already: Their hearts are buried, and the world their grave. 615 Tell me, some god! my guardian angel! tell What thus infatuates? what enchantment plants The phantom of an age 'twixt us and Death, Already at the door? He knocks; we hear him. And yet we will not hear. What mail defends Our untouch'd hearts? what miracle turns off The pointed thought, which from a thousand quivers Is daily darted, and is daily shunn'd? We stand, as in a battle, throngs on throngs Around us falling, wounded oft ourselves, 625 Though bleeding with our wounds, immortal still! We see Time's furrows on another's brow, And Death intrench'd, preparing his assault: How few themselves in that just mirror see! Or, seeing, draw their inference as strong! 630

There death is certain; doubtful here: he must, And soon we may, within an age, expire.

Though gray our heads, our thoughts and aims are gr	юп;
like damaged clocks, whose hand and bell dissent	Ł,
folly sings six, while Nature points at twelve.	635
Absurd longevity! more, more, it cries:	•
More life, more wealth, more trash of every kind.	•
And wherefore mad for more, when relish fails?	
Object and appetite must club for joy:	
Shall Folly labour hard to mend the bow,	640
Baubles, I mean that strike us from without,	
While Nature is relaxing every string!	
Ask Thought for joy; grow rich, and hoard withi	n.
Think you the soul, when this life's rattles cease,	
Has nothing of more manly to succeed?	645
Contract the taste immortal; learn e'en now	
To relish what alone subsists hereafter.	
Divine, or none, henceforth your joys for ever!	
Of age, the glory is to wish to die:	
That wish is praise and promise; it applauds	650
Past life, and promises our future bliss.	
What weakness see not children in their sires!	•
Grand climacterical absurdities!	
Gray hair'd authority, to faults of youth	
How shocking! it makes folly thrice a fool;	655
And our first childhood might our last despise.	
Peace and esteem is all that age can hope:	
Nothing but wisdom gives the first; the last	
Nothing but the repute of being wise.	
Folly bars both: our age is quite undone.	660
What folly can be ranker? like our shadows,	
Our wishes lengthen as our sun declines.	
No wish should loiter, then, this side the grave.	
Our hearts should leave the world before the knell	l
Calls for our carcasses to mend the soil.	665
Enough to live in tempest; die in port:	
Age should fly concourse, cover in retreat	
Defects of judgment, and the will subdue;	
Walk thoughtful on the silent solemn shore	
Of that vast ocean it must sail so soon,	670

And put good works on board, and wait the wind That shortly blows us into worlds unknown: If unconsider'd, too, a dreadful scene!

All should be prophets to themselves; foresee Their future fate: their future fate foretaste: This art would waste the bitterness of death.

The thought of death alone the fear destroys.

A disaffection to that precious thought Is more than midnight darkness on the soul. Which sleeps beneath it on a precipice.

Puff'd off by the first blast, and lost for ever.

Dost ask, Lorenzo, why so warmly press'd, By repetition hammer'd on thine ear,

The thought of death? That thought is the machine, The grand machine! that heaves us from the dust, 685 And rears us into men. That thought, ply'd home,

Will soon reduce the ghastly precipice O'erhanging hell, will soften the descent,

And gently slope our passage to the grave.

How warmly to be wish'd! what heart of flesh 690 Would trifle with tremendous? dare extremes?

Yawn o'er the fate of infinite? what hand. Beyond the blackest brand of censure bold

(To speak a language too well known to thee,) Would at a moment give its all to Chance,

And stamp the die for an Eternity!

Aid me, Narcissa! aid me to keep pace With Destiny: and, ere her scissars cut My thread of life, to break this tougher thread If moral death, that ties me to the world.

Sting thou my slumbering Reason, to send forth A thought of observation on the foe;

To sally, and survey the rapid march Of his ten thousand messengers to man, Who, Jehulike, behind him turns them all.

All accident apart, by Nature sign'd, My warrant is gone out, though dormant yet;

Perhaps behind one moment lurks my fate!

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Must I then forward only look for Death?

Backward I turn mine eye, and find him there.

Man is a self-survivor every year.

Man, like a stream, is in perpetual flow.

Death's a destroyer of quotidian prey:

My youth, my noontide, his; my yesterday:

The bold invader shares the present hour:

Each moment on the former shuts the grave.

While man is growing, life is in decrease,

And cradles rock us nearer to the tomb,

And cradles rock us nearer to the tomb,

Our birth is nothing but our death begun:

As tapers waste that instant they take fire.

Shall we then fear lest that should come to pass,

Which comes to pass each moment of our lives?
If fear we must, let that Death turn us pale
Which murders strength and ardour; what remains
Should ratner call on Death, than dread his call. 7%
Ye partners of my fault, and my decline!
Thoughtless of death, but when your neighbour's knell
(Rude visitant!) knocks hard at your dull sense,
And with its thunder scarce obtains your ear!
Be death your theme, in every place and hour;
Nor longer want, ye monumental sires!
A brother tomb to tell you—you shall die.
That death you dread, (so great is Nature's skill!)
Know you shall court, before you shall enjoy.

But you are learn'd: in volumes deep you sit, 735
In wisdom shallow. Pompous ignorance!
Would you be still more learned than the learn'd?
Learn well to know how much need not be known,
And what that knowledge which impairs your sense.
Our needful knowledge, like our needful food, 740
Unhedged, lies open in Life's common field,
And bids all welcome to the vital feast.
You scorn what lies before you in the page
Of Nature and Experience, moral truth;
Of indispensable, eternal fruit; 745

Fruit, on which mortals feeding, turn to gods,

THE RELAPSE,	95
And dive in science for distinguish'd names,	
Dishonest fomentation of your pride,	
Sinking in virtue as you rise in fame.	
Your learning, like the lunar beam, affords	750
Light, but not heat; it leaves you undevout,	
Frozen at heart, while speculation shines.	
Awake, ye curious indagators! fond	
Of knowing all, but what avails you known.	
If you would learn Death's character, attend.	755
All casts of conduct, all degrees of health,	
All dies of fortune, and all dates of age,	
Together shook in his impartial urn,	
Come forth at random; or, if choice is made,	
The choice is quite sarcastic, and insults	760
All bold conjecture and fond hopes of man.	
What countless multitudes not only leave,	
But deeply disappoint us, by their deaths!	
Though great our sorrow, greater our surprise.	
Like other tyrants, Death delights to smite	765
What, smitten, most proclaims the pride of powe	r
And arbitrary nod. His joy supreme,	
To bid the wretch survive the fortunate;	
The feeble wrap the athletic in his shroud;	
And weeping fathers build their children's tomb:	770
Me thine, Narcissa!—What, though short thy da	te?
Virtue, not rolling suns, the mind matures.	
That life is long which answers life's great end.	
The time that bears no fruit deserves no name.	
The man of wisdom is the man of years.	775
In hoary youth Methusalems may die;	
O how misdated on their flattering tombs!	
Narcissa's youth has lectured me thus far:	
And can her gaiety give counsel too?	
That, like the Jews' famed oracle of gems,	730
Sparkles instruction; such as throws new light,	
And opens more the character of Death,	
Ill known to thee, Lorenzo! this thy vaunt!—	
'Give Death his due, the wretched and the old;	

E'en let him sweep his rubbish to the grave: Let him not violate kind Nature's laws. But own man born to live as well as die.'-Wretched and old thou givest him; young and gay He takes: and plunder is a tyrant's joy. What if I prove, 'the farthest from the fear Are often nearest to the stroke of Fate?' All, more than common, menaces an end. A blaze betokens brevity of life : As if bright embers should emit a flame. Glad spirits sparkled from Narcissa's eve. And made Youth younger, and taught Life to live. As Nature's opposites wage endloss war. For this offence, as treason to the deep Inviolable stupor of his reign, Where lust and turbulent ambition sleep. 808 Death took swift vengeance. As he life detests. More life is still more odious; and, reduced By conquest, aggrandizes more his power. But wherefore aggrandized?—By Heaven's decree To plant the soul on her eternal guard. 806 In awful expectation of our end. Thus runs Death's dread commission: 'Strike, but so As most alarms the living by the dead.' Hence stratagem delights him, and surprise, And cruel sport with man's securities. 810 Not simple conquest, triumph is his aim : And where least fear'd, there conquest triumphs most. This proves my bold assertion not too bold. What are his arts to lay our fears asleep?

What are his arts to lay our fears asleep?
Tiberian arts his purposes wrap up
In deep Dissimulation's darkest night.
Like princes unconfess'd in foreign courts,
Who travel under cover, Death assumes
The name and look of Life, and dwells among us:
He takes all shapes that serve his black designs:
Though master of a wider empire far
Than that o'er which the Roman Eagle flew,

THE RELAPSE.	97
Like Nero, he's a fiddler, charioteer :	
Or drives his phacton in female guise;	
Quite unsuspected, till, the wheel beneath,	825
His disarray'd oblation he devours.	
He most affects the forms least like himself,	
His slender self: hence burly corpulence	
Is his familiar wear, and sleek disguise.	
Behind the rosy bloom he loves to lurk,	530
Or ambush in a smile; or, wanton, dive	
In dimples deep; Love's eddies, which draw in	
Unwary hearts, and sink them in despair.	
Such on Narcissa's couch he luiter'd long	
Unknown, and when detected, still was seen	835
To smile: such peace has Innocence in death!	
Most happy they, whom least his arts deceive!	
One eye on Death, and one full fix'd on Heaven,	
Becomes a mortal and immortal man.	
Long on his wiles a piqued and jealous spy,	840
I've seen, or dream'd I saw, the tyrant dress,	
Lay by his horrors, and put on his smiles.	
Say, Muse! for thou remember'st, call it back,	
And show Lorenzo the surprising scene;	
If 'twas a dream, his genius can explain.	845
Twas in a circle of the gay I stood:	
Death would have enter'd; Nature push'd him ba	ck:
Supported by a doctor of renown,	
His point he gain'd; then artfully dismiss'd	
The sage; for Death design'd to be conceal'd:	850
He gave an old vivacious usurer	
His meagre aspect, and his naked bones,	
In gratitude for plumping up his prey,	
A pamper'd spendthrift, whose fantastic air,	
Well fashion'd figure, and cockaded brow,	855
He took in change, and underneath the pride	
Of costly linen tuck'd his filthy shroud.	
His crooked bow he straightened to a cane,	
And hid his deadly shafts in Myra's eye.	
The dreadful resequerader thus equipp'd,	860
9	

Outsallies on adventures. Ask you where?	
Where is he not? For his peculiar haunts	
Let this suffice; sure as night follows day,	
Death treads in Pleasure's footsteps round the wo	eld,
When Pleasure treads the paths which Reason sh	ons.
When against Reason, Riot shuts the door,	866
And Gaiety supplies the place of Sense,	
Then, foremost at the banquet and the ball,	
Death leads the dance, or stamps the deadly die,	
Nor ever fails the midnight bowl to crown.	870
Gaily carousing to his gay compeers,	
Inly he laughs to see them laugh at him,	
As absent far; and when the revel burns,	
When Fear is banish'd, and triumphant Thought,	
Calling for all the joys beneath the moon,	875
Against him turns the key, and bids him sup	
With their progenitors—he drops his mask,	
Frowns out at full: they start, despair, expire.	
Scarce with more sudden terror and surprise,	
From his black mask of nitre, touch'd by fire,	880
He bursts, expands, roars, blazes, and devours.	
And is not this triumphant treachery,	
And more than simple conquest, in the fiend?	
And now, Lorenzo, dost thou wrap thy soul	
In soft security, because unknown	885
Which moment is commission'd to destroy?	
In death's uncertainty thy danger lies.	
Is death uncertain? therefore thou be fix'd,	
Fix'd as a sentinel, all eye, all ear,	
All expectation of the coming foe.	890
Rouse, stand in arms, nor lean against thy spear,	
Lest slumber steal one moment o'er thy soul	
And Fate surprise thee nodding. Watch, be strong	Æ;
Thus give each day the merit and renown	
Of dying well, though doom'd but once to die;	895
Nor let life's period, hidden, (as from most)	
Hide, too, from thee the precious use of life.	
Early, not sudden, was Narcissa's fate:	

· THE RELAPSE.	99
Soon, not surprising, Death his visit paid:	
Her thought went forth to meet him on his way,	900
Nor Gaiety forgot it was to die;	
Though Fortune, too (our third and final theme,)	
As an accomplice, play'd her gaudy plumes,	•
And every glittering gewgaw, on her sight,	
To dazzle and debauch it from its mark.	905
Death's dreadful advent is the mark of man,	
And every thought that misses it is blind.	
Fortune with Youth and Gaiety conspired	
To weave a triple wreath of happiness,	910
(If happiness on earth) to crown her brow:	
And could Death charge through such a shining shie	old?
That shining shield invites the tyrant's spear,	
As if to damp our elevated aims,	
And strongly preach humility to man.	
O how portentous is prosperity!	915
How, cometlike, it threatens while it shines!	
Few years but yield us proof of Death's ambition,	
To cull his victims from the fairest fold,	
And sheath his shafts in all the pride of life.	
When flooded with abundance, purpled o'er	920
With recent honours, bloom'd with every bliss,	
Set up in ostentation, made the gaze,	
The gaudy centre, of the public eye;	
When Fortune, thus, has toss'd her child in air,	
Snatch'd from the covert of an humble state,	925
How often have I seen him dropp'd at once,	
Our morning's envy! and our evening's sigh!	
As if her bounties were the signal given,	
The flowery wreath, to mark the sacrifice,	
And call Death's arrows on the destined prey.	93 0
High Fortune seems in cruel league with Fate.	
Ask you for what? to give his war on man	
The deeper dread, and more illustrious spoil;	
Thus to keep daring mortals more in awe.	
And burns Lorenzo still for the sublime	935
Of life? to hang his airy nest on high,	

On the slight timber of the topmest bough. Rock'd at each breeze, and menacing a fall? Granting grim Death at equal distance there. Yet peace begins just whore ambition ends. What makes man wretched? Happiness denied? Lorenzo! no; 'tis Happiness disdain'd! She comes too meanly dress'd to win our smile, And calls herself Content, a homely name! Our flame is transport, and Content our scorn! 945 Ambition turns, and shuts the door against her. And weds a toil, a tempest, in her stead; A tempest to warm transport near of kin. Unknowing what our mortal state admits. Life's modest joys we ruin while we raise, 950 And all our ecstasies are wounds to peace Peace, the full portion of mankind below.

And since thy peace is dear, ambitious youth
Of fortune fond! as thoughtless of thy fate
As late I drew Death's picture, to stir up
Thy wholesome fears; now, drawn in contrast, see
Gay Fortune's thy vain hopes to reprimand.
See, high in air the sportive goddess hangs,
Unlocks her casket, spreads her glittering ware,
And calls the giddy winds to puff abroad
Her random bounties o'er the gaping throng.
All rush rapacious; friends o'er trodden friends,
Sons o'er their fathers, subjects o'er their kings,
Priests o'er their gods, and lovers o'er the fair,
(Still more adored) to snatch the golden shower.
Gold glitters most where virtue shings a more.

Gold glitters most where virtue shines no more;
As stars from absent suns have leave to shine.
O what a precious pack of votaries,
Unkennel'd from the prisons and the stews,
Pour in, all opening in their idol's praise!
All, ardent, eye each wafture of her hand,
And, wide expanding their voracious jaws,
Morsel on morsel swallow down unchew'd,
Untasted, through mad appetite for more

Gorged to the throat, yet lean and ravenous still: 975 Sagacious all to trace the smallest game. And bold to seize the greatest. If (bless'd chance!) Court-zephyrs sweetly breathe; they launch, they fly, O'er fust, o'er sacred, all-forbidden ground, Drunk with the burning scent of place or power. 980 Stanch to the foot of Lucre-till they die. Or, if for men you take them, as I mark Their manners, thou their various fates survey. With aim mismeasured and impetuous speed, Some, darting, strike their ardent wish far off. 985 Through fury to possess it: some succeed. But stumble, and let fall the taken prize. From some, by sudden blasts, 'tis whirl'd away, And lodged in bosoms that ne'er dream'd of gain. To some it sticks so close, that, when torn off, Torn is the man, and mortal is the wound. Some, o'erenamour'd of their bags, run mad; Groan under gold, yet weep for want of bread. Together some (unhappy rivals!) seize. 995 And rend abundance into poverty: Loud croaks the raven of the law, and smiles: Smiles, too, the goddess; but smiles most at those (Just victims of exorbitant desire!) Who perish at their own request, and, whelm'd Beneath her load of lavish grants, expire. 1000 Fortune is famous for her numbers slain; The number small which happiness can bear. Though various for a while their fates, at last One curse involves them all: at Death's approach All read their riches backward into loss, 1005 And mourn in just proportion to their store. And Death's approach (if orthodox my song) Is hasten'd by the lure of Fortune's smiles. And art thou still a glutton of bright gold? And art thou still rapacious of thy ruin? 1010

Death loves a shining mark, a signal blow;

And startles thousands with a signal fall.

As when some stately growth of oak, or pine,
Which nods aloft and proudly spreads her shade, 1015
The Sun's defiance, and the flock's defeace,
By the strong strokes of labouring hinds subdued
Loud groans her last; and rushing from her height,
In cumbrous ruin thunders to the ground;
The conscious forest trembles at the shock,
And hill, and stream, and distant dale resound.

These high-aim'd darts of Death, and these alone,
Should I collect, my quiver would be full;
A quiver which, suspended in mid air,
Or near heaven's archer, in the zodiac, hung
(So could it be,) should draw the public eye,
The gaze and contemplation of mankind!
A constellation awful, yet benign,
To guide the gay through Life's tempestuous wave,
Nor suffer them to strike the common rock;
'From greater danger to grow more secure,
And, wrapp'd in happiness, forget their fate.'
Lysander, happy past the common lot,
Was warn'd of danger, but too gay to fear

He woo'd the fair Aspasia; she was kind. 1035 In youth, form, fortune, fame, they both were bless'd. All who knew envied; yet in envy loved: Can Fancy form more finish'd happiness? Fix'd was the nuptial hour. Her stately dome Rose on the sounding beach. The glittering spires Float in the wave, and break against the shore; 1041 So break those glittering shadows, human joys. The faithless morning smiled: he takes his leave To reembrace, in ecstasies, at eve: The rising storm forbids: the news arrives; 1045 Untold she saw it in her servant's eve. She felt it seen (her heart was apt to feel.) And drown'd, without the furious ocean's aid, In suffocating sorrows shares his tomb. Now round the sumptuous bridal monument 1050

The guilty billows innocently roar, And the rough sailor, passing, drops a tear. A tear ?-can tears suffice ?-but not for me. How vain our efforts! and our arts how vain. 105a The distant train of thought I took, to shun, Has thrown me on my fate.—These died together; Happy in ruin! undivorced by death! Or ne'er to meet, or ne'er to part, is peace.-Narcissa! Pity bleeds at thought of thee; 1060 Yet thou wast only near me, not myself. Survive myself?—that cures all other woe. Narcissa lives : Philander is forgot. O the soft commerce !-O the tender ties, Close twisted with the fibres of the heart! Which broken, break them, and drain off the soul 1065 Of human joy, and make it pain to live.-And is it then to live? When such friends part, "Tis the survivor dies .- My heart! no more.

NIGHT VI.

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

IN TWO PARTS.

CONTAINING THE

MATURE, PROOF, AND IMPORTANCE OF IMMORTAL

PART I.

WHERE, AMONG OTHER THINGS,
GLORY AND RICHES ARE PARTICULALY CONSIDER

PREFACE.

FEW ages have been deeper in dispute about religion this. The dispute about religion, and the practice of it, dom go together. The shorter, therefore, the dispute better. I think it may be reduced to this single question man immortal, or is he not? If he is not, all our disputes mere amusements, or trials of skill. In this case, truth, son, religion, which give our discour es such pounp and an nity, are (as will be shown) mere empty sounds, without meaning in them: but if man is immortal, it will behove to be very serious about eternal consequences; or, in c words, to be truly religious. And this great fundame truth, unestablished, or unawakened in the minds of mer I conceive, the real source and support of all our infide how remote soever the particular objections advanced seem to be from it.

Sensible appearances affect most men much more than stract reasonings; and we daily see bodies drop around but the soul is invisible. The power which inclination ever the judgment is greater than can be well conceived

at have not had an experience of it; and of what numit the sad interest that souls should not survive? The world confessed that they rather hoped, than firmly d. immortality! and how many heathers have we still t us! The Sacred Page assures us, that 'life and imty is brought to light by the Gospel: but by how many iospel rejected or overlooked? From these considerand from my being, accidentally, privy to the sentiments particular persons, I have been long persuaded that not all our infidels (whatever name they take, and er scheme for argument's sake, and to keep themselves tenance, they patronize) are supported in their deplorror by some doubt of their immortality, at the bottom: am satisfied, that men once thoroughly convinced of amortality, are nut far from being Christians; for it is conceive that a man, fully conscious eternal pain or se will certainly be his lot, should not earnestly and ally inquire after the surest means of escaping one, and g the other: and of such an earnest and impartial inwell know the consequence.

, therefore, in proof of this most fundamental truth. ain arguments are offered; arguments derived from es which infidels admit in common with believers; ars which appear to me altogether irresistible; and such a satisfied, will have great weight with all who give ves the small trouble of looking seriously into their own , and of observing with any tolerable degree of attennat daily passes round about them in the world. If some nts shall here occur which others have declined, they mitted, with all deference, to better judgments, in this, pints, the most important! for as to the being of a God, so longer disputed; but it is undisputed for this reason z, because where the least pretence to reason is ad it must for ever be indisputable: and, of consequence, can be betrayed into a dispute of that nature by vantch has a principal share in animating our modern comagainst other articles of our belief.

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

PART THE FIRST.

TO THE

RIGHT HONOURABLE HENRY PELHAM,

FIRST LORD COMMISSIONER OF THE TREASURY, ASS
CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUES.

SHE* (for I know not yet her name in Heaven)
Not early, like Narcissa, left the scene,
Nor sudden, like Philander. What avail?
This seeming mitigation but inflames;
This fancied medicine heightens the disease.
The longer known, the closer still she grew,
And gradual parting is a gradual death.
'Tis the grim tyrant's engine which extorts,
By tardy pressure's still increasing weight,
From hardest hearts confession of distress.

O the long dark approach, through years of pain,
Death's gallery! (might I dare to call it so)
With dismal doubt and sable terror hung,
Sick Hope's pale lamp its only glimmering ray:
There Fate my melancholy walk ordain'd,
Forbid self-love itself to flatter there.
How oft I gazed, prophetically sad!
How oft I saw her doad, while yet in smiles!
In smiles she sunk her grief to lessen mine;
She spoke me comfort, and increased my pain.
Like powerful armies trenching at a town,
By slow and silent, but resistless sap,
In his pale progress gently gaining ground,

"Referring to Night the Fifth.

10

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	100
Death urged his deadly siege; in spite efart, Of all the balmy blessings Nature lends	25
To succour frail humanity. Ye Stars!	
(Not now first made familiar to my sight)	
And thou, O Moon! bear witness; many a night	1
He tore the pillow from beneath my head,	
Tied down my sore attention to the shock,	30
By ceaseless depredations on a life	
Dearer than that he left me. Dreadful post	
Of observation! darker every hour!	
Less dread the day that drove me to the brink, And pointed at eternity below:	05
When my soul shudder'd at futurity;	35
When, on a moment's point, the important die	
Of life and death spun doubtful, ere it fell,	
And turn'd up life; my title to more wee.	
But why more woe? more comfort let it be.	40
Nothing is dead, but that which wished to die;	•••
Nothing is dead, but wretchedness and pain;	
Nothing is dead, but what encumber'd, gall'd,	
Block'd up the pass, and barr'd from real life.	
Where dwells that wish most ardent of the wise?	45
Too dark the Sun to see it; highest stars	
Too low to reach it; Death, great Death alone,	
O'er Stars and Sun triumphant, lands us there	
Nor dreadful our transition, though the mind,	
An artist at creating self-alarms,	50
Rich in expedients for inquietude,	
Is prone to paint it dreadful. Who can take	
Death's portrait true? the tyrant never sat. Our sketch all random strokes, conjecture all:	
Close shuts the grave, nor tells one single tale,	EE
Death and his image rising in the brain	55
Bear faint resemblance; never are alike	
Fear shakes the pencil: Fancy loves excess:	
Dark Ignorance is lavish of her shades;	
And these the formidable picture draw.	60.
But grant the worst, 'tis past; new prospects ris	
Capture Company	•

And drop a veil eternal o'er her tomb. Far other views our contemplation claim. Views that o'erpay the rigours of our life: Views that suspend our agonies in death. Wrapp'd in the thought of immortality. Wrapp'd in the single, the triumphant thought! Long life might lapse, age unperceived come on. And find the soul unsated with her theme. Its Nature, Proof, Importance, fire my song. O that my song could emulate my soul! Like her immortal. No !-- the soul disdains A mark so mean; far nobler hope inflames. If endless ages can outweigh an hour, Let not the laurel, but the palm inspire. Thy nature, Immortality! who knows? And yet who knows it not? it is but life

In stronger thread of brighter colour spun, And spun for ever; dipp'd by cruel Fate In Stygian dye, how black, how brittle, here; How short our correspondence with the Sun! And while it lasts, inglorious! our best deeds How wanting in their weight! our highest jovs Small cordials to support us in our pain, And give us strength to suffer. But how great To mingle interests, converse, amities, With all the sons of Reason, scatter'd wide Through habitable space, wherever born, Howe'er endow'd! to live free citizens Of universal Nature! to lay hold, By more than feeble faith, on the Supreme! To call Heaven's rich unfathomable mines (Mines which support archangels in their state) Our own! to rise in science as in bliss, Initiate in the secrets of the skies! To read Creation; read its mighty plan In the bare bosom of the Deity!

The plan and execution to collate!

To see, before each glance of piercing thought.

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, THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	169
All cloud, all shadow, blown remote; and leave	100
No mystery—but that of Love Divine,	
Which lifts us on the seraph's flaming wing,	
From Earth's aceldama, this field of blood,	
Of inward anguish, and of outward ill,	
From darkness and from dust, to such a scene!	105
Love's element! true joy's illustrious home!	
From Earth's sad contrast (now deplored) more is	ir!
What exquisite vicissitude of Fate!	
Bless'd absolution of our blackest hour!	
Lorenzo! these are thoughts that make min m	an,
The wise illumine, aggrandize the great.	111
How great, (while yet we tread the kindred clod,	
And every moment tear to sink beneath	
The clod we tread, soon trodden by our sons)	
How great, in the wild whirl of Time's pursuits,	115
To stop, and pause; involved in high presage,	
Through the long vista of a thousand years,	
To stand contemplating our distant selves,	
As in a magnifying mirror seen,	
Enlarged, ennobled, elevate, divine!	120
To prophesy our own futurities!	
To gaze in thought on what all thought transcend	ls!
To talk, with fellow-candidates, of joys	
As far beyond conception as desert,	
Ourselves the' astonished talkers and the tale!	125
Lorenzo! swells thy bosom at the thought?	
The swell becomes thee: 'tis an honest pride!	
Revere thyself;—and yet thyself despise.	
His nature no man can o'errate, and none	
Can underrate his merit. Take good heed,	130
Nor there be modest where thou shouldst be prou-	d;
That almost universal error shun.	
How just our pride, when we behold those height	s!
NATIONS AMBITION NAINTS IN SIT BIT THAS	

Reason points out, and ardent Virtue gains, 135
And angels emulate. Our pride how just!
When mount we? when these shackles cast? when quit

. .	110 THE COMPLAINT.	
		# V1.
	This cell of the creation? this small nest,	
	Stuck in a corner of the universe,	
	Wrapp'd up in fleecy cloud and fine-spun air?	140
	Fine-spun to sense, but gross and feculent	
	To souls celestial; souls ordain'd to breathe	
	Ambrosial gales, and drink a purer sky;	
	Greatly triumphant on Time's farther shore,	
	Where Virtue reigns, enrich'd with full arrears,	145
	While Pomp imperial begs an alms of Peace.	
	In empire high, or in proud science deep,	
	Ye horn of Earth! on what can you confer,	
	With half the dignity, with half the gain,	
•	The gust, the glow, of ational delight,	150
	As on this theme, which angels praise and share	?
•	Man's fates and favours are a theme in Heaven.	
	What wretched repetition cloys us here!	
	What periodic potions for the sick!	
	Distemper'd bodies and distemper'd minds!	155
	In an eternity what scenes shall strike!	
	Adventures thicken! novelties surprise!	
	What webs of wonder shall unravel there!	
	What full day pour on all the paths of Heaven,	
	And light the' Almighty footsteps in the deep !	160
	How shall the blessed day of our discharge	
	Unwind, at once, the labyrinths of Fate,	
	And straighten its inextricable maze	
	If inextinguishable thirst in man	
	To know; how rich, how full, our banquet there	100
	There, not the moral world alone unfolds;	
	The world material, lately seen in shades,	_
	And in those shades by fragments only seen,	-
	And seen those fragments by the labouring eye,	
	Unbroken, then, illustrious and entire,	170
	Its ample sphere, its universal frame,	
	Ir full dimensions, swells to the survey,	
	And enters, at one glance, the ravish'd sight.	
	From some superior point (where, who can tell?	182
	Suffice it, 'tis a point, where gods reside,)	175

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	11
How shall the stranger-man's illumined eye,	
In the vast ocean of unbounded space,	
Behold an infinite of floating worlds	
Divide the crystal waves of ether pure,	
In endless voyage without port? The least	18
Of these disseminated orbs how great!	
Great as they are, what numbers these surpass,	
Huge as leviathan to that small race,	
Those twinkling multitudes of little life,	
He swallows unperceived! Stupendous these?	18
Yet what are these stupendous to the whole?	
As particles, as atoms ill perceived;	
As circulating globules in our veins;	
So vast the plan. Fecundity divine!	
Exuberant Source! perhaps I wrong thee still.	19
If admiration is a source of joy,	
What transport hence? yet this the least in Hes	raed"
What this to that illustrious robe He wears,	
Who toss'd this mass of wonders from his hand,	
A specimen, an earnest, of his power?	19
'Tis to that glory, whence all glory flows,	
As the mead's meanest floweret to the Sun,	
Which gave it birth. But what this Sun of Hes	iven
This bliss supreme of the supremely bless'd!	•
Death, only death, the question can resolve.	200
By death cheap bought the ideas of our joy;	
The bare ideas! solid happiness So distant from its shadow chased below.	
And chase we still the phantom through the fi	
O'er bog, and brake, and precipice, till death?	20
And toil we still for sublunary pay:	200
Defy the dangers of the field and flood,	
Or, spiderlike, spin out our precious all,	
Our more than vitals spin (if no regard	
To great futurity,) in curious webs	210
Of subtle thought and exquisite design,	~=
(Fine network of the brain!) to catch a fly!	
fr me morners or one brain .) so cerem a m'	

The visible and present are for brutes:
A slender portion, and a narrow bound!
These Reason, with an energy divine,
O'erleaps, and claims the future and unseen,

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	113
The vast unseen! the future fathomless!	250
When the great soul buoys up to this high point,	
Leaving gross Nature's sediments below,	
Then, and then only, Adam's offspring quits	
The sage and hero of the fields and woods,	
Asserts his rank, and rises into man.	255
This is ambition; this is human fire!	200
Can parts or place (two bold pretenders) make	
Lorenzo great, and pluck him from the throng?	
Genius and art, ambition's boasted wings,	
Our boast but ill deserve : a feeble aid !	260
Dedalian enginery! If these alone	
Assist our flight, Fame's flight is Glory's fall.	
Heart merit wanting, mount we ne'er so high,	
Our height is but the gibbet of our name.	
A celebrated wretch when I behold,	265
When I behold a genius bright and base,	
Of towering talents and terrestrial aims,	
Methinks I see, as thrown from her high sphere,	
The glorious fragments of a soul immortal,	
With rubbish mix'd, and glittering in the dust:	270
Struck at the splendid melancholy sight,	
At once compassion soft and envy rise-	
But wherefr e envy? Talents angel-bright,	
If wanting worth, are shining instruments	
In false Ambition's hand, to finish faults	275
Illustrious, and give Infamy renown.	
Great ill is an achievement of great powers.	
Plain sense but rarely leads us far astray.	
Reason the means, Affections choose our enu.	
Means have no merit, if our end amiss.	280
If wrong our hearts, our heads are right in van	
What is a Pelham's head to Pelham's heart?	
Hearts are proprietors of all applause.	
Right ends and means make wisdom, worldly wise	
	255
Let genius, then, despair to make thee great;	
Nor flatter station. Want is station high?	

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The being mean which staffs or strings can raise: That pride, like hooded hawks, in darkness soars, From blindness bold, and towering to the skies.

O thou Most Christian enemy to peace!
Again in arms? again provoking Fate?
That prince, and that alone, is truly great,
Who draws the sword reluctant, gladly sheaths;

116 THE COMPLAINT.	H. Yl.
On empire builds what empire far outweighs,	
And makes his throne a scaffold to the skies!	365
Why this so rare?—because, forgot of all	
The day of death, that venerable day	
Which sits as judge; that day, which shall prono	unce.
On all our days, absolve them, or condemn.	
Lorenzo! never shut thy thought against it:	370
Be levees ne'er so full, afford it room;	
And give it audience in the cabinet.	
That friend consulted, flatteries apart,	
Will tell thee fair if thou art great or mean.	
To dote on aught may leave us, or be left,	375
Is that ambition? then let flames descend,	
Point to the centre their inverted spires,	
And learn humiliation from a soul	
Which boasts her lineage from celestial fire.	
Yet these are they the world pronounces wise;	330
The world, which cancels Nature's right and wron	
And casts new wisdom: e'en the grave man lends	}
His solemn face to countenance the coin.	
Wisdom for parts is madness for the whole.	
This stamps the paradox, and gives us leave	385
To call the wisest weak, the richest poor,	
The most ambitious unambitious, mean,	
In triumph mean, and abject on a throne.	
Nothing can make it tess than mad in man	
To put forth all his ardour, all his art,	390
And give his soul her full unbounded flight,	
But reaching Him who gave her wings to fly.	
When blind Ambition quite mistakes her road,	
And downward pores for that which shines above,	
Substantial happiness and true renown;	395
Then, like an idiot gazing on the brook,	
We leap at stars, and fasten in the mud;	
At glory grasp, and sink in infamy.	
Ambition ' powerful source of good and ill!	
Thy strength in man, like length of wing in birds When disengaged from earth with greater ease.	400

And swifter flight, transports us to the skies: By toys entangled, or in guilt bemired,	117
Close-grated by the sordid bars of sense,	4 05)
All prospect of eternity shut out; And, but for execution, ne'er set free. With error in ambition justly charged,	
Find we Lorenzo wiser in his wealth? What if thy rental I reform, and draw	410
An inventory new to set thee right? Where thy true treasure? Gold says, 'Not in me.' And, 'Not in me,' the Diamond. Gold is poor;).
India's insolvent: seek it in thyself; Seek in thy naked self, and find it there; In being so descended, form'd, endow'd; Sky-born, sky-guided, sky-returning race!	415
Erect, immortal, rational, divine!	420
Far nobler! give the riches they enjoy; Give taste to fruits, and harmony to groves; Their radiant beams to gold, and gold's bright sire	;
	425
	430
•	435

When Heaven makes him the soul of all he sees? 440 Absurd! not rare! so great, so mean, is man. What wealth in senses such as these! what wealth In fancy, fired to form a fairer scene Than sense surveys! in Memory's firm record. Which, should it perish, could this world recal From the dark shadows of o'erwhelming years! In colours fresh, originally bright, Preserve its portrait, and report its fate! What wealth in intellect, that sovereign power! Which sense and fancy summons to the bar: Interrogates, approves, or reprehends; And from the mass those underlings import, From their materials sifted and refined, And in Truth's balance accurately weigh'd, Forms art and science, government and law, 455 The solid basis, and the beauteous frame, The vitals, and the grace of civil life! And manners (sad exception!) set aside, Strikes out, with master-hand, a copy fair Of his idea, whose indulgent thought 460 Long, long ere Chaos teem'd, plann'd human bliss. What wealth in souls that soar, dive, range around Disdaining limit or from place or time; And hear at once, in thought extensive, hear The' Almighty Fiat, and the trumpet's sound! 465 Bold, on Creation's outside walk, and view What was, and is, and more than e'er shall be; Commanding with omnipotence of thought, Creations new, in Fancy's field to rise! Souls that can grasp whate'er the' Almighty made, 470 And warder wild through things impossible! What wealth in faculties of endless gaowth, In quenchless passions violent to crave, In liberty to choose, in power to reach, And in duration (how thy riches rise!) 475 Duration to perpetuate-boundless bliss!

Ask you what power resides in feeble man,

	THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	119
	That bliss to gain? Is Virtue's then, unknown?	
	Virtue! our present peace, our future prize.	
	Man's unprecarious, natural estate,	480
	Improvesble at will, in virtue lies;	
	Its tenure sure, its income is divine.	
	High built abundance, heap on heap! for what	, >
	To breed new wants, and beggar us the more;	
	Then make a richer scramble for the throng?	485
ι	Soon as this feeble pulse, which leans so long,	
	Almost by miracle, is tired with play,	
	Like rubbish, from disploding engines thrown,	
	Our magazines of hoarded trifles fly;	
	Fly diverse; fly to foreigners, to foes;	490
	New masters court, and call the former fool,	
	(How justly!) for dependence on their stay.	
	Wide scatter, first, our playthings then, our dust	<u>L</u>
	Dost court abundance for the sake of peace?	
	Learn, and lament thy self-defeated scheme.	495
	Riches enable to be richer still,	
	And richer still what mortal can resist?	
	Thus Wealth (a cruel task-master!) enjoins	
	New toils, succeeding toils, an endless train!	
	And murders Peace, which taught it first to shine.	500
	The poor are half as wretched as the rich,	
	Whose proud and painful privilege it is	
	At once to bear a double load of woe,	
	To feel the stings of envy and of want,	
	Outrageous want! both Indies cannot cure.	565
	A competence is vital to Content;	
	Much wealth is corpulence, if not disease:	
	Sick, or encumber'd, is our happiness.	
	A competence is all we can enjoy.	
		510
	More, like a flash of water from a lock,	
	Quickens our spirit's movement for an hour,	
	But soon its force is spent; nor rise our joys	
	Above our native temper's common stream.	
	Hence Disappointment lurks in every prize,	616
١	's bees in flowers, and stings us with success.	

ş

545

The rich man, who denies it, proudly feigns,
Nor knows the wise are privy to the lie.
Much learning shows how little mortals know;
Much wealth, how little worldlings can enjoy:
At best it babies us with endless toys,
And keeps us children till we drop to dust.
As monkeys at a mirror stand amazed,
They fail to find what they so plainly see:
Thus men, in shining riches, see the face
Of Happiness, nor know it is a shade;
But gaze, and touch, and peep, and peep again,
And wish, and wonder it is absent still.
How few can rescue opulence from want!

Who lives to nature rarely can be poor;
Who lives to nature rarely can be poor;
Who lives to fancy never can be rich.
Poor is the man in debt; the man of gold,
In debt to Fortune, trembles at her power:
The man of reason smiles at her and death.
O what a patrimony this! a being
Of such inherent strength and majesty,
Not worlds possess'd can raise it; worlds destroy'd
Can't injure; which holds on its glorious course,
When thine, O Nature! ends: too bless'd to mourn
Creation's obsequies. What treasure this!

The monarch is a beggar to the man.

Immortal! ages pass'd, yet nothing gone!
Morn without eve! a race without a goal!
Unshorten'd by progression infinite!
Futurity for ever future! life
Beginning still where computation ends!
"Tis the description of a deity!
"Tis the description of the meanest slave!
The meanest slave dares then Lorenzo scorn?
The meanest slave thy sovereign glory shares.
Proud youth! fastidious of the lower world!
Man's lawful pride includes humility;
Stoops to the lowest; is too great to find
Inferiors; all immortal! brothers all!
Proprietors eternal of thy love!

Immortal! what can strike the sense so strong, As this the soul? it thunders to the thought, Reason amazes, gratitude o'erwhelms: No more we slumber on the brink of Fate; Roused at the sound, the' exulting soul ascends 560 And breathes her native air, an air that feeds Ambitions high, and fans ethereal fires; Quick kindles all that is divine within us, Nor leaves one loitering thought beneath the stars. Has not Lorenzo's bosom caught the flame? 565 Immortal! were but one immortal, how Would others envy! how would thrones adore! Because 'tis common, is the blessing lost? How this ties up the bounteous hand of Heaven! O vain, vain, vain, all else! Eternity! 570 A glorious and a needful refuge that, From vile imprisonment in abject views. Tis Immortality, 'tis that alone, Amid life's pains, abasements, emptiness, The soul can comfort, elevate, and fill: 575 That only, and that amply, this performs: Lifts us above life's pains, her joys above; Their terror those, and these their lustre lose; Eternity depending covers all: Eternity depending all achieves: 580 Sets earth at distance; casts her into shades; Blends her distinctions; abrogates her powers: The low, the lofty, joyous, and severe, Fortune's dread frowns and fascinating smiles. Make one promiseuous and neglected heap, 585 The man beneath; if I may call him man, Whom Immortality's full force inspires. Nothing terrestrial touches his high thought; Suns shine unseen, and thunders roll unheard, By minds quite conscious of their high descent, Their present province, and their future prize : Divinely darting upward every wish, Warm on the wing, in glorious absence lost!

Doubt you this truth? why labours your belief? If earth's whole orb, by some due-distant eye Were seen at once, her towering Alps would sink. And level'd Atlas leave an even sphere. Thus earth, and all that earthly minds admire, Is swallow'd in Eternity's vast round. To that stupendous view, when souls awake, 600 So large of late, so mountainous to man, Time's toys subside, and equal all below. Enthusiagtic this ?--then all are weak To this godlike height But rank enthusiasts. Some souls have soar'd, or martyrs ne'er had bled: 605 And all may do what has by man been done. Who, beaten by these sublunary storms, Boundless, interminable joys can weigh Unraptured, unexalted, uninflamed? What slave unbless'd, who from to-morrow's dawn 619 Expects an empire? he forgets his chain, And, throned in thought, his absent sceptre waves. And what a sceptre waits us! what a throne! Her own immense appointments to compute, Or comprehend her high prerogatives, 615 In this her dark minority, how toils, How vainly pants, the human soul divine! Too great the bounty seems for earthly joy: What heart but trembles at so strange a bliss? In spite of all the truths the Muse has sung. 620 Ne'er to be prized enough! enough revolved! Are there who wrap the world so close about them. They see no farther than the clouds, and dance On heedless Vanity's fantastic toe. Till, stumbling at a straw, in their career, 625 Headlong they plunge, where end both dance and song? Are there, Lorenzo? Is it possible? Are there on earth (let me not call them men) Who lodge a soul immertal in their breasts. Unconscious as the mountain of its ore, 630

Or rock of its inestimable gem?

When rocks shall melt, and mountains vanish, these Shall know their treasure; treasure them no more.

Are there (still more amazing!) who resist The rising thought? who smother, in its birth. 635 The florious truth? who struggle to be brutes! Who through this bosom-barrier burst their way. And, with reversed ambition, strive to sink? Who labour downwards through the' opposing powers Of instinct, reason, and the world against them, To dismal hopes, and shelter in the shock Of endless night? night darker than the grave's? Who fight the proofs of Immortality? With horrid zeal, and execrable arts. Work all their engines, level their black fires. 645 To blot from man this attribute divine, (Then vital blood far dearer to the wise) Blasphemers and rank atheists to themselves? To contradict them, see all Nature rise! What object, what event, the moon beneath,

To contradict them, see all Nature rise!

What object, what event, the moon beneath,
But argues, or endears, an after-scene?

To reason proves, or weds it to desire?
All things proclaim it needful; some advance
One precious step beyond, and prove it sure.
A thousand arguments swarm round my pen,
655

From Heaven, and earth, and man. Indulge a few,
By Nature, as her common habit, worn;
So pressing Providence, a truth to teach,
Which truth untaught, all other truths were vain.
Thou! whose all-providential eye surveys,
660

Whose land directs, whose spirit fills and warms
Creation, and holds empire far beyond '
Eternity's Inhabitant august!
Of two eternities, amazing Lord!
One pass'd, ere man's or angel's had begun;
Aid! while I rescue from the foe's assault
Thy glorious immortality in man;
A theme for ever, and for all, of weight,
Of moment, infinite! but reliah'd most

By those who love ther most, who most adore.

Nature, the discriter, ever-changing birth Of thee the great Immatable, to man Speaks weatom: is his oracle supreme; And he who most consults her is most wise. Lorenzo: to this heavenly Delphos hante, 675 And come back all immertal, all divine. Look Nature through, the revolution all: All change, no death: day follows night, and night The dying day: stars rise, and set, and rise: Earth takes the example. See, the Summer gay, 689 With her green chapiet and ambrosial flowers. Droops into pallid Autumn : Winter gray, Horrid with frost, and turbulent with storm. Blows Autumn and his golden fruits away, Then melts into the Spring : soft Spring, with breath Favonian, from warm chambers of the south. Recals the first. All, to redourish, fades: As in a wheel, all sinks to reascend: Emblems of man, who passes, not expires. With this minute distinction, emblems just, 690 Nature revolves, but man advances: both Eternal: that a circle, this a line: That gravitates, this soars. The aspiring soul, Ardent and tremulous, like flame, ascenda, Zeal and humility her wings, to Heaven. 695 The world of matter, with its various forms, All dies into new life. Life born from Death Rolls the vast mass, and shall for ever roll. No single atom, once in being, lost, With change of counsel charges the Most High. What hence infers Lorenzo? Can it be? Matter immortal? and shall spirit die? Above the nobler shall less noble rise? Shall man alone, for whom all else revives, No resurrection know? shall man alone, 705 Imperial man! be sown in barren ground, Less privileged than grain on which he feeds? Is man, in whom alone is power to prize The bliss of being, or, with previous pain,

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	135
Deplore its period, by the spleen of Fate,	710
Severely doom'd Death's single unredeem'd?	
If Nature's revolution speaks aloud	
In her gradation, bear her louder still.	
Look Nature through, 'tis neat gradation all.	
By what minute degrees her scale ascends!	715
Each middle nature join'd at each extreme;	
To that above it join'd, to that beneath.	
Parts into parts reciprocally shot,	
Abhor divorce. What love of union reigns!	
Here dormant matter waits a call to life;	790
Half-life, half-death, join there: here life and seas	10 ,
There sease from reason steals a glimmering ray	
Reason shines out in man. But how preserved	-
The chain unbroken upward, to the realms	
Of incorporeal life? those realms of bliss,	795
Where Death hath no dominion? Grant a make	
Half-mortal, half immortal; earthy part,	
And part ethereal: grant the soul of man	
Eternal, or in man the series ends.	
Wide yawns the gap; connexion is no more;	730
Check'd Reason halts; her next step wants suppo	at;
Striving to climb, she tumbles from her scheme,	
A scheme Analogy pronounced so true;	
Analogy! man's surest guide below.	
Thus far all Nature calls on thy belief;	735
And will Lorenzo, careless of the call,	
False attestation on all Nature charge,	
Rather than violate his league with Death?	
Renounce his reason, rather than renounce	
The dust beloved, and run the risk of Heaven?	740
O what indignity to deathless souls!	
What treason to the majesty of man!	
Of man immortal! hear the lofty style:	
'If so decreed, the' Almighty Will be done.	
Let earth dissolve, you ponderous orbs descend	745
And grind us into dust. The soul is safe;	
The man emerges; mounts above the wreck,	
11 *	

As towering flame from Nature's funeral pyre: O'er devastation, as a gainer, smiles: His charter his inviolable rights. 750 Well pleased to learn from Thunder's impotence. Death a pointless darts, and Hell's defeated storms. But these chimeras touch not thee, Lorenzo! The glories of the world thy sevenfold shield. Other ambition than of crowns in air, 755 And superlunary felicities, Thy bosom warms. I'll cool it, if I can; And turn those glories that enchant, against thee, What ties thee to this life proclaims the next. If wisc, the cause that wounds thee is thy cure. Come, my Ambitious! let us mount together, (To mount Lorenzo never can refuse!) And from the clouds, where Pride delights to dwell, Look down on earth.—What seest thou? wondrous things! Terrestrial wonders, that eclipse the skies. 765 What lengths of labour'd lands: what loaded seas! Loaded by man for pleasure, wealth, or war! Seas, winds, and planets, into service brought, His art acknowledge, and promote his ends. Nor can the' eternal rocks his will withstand: 770 What level'd mountains! and what lifted vales! O'er vales and mountains sumptuous cities swell, And gild our landscape with their glittering spires.

Far greater still! (what cannot mortal might?)
See wide dominions ravish'd from the deep!
The narrow'd deep with indignation foams.
Or southward turn, to delicate and grand,
The finer arts there ripen in the Sun.
The there are their gods,
Ascend the skies! the proud triumphal arch
Shows us half heaven beneath its ample bend.

High through mid air, here streams are taught to flow

Some mid the wondering waves majestic rise, And Neptune holds a mirror to their charms.

•

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED. 127 rivers there, laid by in basons, sleep. 785 ains turn oceans, there vast oceans join, h kingdoms channel'd deep from shore to shore. anged Creation takes its face from man. IV brave breast for formidable scenes. fame and empire wait upon the sword? 790 ds in blood; hear naval thunders rise; ia's voice! that awes the world to peace. m enormous mole projecting breaks d-sea, furious waves! their roar amidst sks the Deity, and says, 'O Main! ir, nor farther; new restraints obey.' disembowel'd! measured are the skies! e detected in their deep recess! n widens! vanquish'd Nature yields! rets are extorted! Art prevails! 800 ionument of genius, spirit, power! now, Lorenzo! raptured at this scene, glories render heaven superfluous! say. footsteps these ?-Immortals have been here ess than souls immortal this have done?

ofs of Immortality forgot.

Itter thy grand foible, I confess
re Ambition's works; and these are great:

I, the least immortal souls can do, 810
mods them all.—But what can these transcend?

I me what?—one sigh for the distress'd.

I grandeur makes the mighty man!

Itte they, who think aught great below!

815

cover'd o'er with proofs of souls immortal,

ambitions Death defeats but one, it it crowns.—Here cease we; but ere-long, werful proof shall take the field against thee, r than death, and smiling at the tomb.

NIGHT VII.

PART II.

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

CONTAINING THE

NATURE, PROOF, AND IMPORTANCE OF IMMORTALITY

PREFACE.

As we are at war with the power, it were well if we were at war with the manners of France. A land of levity is a land of gui.t. A serious mind is the native soil of every virtue. and the single character that does true honour to mankind, The soul's immortality has been the favourite theme with the serious of all ages. Nor is it strange; it is a subject by far the most interesting and important that can enter the mind of man. Of highest moment this subject always was, and always will be: yet this its highest moment seems to admit of increase at this day; a sort of occasional importance is superadded to the natural weight of it, if that opinion which is advanced in the Preface to the preceding Night be just. there supposed that all our Infidels (whatever scheme, for argument's sake, and to keep themselves in countenance, they patronize) are betrayed into their deplorable error by some doubt of their immortality at the bottom; and the more I consider this point, the more I am persuaded of the truth of that opinion. Though the distrust of a futurity is a strange error. vet it is an error into which bad men may naturally be distressed; for it is impossible to bid defiance to final ruin, without some refuge in imagination, some presumption of escape. And what presumption is there? there are but two in Nature; but two within the compass of human thought; and these are. -That either God will not or cannot punish. Considering the divine attributes, the first is too gross to be digested by our strongest wishes: and, since Omnipotence is as much a divine attribute as Holiness, that God cannot punish is as absurd a supposition as the former. God certainly can punish, as long as wicked men exist. In nonexistence, therefore, is their only refuge; and, consequently, nonexistence is their strongest wish; and strong wishes have a strange influence on our opinions; they bias the judgment in a manner almost incredible. And since, on this member of their alternative there are some very small appearances in their favour, and none at all

na the other, they catch at this reed, they lay hold on this himmera, to save themselves from the shock and horror of an mmediate and absolute despair.

On reviewing my subject, by the light which this argument, und others of like tendency, threw upon it, I was more inclined han ever to pursue it, as it appeared to me to strike directly it the main root of all our infidelity. In the following pages its, accordingly, pursued at large, and some arguments for importality, new at least to me, are ventured on in them. There, iso, the writer has made an attempt to set the gross absurdies and horrors of annihilation in a fuller and more affecting is we than is (I think) to be met with elsewhere.

The gentlemen for whose sake this attempt was chiefly sade, profess great admiration for the wisdom of heathen ntiquity: what pity it is they are not sincere! If they were incere, how would it mortify them to consider with what consmot and abhorrence their notions would have been received w those whom they so much admire. What degree of consmpt and abhorrence would fall to their share, may be conactured by the following matter of fact (in my opinion,) atremely memorable. Of all their heathen worthies, Socrates it is well known) was the most guarded, dispassionate, and omposed; yet this great master of temper was angry, and mery at his last hour; and angry with his friend; and angry x what deserved acknowledgment; angry for a right and ender instance of true friendship towards him. Is not this urprising? what could be the cause?—The cause was for is honour: It was a truly noble, though, perhaps, a too puncilious regard for Immortality: for his friend asking him, with nch an affectionate concern as became a friend, 'Where he hould deposit his remains?' it was resented by Socrates, as mplying a dishonourable supposition, that he could be so mean s to have regard for any thing, even in himself, that was not

This fact, well considered, would make our infidels withraw their admiration from Socrates, or make them endeaour, by their imitation of his illustrious example, to share his fory; and consequently, it would incline them to peruse the illowing with candour and impartiality: which is all I desire and that, for their sakes: for I am persuaded that an unprejuliced infidel must, necessarily, receive some advantageous mpressions from them.

July 7, 1744.

CONTENTS

OF THE SEVENTH NIGHT.

In the Sixth Night, arguments were drawn from Nature in proof of Immortality: here, others are drawn from Man; from his discontent; from his passions and powers; from the gradual growth of reason; from his fear of death; from the nature of hope, and of virtue; from knowledge and love, as being the most essential properties of the soul: from the order of creation; from the neture of ambition, avarice, pleasure.-A digression on the gran deur of the passions.-Immortality alone renders our present state intelligible.-An objection from the Stoics' disbelief of Inmortality answered.-Endless questions unresolvable, but on supposition of our immortality.-The natural, most melanchely, and pathetic complaint of a worthy man, under the persuasion of no futurity.—The gross absurdities and herrors of annihilation urged home on Lorenzo.-The soul's vast importance: from whence it arises, &c .- The difficulty of being an Infidel; the infamv: the cause; and the character of an infidel state.-What true free-thinking is; the necessary punishment of the false.-Man's ruin is from himself.—An Infidel accuses himself of switt and hypocrisy, and that of the worst sort; his obligations to Christians: what danger he incurs by virtue; vice recommended to him; his high pretences to virtue and benevolence exploded ... The conclusion, on the nature of faith, reason, and hope; with an apology for this attempt.

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

PART THE SECOND.

HEAVEN gives the needful, but neglected call. What day, what hour, but knocks at human hearts. To wake the soul to sense of future scenes? Deaths stand, like Mercuries, in every way, And kindly point us to our journey's end. Pope, who couldst make immortals! art thou dead? I give thee joy; nor will I take my leave, So soon to follow. Man but dives in death, Dives from the sun, in fairer day to rise: The grave, his cubterranean road to bliss. 10 Yes, infinite indulgence plann'd it so; Through various parts our glorious story runs: Time gives the preface, endless age unrolls The volume (ne'er unroli'd) of human fate. This, earth and skies" already have proclaim'd. The world's a prophecy of worlds to come. And who, what God foretels (who speaks in things Still louder than in words) shall dare deny? If Nature's arguments appear too weak, Turn a new leaf, and stronger read in man. 20 If man sleeps on, untaught by what he sees, Can he prove infidel to what he feels? He, whose blind thought futurity denies, Unconscious bears, Bellerophon! like thee, His own indictment; he condemns himself: Who reads his bosom, reads immortal life; Or Nature there, imposing on her sons, Ulas written fabies : man was made a lie.

* See Night the Sixtà.

132 THE COMPLAINT.	N. YIL
Why discontent for ever harbour'd there?	
Incurable consumption of our peace!	30.
Resolve me why the cottager and king,	-
He whom sea-sever'd realms obey, and he	
Who steals his whole dominion from the waste,	
Repelling winter blasts with mud and straw,	_
Disquieted alike, draw sigh for sigh,	35
In fate so distant, in complaint so near?	
Is it that things terrestrial can't content?	
Deep in rich pasture, will thy flocks complain?	•
Not so; but to their master is denied	
To share their sweet serene. Man, ill at ease	40
In this, not his own place, this foreign field,	
Where Nature fodders him with other food	
Than was ordain'd his cravings to suffice,	
Poor in abundance, famish'd at a feast,	
Sighs on for something more, when most enjoy'd	1. 45
Is Heaven then kinder to thy flocks than thee?	
Not so; thy pasture richer, but remote;	•
In part remote; for that remoter part	
Man bleats from instinct, though, perhaps, debau	ıch'd
By sense, his reason sleeps, nor dreams the caus	
The cause how obvious, when his reason wakes	!
His grief is but his grandeur in disguise,	
And discontent is immortality!	
Shall sons of Ether, shall the blood of Heaven	
Set up their hopes on earth, and stable here,	55
With brutal acquiescence in the mire?	
Lorenzo! no; they shall be nobly pain'd:	
The glorious foreigners, distress'd, shall sigh	
On thrones, and thou congratulate the sigh.	
Man's misery declares him born for bliss;	69
His anxious heart asserts the truth I sing,	
And gives the sceptic in his head—the lie.	
Our heads, our hearts, our passions, and our po	werr.
Speak the same language; call us to the skies:	
Unripen'd these, in this inclement clime,	65
Scarce rise shove conjecture and mistake	

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED. 133 And for this land of trifles those too strong Tumultuous rise, and tempest human life. What prize on earth can pay us for the storm? Meet objects for our passions Heaven ordain'd. 70. Objects that challenge all their fire, and leave No fault but in defect. Bless'd Heaven! avert A hounded ardour for unbounded bliss! O for a bliss unbounded! far beneath A soul immortal is a mortal joy. 7E Nor are our powers to perish immature: But after feeble effort here, beneath A brighter sun, and in a nobler soil, Transplanted from this sublunary bed. Shall flourish fair, and put forth all their bloom. 80 Reason progressive, instinct is complete; Swift Instinct leaps; slow Reason feebly climbs Brutes soon their zenith reach: their little all Flows in at once; in ages they no more Could know, or do, or covet, or enjoy. Were man to live coeval with the Sun. The patriarch-pupil would be learning still. Yet, dying, leave his lesson half-unlearn'd. Men perish in advance, as if the Sun Should set ere noon, in eastern occans drown'd: 90 If fit, with dim, illustrious to compare, The Sun's meridian with the soul of man. To man why, stepdame Nature! so severe? Why thrown aside thy masterpiece half-wrought, While meaner efforts thy last hand enjoy? 95 Or if, abortively, poor man must die, Nor reach what reach he might, why die in dread? Why cursed with foresight? wise to misery? Why of his proud prerogative the prey? Why less preeminent in rank than pain? 100 His immortality alone can tell; Full ample fund to balance all amiss, And turn the scale in favour of the just! His immortality alone can solve

	•	
	134 THE COMPLAINT	# . 711.
	That darkest of enigmas, human hope;	105
/	Of all the darkest, if at death we die.	
	Hope, eager Hope, the' assassin of our joy,	•
	All present blessings treading under foot,	
	Is scarce a milder tyrant than Despair.	
	With no past toils content, still planning new.	110
	Hope turns us o'er to Death alone for ease.	
	Possession, why more tasteless than pursuit?	
	Why is a wish far dearer than a crown?	
	That wish accomplish'd, why the grave of bliss?	
	Because in the great future buried deep,	115
	Beyond our plans of empire and renown,	210
	Lies all that man with ardour should pursue;	
	And He who made him bent him to the right.	
	Man's heart the' Almighty to the future sets.	
	By secret and inviolable springs;	190
	And makes his hope his sublunary joy.	
	Man's heart eats all things, and is hungry still;	
	'More, more!' the glutton cries: for something	new
	So rages appetite; if man can't mount,	
	He will descend. He starves on the possess'd;	125
	Hence, the world's master, from Ambition's spire	
	In Caprea plunged, and dived beneath the brute.	,
	In that rank sty why wallow'd Empire's son	
	Supreme?—Because he could no higher fly:	
	His riot was Ambition in despair.	130
	Old Rome consulted birds: Lorenzo! thou	100
	With more success the flight of Hope survey,	
	Of restless Hope for ever on the wing.	
	High perch'd o'er every thought that falcon sits.	
	To fly at all that rises in her sight:	135
	And never stooping, but to mount again	100
	Next moment, she betrays her aim's mistake,	
	And owns her quarry lodged beyond the grave	
	There should it fail us, (it must fail us there,	
	If being fails) more mournful riddles rise,	148
	And virtue vies with hope in mystery.	140
	Why virtue? where its praise, its being, fled?	

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	135
Virtue is true self-interest pursued;	
What true self-interest of quite mortal man?	
To close with all that makes him happy here.	145
If vice (as sometimes) is our friend on earth,	
Then vice is virtue; 'tis our sovereign good.	
In self-applause is virtue's golden prize?	
No self applause attends it on thy scheme	
Whence self-applause? from conscience of the ri	ght;
And what is right, but means of happiness?	151
No means of happiness when virtue yields;	
That basis failing falls the building too,	
And lays in ruin every virtuous joy.	
The rigid guardian of a blameless heart,	155
So long revered, so long reputed wise,	
Is weak, with rank knight-errantries o'errun.	
Why beats thy bosom with illustrious dreams	
Of self-exposure, laudable and great?	
Of gallant enterprise, and glorious death?	160
Die for thy country?—thou romantic rool!	
Seize, seize the plank thyself, and let her sink.	
Thy country! what to thee?—the Godhead, who	at!
(I speak with awe!) though He should bid thee b	
if, with thy blood, thy final hope is spilt?	165
Nor can Omnipotence reward the blow:	
Be deaf; preserve thy being; disobey.	
Nor is it disobedience. Know, Lorenzo!	,
Whate'er the' Almighty's subsequent command,	480
His first command is this :— Man, love thyself.	170
In this alone free agents are not free.	
Existence is the basis, bliss the prize;	
f virtue costs existence, 'tis a crime;	
Bold violation of our law supreme;	187
Black suicide; though nations, which consult	175
Their gain at thy expense, resound applause.	
Since Virtue's recompense is doubtful here, if man dies wholly; well may we demand	
Why is man suffer'd to be good, in vain?	

	136 THE COMPLAINT.	X. Y L
	Why to be good in vain is man betray'd? Betray'd by traitors lodged in his own breast, By sweet complacencies from virtue felt? Why whispers Nature lies on Virtue's part? Or if blind Instinct (which assumes the name Of sacred Conscience) plays the fool in man, Why Reason made accomplice in the cheat? Why are the wisest loudest in her praise?	195
	Or, at his peril, imitate his God? Since virtue sometimes ruins us on earth, Or both are true, or man survives the grave.	190
	Or man survives the grave; or own, Lorenzo, Thy boast supreme a wild absurdity. Dauntless thy spirit, cowards are thy scorn: Grant man immortal, and thy scorn is just. The man immortal, rationally brave,	195
	Dares rush on death—because he cannot die! But if man loses all when life is lost, He lives a coward, or a fool expires. A daring Infidel (and such there are, From pride, example, lucre, rage, revenge,	200
	Or pure heroical defect of thought) Of all earth's madmen most deserves a chain. When to the grave we follow the renown'd For valour, virtue, science, all we love, And all we praise; for worth, whose noontide be	205 am,
	Enabling us to think in higher style, Mends our ideas of ethereal powers; Dream we, that lustre of the moral world Goes out in stench, and rottenness the close? Why was he wise to know, and warm to praise,	210
	And strenuous to transcribe, in human life, The Mind Almighty? Could it be that Fate, Just when the lineaments began to shine, And dawn the Deity, should snatch the draught, With night eternal blot it out, and give The skies alarm, lest angels too might die?	215
• •		•

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	137
If human souls why not angelic too,	
Extinguish'd; and a solitary God,	220
O'er ghastly ruin frowning from his throne?	
Shall we this moment gaze on God in man,	
The next lose man for ever in the dust?	
From dust we disengage, or man mistakes;	
And there, where least his judgment fears a flaw.	995
Wisdom and worth how boldly he commends!	~~
Wisdom and worth are sacred names: revered	
Where not embraced; applauded! deified!	
Why not compassion'd too? if spirits die,	
Both are calamities, inflicted both	230
To make us but more wretched. Wisdom's eve	200
Acute, for what? to spy more miseries;	
And worth, so recompensed, new points their sting	
Or man surmounts the grave, or gain is loss,	, a.
And worth exalted humbles us the more.	235
	2500
Thou wilt not patronize a scheme that makes	
Weakness and vice the refuge of mankind.	
'Has virtue, then, no joys?'—Yes, joys dear bou	gue.
Talk ne'er so long in this imperfect state,	~
V M Suc and Vice are as estimated was:	240
Virtue's a combat; and who fights for nought,	
Or for precarious, or for small reward?	
Who Virtue's self-reward so loud resound,	
Would take degrees angelic here below,	
zame virtue, winte mey compriment, nearly,	245
By feeble motives and unfaithful guards.	
The crown, the' unfading crown, her soul inspires	;
'Tis that and that alone can countervail	
The body's treacheries and the world's assaults.	
On our on poor pay our running a virtue area,	250
Truth incontestable! in spite of all	
A Bayle has preach'd, or a Voltaire believed.	
In man the more we dive, the more we see	
Heaven's signet stamping an immortal make.	
	155
Sustaining all, what find we? knowledge, love!	
12 *	

As light and heat, essential to the Sun. These to the soul: and why, if souls expire? How little lovely here? how little known? Small knowledge we dig up with endless toil. And love unfeign'd may purchase perfect hate. Why starved, on earth, our angel appetites; While brutal are indulged their fulsome fill? Were then capacities divine conferr'd, As a mock diadem, in savage sport, 265 Rank insult of our pompous poverty, Which reaps but pain from seeming claims so fair? In future age lies no redress? and shuts Eternity the door on our complaint? If so, for what strange ends were mortals made. The worst to wallow, and the best to weep; The man who merits most must most complain Can we conceive a disregard in Heaven, What the worst perpetrate, or best endure? This cannot be. To love and know, in man 275 Is boundless appetite and boundless power. And these demonstrate boundless objects too. Objects, powers, appetites, Heaven suits in all. Nor, Nature through, e'er violates this sweet Eternal concord on her tuneful string. 280 Is man the sole exception from her laws? Eternity struck off from human hope. (I speak with truth, but veneration too) Man is a monster, the reproach of Heaven, A stain, a dark impenetrable cloud 285 On Nature's beauteous aspect, and deforms, (Amazing blot!) deforms her with her lord. If such is man's allotment, what is Heaven? Or own the soul immortal, or blaspheme. Or own the soul immortal, or invert 290 All order. Go, mock majesty! go, man And bow to thy superiors of the stall, Through every scene of sense superior far

They graze the turf untill'd, they drink the stream

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	139
Unbrew'd, and ever full, and unimbitter'd	295
With doubts, fears, fruitless hopes, regrets, desp	airs,
Mankind's peculiar! Reason's precious dower!	,*
No foreign clime they ransack for their robes,	•
Nor brothers cite to the litigious bar;	
Their good is good entire, unmix'd, unmarr'd;	300
They find a paradise in every field,	
On boughs forbidden where no curses hang.	
Their ill no more than strikes the sense, unstret	ch'd
By previous dread, or murmur in the rear:	
When the worst comes, it comes unfear'd; one	
Begins and ends their woo: they die but once;	306
Bless'd, incommunicable orivilege! for which	_
Proud man, who rules the globe and reads the st	tars,
Philosopher or hero, sighs in vain.	014
Account for this preregative in brutes. No day, no glimpse of day, to solve the knot,	310
But what beams on it from Eternity.	
O sole and sweet solution: that unties	
The difficult, and softens the severe;	
The cloud on Nature's beauteous face dispels;	315
Restores bright order; casts the brute beneath,	010
And reinthrones us in supremacy	
Of joy, e'en here. Admit immortal life,	
And virtue is knight-errantry no more;	
Each virtue brings in hand a golden dower,	320
Far richer in reversion: Hope exults,	
And though much bitter in our cup is thrown,	
Precominates, and gives the taste of Heaven.	
O wherefore is the Deity so kind?	
Astonishing beyond astonishment!	325
Heaven our reward—for heaven enjoy'd below. Still unsubdued thy stubborn heart?—for the	re
The traitor lurks who doubts the truth I sing .	
Reason is guiltless; Will alone rebels.—	4
What, in that stubborn heart, if I should find	330
New, unexpected witnesses against thee?	
Ambition, Pleasure, and the Love of Gain	

Canst thou suspect that these, which make the	oul
The slave of earth, should own her heir of Heav	en?
Canst thou suspect what makes us disbelieve	33
Our immortality should prove it sure?	
First, then, Ambition summon to the bar.	
Ambition's shame, extravagance, disgust,	
And inextinguishable nature, speak:	
Each much deposes; hear them in their turn.	340
The soul, how passionately fond of fame!	•
How anxious that fond passion to conceal!	
We blush, detected in designs on praise.	
Though for best deeds, and from the best of men	:
And why? because immortal. Art divine	345
Has made the body tutor to the soul;	
Heaven kindly gives our blood a moral flow,	
Bids it ascend the glowing cheek, and there	
Upbraid that little heart's inglorious aim,	
Which stoops to court a character from man;	354
While o'er us, in tremendous judgment, sit	
Far more than man, with endless praise and blan	10.
Ambition's boundless appetite outspeaks	
The verdict of its shame. When souls take fire	
At high presumptions of their own desert,	355
One age is poor applause: the mighty shout,	
The thunder by the living few begun,	
Late Time must echo, worlds unborn resound.	
We wish our names eternally to live;	
Wild dream! which ne'er had haunted human thou	ight,
Had not our natures been eternal too.	361
Instinct points out an interest in hereafter,	
But our blind reason sees not where it lies.	
Or, seeing, gives the substance for the shade.	
Fame is the shade of Immortality,	365
And in itself a shadow; soon as caught	
Contemn'd, it shrinks to nothing in the grasp.	
Consult the' ambitious, 'tis Ambition's cure	
'And is this all?' cried Cæsar, at his hoight,	
Disgusted. This third proof Ambition brings	370

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	141
mortality. The first in fame,	
ve him near, your envy will abate:	
ed at the disproportion vast between	٠.
assion and the purchase, he will sigh	
ch success, and blush at his renown.	375
rhy? because far richer prize invites	
eart; far more illustrious glory calls;	
s in whispers, yet the deafest hear.	
l can Ambition a fourth proof supply?	
, and stronger than the former three;	380
aite o'erlook'd by some reputed wise.	
rh disappointments in ambition pain,	
hough success disgusts, yet still, Lorenzo	
n we strive to pluck it from our hearts,	385
iture planted for the noblest ends.	300
d the famed advice to Pyrrhus given,	٠.
praised than ponder'd; specious, but unsour that hero's sword the world had quell'd,	14 :
reason his ambition. Man must soar;	•
stinate activity within,	390
suppressive spring, will toss him up	•
te of Fortune's load. Not kings alone,	
villager has his ambition too:	
ltan prouder than his fetter'd slave.	
s build their little Babylons of straw,	395
the proud Assyrian in their hearts,	
ry,—'Behold the wonders of my might!'	
why? because immortal as their lord;	
ouls immortal must for ever heave	
mething great; the glitter or the gold;	400
raise of mortals, or the praise of Heaven!	
r absolutely vain is human praise,	
human is supported by divine.	
troduce Lorenzo to himself;	
ure and Pride (bad masters!) share our hearts	ı. 105
ve of pleasure is ordain'd to guard	
feed our bodies, and extend our race;	
ove of praise is planted to protect	

•

142 THE COMPLAINT.	w. vii
And propagate—the glories of the mind!	
What is it, but the love of praise, inspires,	410
Matures, refines, embellishes, exalts,	
Earth's happiness? from that the delicate,	
The grand, the marvellous, of civil life,	
Want and convenience, under-workers, lay	,
The basis on which love of glory builds.	415
Nor is thy life, O Virtue! less in debt	
To praise, thy secret stimulating friend.	
Were men not proud, what merit should w	e miss
Pride made the virtues of the Pagan world	
Praise is the salt that seasons right to man	
And whets his appetite for moral good.	.,
Thirst of applause is Virtue's second guard	1.
Reason her first; but Reason wants an aid	
Our private Reason is a flatterer;	,
Thirst of applause calls public judgment in	. 495
To poise our own, to keep an even scale,	
And give endanger'd Virtue fairer play.	
Here a fifth proof arises, stronger still.	
Why this so nice construction of our heart.	. ?
These delicate moralities of sense,	430
This constitutional reserve of aid	-
To succour Virtue when our Reason fails:	
If Virtue, kept alive by care and toil,	
And oft the mark of injuries on earth,	
When labour'd to maturity (its bill	436
Of disciplines and pains unpaid) must die?	
Why freighted rich to dash against a rock	•
Were man to perish when most fit to live,	•
O how mispent were all these stratagems,	
By skill divine inwoven in our frame!	440
Where are Heaven's holiness and mercy fle	
Laughs Heaven, at once, at virtue and at n	
If not, why that discouraged, this destroy'd	
Thus far Ambition: what says Avarice?	•—-
This her chief maxim, which has long been	thine . 445
The wise and wealthy are the same '—I g	mane de
Two time and accretion are me same 1	rack R.

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THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	143
ore up treasure with incessant toil,	ė
is man's province, this his highest praise:	
is great end keen Instinct stings him on:	,
mide that instinct, Reason! is thy charge;	450
hine to tell us where true treasure lies .	
leason, failing to discharge her trusted	
the deaf discharging it in vain,	
nder follows; and blind Industry,	
d by the spur, but stranger to the course,	455
course where stakes of more than gold are	won)
pading with the cares of distant age	•
aded spirits of the present hour,	
des for an eternity nerow.	
hou shalt not covet,' as a wise command,	460
ounded to the wealth the Sun surveys.	
farther, the command stands quite reversed	i,
warice is a virtue most divino.	
ith a refuge for our happiness?—	
sure; and is it not for reason too?	465
ng this world unriddles but the next.	
ice inextinguishable thirst of gain?	
inextinguishable life in man:	
if not meant, by worth, to reach the skies,	
vanted wing to fly so far in guilt.	470
grapes, I grant, ambition, avarice;	
ill their root is immortality:	
its wild growths, so bitter and so base,	
and reproach!) religion can reclaim.	
, exalt, throw down their poisonous lee,	475
nake them sparkle in the bowl of bliss.	
, the third witness laughs at bliss remote,	
alsely promises an Eden here:	_
she shall speak for once, though prone to l	
mon cheat, and Pleasure is her name.	480
easure never was Lorenzo deaf;	
hear her now, now first thy real friend.	•
ce Nature made us not more fond than prov	ıd
ppiness, (whence hypocrites in joy!	

• •

144 THE COMPLAINT.	TI
Makers of mirth! artificers of smiles!)	485
Why should the joy most poignant sense affords	
Burn us with blushes, and rebuke our pride -	
Those heaven-born blushes tell us man descends,	
E'en in the zenith of his earthly bliss:	
Snould Reason take her infidel repose,	493
This honest instinct speaks our lineage high;	
This instinct calls on darkness to conceal	
Our rapturous relation to the stalls.	
Our glory covers us with noble shame,	
And he that's unconfounded is unmann'd.	495
The man that blushes is not quite a brute.	
Thus far with thee, I oreazo' will I close,—	
Pleasure is good, and man for pleasure made;	
But pleasure, full of glory as of joy;	
Pleasure, which neither blushes nor expires.	500
The witnesses are heard, the cause is o'er;	
Let Conscience file the sentence in her court:	
Dearer than deeds that half a realm convey,	
Thus, seal'd by Truth, the authentic record runs.	EAE.
'Know all; know, Infidels,—unapt to know!	506
Tis immortality your nature solves;	
*Tis immortality deciphers man, And opens all the mysterics of his make -	•
Without it, half his instincts are a riddle,	
Without it, all his virtues are a dream:	510
His very crimes attest his dignity;	0.10
His sateless thirst of pleasure, gold, and fame,	
Declares him born for blessings infinite.	
What less than infinite makes unabsurd	
Passions, which all on earth but more inflames?	515
Fierce passions, so mismeasured to this scene,	
Stretch'd out, like eagles' wings, beyond our nest.	
Far, far beyond the worth of all below,	
For earth too large, presage a nobler flight,	
And evidence our title to the skies.'	590
Ye gentle theologues of calmer kind!	
Whose constitution dictates to your pen,	

Who, cold yourselves, think ardour comes from	Hell
Think not our passions from corruption sprung,	
Though to corruption now they lend their wings	: 521
That is their mistress, not their mother. All	
(And justly) Reason deam divine: I see,	
I feel a grandeur in the passions too,	
Which speaks their high descent and glorious en	ıd:
Which speaks them rays of an eternal fire:	530
In Paradise itself they burn'd as strong,	
Ere Adam fell; though wiser in their aim.	
Like the proud Eastern, struck by Providence,	
What though our passions are run mad, and stoo	p,
With low terrestrial appetite, to graze	ີ່ 535
On trash, on toys, dethroned from high desire?	
Yet still, through their disgrace, a feeble ray	
Of greatness shines, and tells us whence they fel	1:
But these (like that tallen monarch when reclaim	ı'd)
When Reason moderates the reign aright,	540
Shall reascend, femount their former sphere,	
Where once they soar'd illustrious, ere seduced,	
By wanter Eve's debauch, to stroll on earth,	
And set the sublunary world on fire.	
But grant their frenzy lasts; their frenzy fails	545
To disappoint one providential end,	
For which Heaven blew up ardour in our hearts	
Were Reason silent, boundless Passion speaks	
A future scene of boundless objects too,	
And brings glad tidings of eternal day.	550
Eternal day! 'tis that enlightens all;	
And all, by that enlighten'd, proves it sure.	
Consider man as an immortal being,	
Intelligible all, and all is great;	
A crystalline transparency prevails,	555
And strikes full lustre through the human sphere	;
Consider man as mortal, all is dark	
And wretched; Reason weeps at the survey.	
The learn'd Lorenzo cries, 'And let her weep;	
Weak modern Reason: ancient times were wise.	560

Authority, that venerable guide,
Stands on my part; the famed Athenian Porch
(And who for wisdom so renown'd as they?)
Denied this immortality to man.'
I grant it; but affirm, they proved it too. 565
'A riddle this?'—Have patience; I'll explain.
What noble vanities, what moral flights,
Glittering through their romantic Wisdom's page,
Make us, at once, despise them and admire!
Fable is flat to these high-season'd sires; 570
They leave the' extravagance of song below.
Flesh shall not feel, or, feeling, shall enjoy
The dagger or the rack; to them, alike
A bed of roses, or the burning bull.'
In men exploding all beyond the grave, 575
Strange doctrine this! as doctrine it was strange,
But not as prophecy; for such it proved,
And, to their own amazement, was fulfilled:
They feign'd a firmness Christians need not feign.
The Christian truly triumph'd in the flame; 580
The Stoic saw, in double wonder lost,
Wonder at them, and wonder at himself,
To find the bol i adventures of his thought
Not bold, and that he strove to lie in vain.
Whence, then, those thoughts? those towering
thoughts, that flew 565
Such monstrous heights?—From instinct and from pride.
The glorious instinct of a deathless soul.
Confusedly conscious of her dignity,
Suggested truths they could not understand.
In Lust's dominion, and in Passion's storm, 550
'I'ruth's system broken, scatter'd fragments lay,
As light in chaos, glimmering through the gloom •
Smit with the pomp of lofty sentiments,
Pleased Pride proclaim'd what Reason disbelieved.
Pride, like the Delphic priestess, with a swell, 595
Raved nonsense, destined to be future sense,
When life immortal, in full day should shine;

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

And Death's dark shadows fly the gospel-sun.

They spoke what nothing but immortal souls

Could speak: and thus the truth they question'd

proved. 600

Can, then, absurdities, as well as crimes,
Speak man immortal?' All things speak him so.
Much has been urged; and dost thou call for more?
Call, and with endless questions be distress'd,
All unresolvable, if earth is all.

'Why life, a moment? infinite, desire?
Our wish, eternity? our home, the grave?
Heaven's promise dormant lies in human hope;

Heaven's promise dormant lies in human hope;
Who wishes life immortal proves it too.
Why happiness pursued, though never found!
Man's thirst of happiness doclares it is
(For Nature never gravitates to nought);
That thirst unquench'd, declares It is not here.

My Lucia, thy Clarissa, call to thought;
Why cordial friendship riveted so deep,
As hearts to pierce at first, at parting rend,
If friend and friendship vanish in an hour?
Is not this torment in the mask of joy?
Why by reflection marr'd the joys of sense?
Why past and future preying on our hearts,
And putting all our present joys to death?

Why labours Reason? Instinct were as well;
Instinct far better: what can choose can err.
O how infallible the thoughtless brute!
'Twere well his Holiness were half as sure.
Reason with Inclination why at war?

Why sense of guilt? why conscience up in arms?

Conscience of guilt is prophecy of pain,
And bosom-counsel to decline the blow.
Reason with Inclination ne'er had jarr'd,
If nothing future paid forbearance here.
Thus on—these, and a thousand pleas uncall'd,
All promise, some insure, a second scene;
Which, were it doubtful, would be dearer far
Than all things else most certain; were it false.

What truth on earth so precious as the lis?
This world it gives us, let what will ensue;
This world it gives in that high cordial, hope;
The future of the present is the soul.
How this life groans, when sever'd from the next! 660
Poor mutilated wretch, that disbelieves!
By dark distrust his being cut in two,
In both parts perishes; life void of joy,
Sad prelude of eternity in pain!

Couldst thou persuade me the next life could fail 645 Our ardent wishes, how should I pour out My bleeding heart in anguish, new as deep! Oh! with what thoughts thy hope, and my despair Abhorr'd Annihilation! blasts the soul. And wide extends the bounds of human woe! 650 Could I believe Lorenzo's system true. In this black channel would my ravings run :---'Grief from the future borrow'd peace, erewhile. The future vanish'd! and the present pain'd? Strange import of unprecedented ill! **G55** Fall how profound! like Lucifer's the fall! Unequal fate! his fall, without his guilt! From where fond Hope built her pavilion high, The gods among, hurl'd headlong, hurl'd at once To night! to nothing! darker still then night! GGO If 'twas a dream, why wake me my worst foe, Lorenzo! boastful of the name of friend!

Lorenzo! beastful of the name of friend!

O for delusion! O for error still!

Could vengeance strike much stronger than to plant
A thinking being in a world like this,
665

Not over rich before, now beggar'd quite,
More cursed than at the fall!—The Sun goes out!
The thorns shoot up! what thorns in every thought!
Why sense of better? it imbitters worse.
Why sense? why life? if but to sigh, then sink
To what I was! twice nothing! and much woe!

Woe from Heaven's bounties! woe from what was wont To flatter most, high intellectual powers.

Thought, virtue, knowledge! blessings, by thy scheme,

•	
THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	149
All poison'd into pains. First, knowledge, once	675
My soul's ambition, now her greatest dread.	
To know myself, true wisdom ?—No, to shun	
That shocking science, parent of Despair!	
Avert thy mirror; if I see, I die.	
'Know my Creator? climb his bless'd abode	680
By painful speculation, pierce the vail,	
Dive in his nature, read his attributes,	
And gaze in admiration—on a foe,	
Obtruding life, withholding happiness!	
From the full rivers that surround his throne,	685
Not letting fall one drop of joy on man;	
Man gasping for one drop, that he might cease	
To curse his birth, nor envy reptiles more!	
Yo sable clouds! ye darkest shades of night!	
Hide him, for ever hide him, from my thought,	690
Once all my comfort, source and soul of joy!	
Now leagued with furies, and with thee, against-	me.
'Know his achievements? study his renown?	
Contemplate this amazing Universe,	
Dropp'd from his hand with miracles replete!	695
For what? mid miracles of nobler name,	
To find one miracle of misery?	
To find the being, which alone can know	
And praise his works, a blemish on his praise!	
Through Nature's ample range, in thought to stro	•
And start at man, the single mourner there,	701
Breathing high hope! chain'd down to pangs and de	ath!
'Knowing is suffering: and shall Virtue share	
The sigh of Knowledge?—Virtue shares the sigh	
By straining up the steep of excellent,	705
By battles fought, and from temptation won,	
What gains she but the pang of seeing worth,	
Angelic worth, soon sluffled in the dark	
With every vice, and swept to brutal dust?	
Merit is madness, virtue is a crime,	710
A crime to reason, if it costs us pain	•
. * Lorenzo.	
1.3 *	

Unnaid: what pain, amidst a thousand more. To think the most abandon'd, after days Of triumph o'er their betters, find in death As soft a pillow, nor make fouler clay! 115 'Duty! religion !-these, our duty done. Imply reward. Religion is mistake. Duty !-- there's none, but to repel the cheat. Ye cheats! away: ye daughters of my pride. Who feign yourselves the favourites of the skies. 720 Ye towering hopes! abortive energies! That toss and struggle in my lying breast, To scale the skies, and build presumptions there. As I were heir of an eternity. Vain, vain ambitions! trouble me no more. 725 Why travel far in quest of sure defeat? As bounded as my being be my wish. All is inverted. Wisdom is a fool. Sense! take the rein; blind Passion! drive us on: And, Ignorance! befriend us on our way; 730 Yo new, but truest patrons of our peace! Yes, give the pulse full empire; live the brute. Since as the brute we die: the sum of man, Of godlike man! to revel and to rot. But not on equal terms with other brutes; 735 Their revels a more poignant relish yield. And safer too; they never poisons choose. Instinct than Reason makes more wholesome meals, And sends all-marring Murmur far away. For sensual life they best philosophize, 740 Theirs that serene the sages sought in vain: "Tis man alone expostulates with Heaven; His all the power and all the cause to mourn. Shall human eyes alone dissolve in tears? And bleed in anguish none but human hearts:

The wide-stretch'd realm of intellectual woe, Surpassing sensual far, is all our own. In life so fatally distinguish'd, why

Cast in one lot, confounded, lump'd in death?

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

'Ere yet in being, was mankind in guilt?
Why thunder'd this poculiar clause against us,
"All-mortal, and all-wretched!"—Have the akies
Reasons of state their subjects may not scan,
Nor humbly reason when they sorely sigh?—
"All-mortal and all-wretched!"—'Tis too much,
Unparallel'd in Nature: 'tis too much,
On being unrequested at thy hands,
Omnipotent! for I see nought but power.
'And why see that? why thought! To toil and eat,

Then make our bed in darkness, needs no thought. 760 What superfluities are reasoning souls! Oh! give eternity, or thought destroy. But without thought our curse were half unfelt : Its blunted edge would spare the throbbing heart, And therefore 'tis bestow'd. I thank thee, Reason! For aiding Life's too small calamities. 766 And giving being to the dread of death. Such are thy bounties !- Was it then too much For me to trespass on the brutal rights? Too much for Heaven to make one emmet more? 770 Too much for Chaos to permit my mass A longer stay with essences unwrought, Unfashion'd, untormented into man? Wretched preferment to this round of pains! Wretched capacity of frenzy, thought! 775 Wratched capacity of dying, life !

wratened capacity of dying, life:
Life, Thought, Worth, Wisdom, all (O foul revolt')
Once friends to peace gone over to the foe.
'Death, them, has changed its nature too. O Death!
Come to my bosom, thou best gift of Heaven!
Rest friend of man! since man is man no more.

Best friend of man! since man is man no more.
Why in this thorny wilderness so long,
Since there 's no promised land's ambrosial bower,
To pay me with its honey for my stings?
If needful to the selfish schemes of Heaven
To sting us sore, why mock'd our misery?

Why this so sumptuous insult o'er our heads?

¹ 52	THE C	COMPLAINT.

Why this illustrious canopy display'd?	
Why so magnificently lodged, Despair?	
At stated periods, sure-returning, roll	79
These glorious orbs, that mortals may compute	
Their length of labours and of pains, nor lose	
Their misery's full measure ?-Smiles with flower	
And fruits, promiscuous, ever teeming earth,	
That man may languish in luxurious scenes,	790
And in an Eden mourn his wither'd joys?	
Claim earth and skies man's admiration, due	
For such delights? bless'd animals! too wise	
To wonder, and too happy to complain!	
'Our doom decreed demands a mournful scene:	806
Why not a dungeon dark for the condemn'd	
Why not the dragon's subterranean de	
For man to how liv not his about	
If the same dismal colour with his fate?	
A Thebes, a Babylon, at vast expense	806
Of time, toil, treasure, art, for owls and adders	
As congruous as for man this lofty dome,	
Which prompts proud thought, and kindles high des	ire
If, from her humble chamber in the dust,	
While proud thought swells, and high desire inflan	nes
• •	811
And round us Death's inexorable hand	
Draws the dark curtain close, undrawn no more.	
'Undrawn no more !-behind the cloud of dcath	,
	815
That sable cloud, and turn'd it all to gold.	
How the grave's alter'd! fathomless as hell!	
A real hell to those who dream'd of Heaven.	
Annihilation! how it yawns before me;	
Next moment I may drop from thought, from sens	8,
	891
An outcast from existence! and this spirit,	
This all-pervading, this all-conscious soul,	
This particle of energy divine,	
Which travels Nature, flies from star to star,	895

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	153
And visits gods, and emulates their powers,	
For ever is extinguish'd. Horror! death!	
Death of that death I fearless once survey'd!-	
When horror universal shall descend,	
And Heaven's dark concave urn all human race	830
On that enormous, unrefunding tomb,	
How just this verse; this monumental sigh!'-	
"Beneath the lumber of demolish'd worlds,	
Deep in the rubbish of the general wrock,	
Swept ignominious to the common mass	835
Of matter, never dignified with life,	
Here lie proud rationals; the sons of Heaven!	
The lords of Earth! the property of worms!	
Beings of yesterday, and no to-morrow!	
Who lived in terror, and in pangs expired!	84 0
All gone to rot in chaos, or to make	
Their happy transit into blocks or brutes,	
Nor longer sully their Creator's name."	
Lorenzo! hear, pause, ponder, and pronounce	
,	845
Mankind's historian, though divine, might weep,	
And dares Lorenzo smile?—I know thee proud!	
For once let pride befriend thee: Pride looks pale	
At such a scene, and sighs for something more.	
Amid thy boasts, presumptions, and displays,	850
And art thou then a shadow? less than shade?	
A nothing? less than nothing? To have been,	
and not to be, is lower than unborn.	
Art thou ambitious? why then make the worm	
Thine equal?—Runs thy taste of pleasure high?	855
Why patronize sure death of every joy?—	
Charm riches? why choose beggary in the grave,	
Of every hope a bankrupt! and for ever?—	
Ambition, Pleasure, Avarice persuade thee	
	960
They lately proved,* thy soul's supreme desire!	•
What art thou made of? rather, how unmade?	
"In the Sixth Night.	

1111 OOMIT DUINT	. 4225
Great Naturo's master-appetite destroy'd,	
Is endless life and happiness despised?	
Or both wish'd here, where neither can be found.	865
Such man's perverse eternal war with Heaven!	
Darest thou persist? and is there nought on earth	ı
But a long train of transitory forms,	
Rising and breaking millions in an hour?	
Bubbles of a fantastic deity, blown up	870
In sport, and then in cruelty destroy'd?	
Oh! for what crime, unmerciful Lorenzo!	
Destroys thy scheme the whole of human race?	
Kind is fell Lucifer compared to thee.	
Oh! spare this waste of being half divine,	875
And vindicate the economy of Heaven.	
Heaven is all love; all joy in giving joy;	
It never had created but to bless;	
And shall it then strike off the list of life	
A being bless'd, or worthy so to be?	880
Heaven starts at an annihilating God.	
Is that, all Nature starts at, thy desire?	•
Art such a clod to wish thyself all clay?	
What is that dreadful wish?—the dying groan	
Of Nature, murder'd by the blackest guilt.	886
What deadly poison has thy nature drunk?	
To Nature undebauch'd, no shock so great.	
Nature's first wish is endless happiness;	
Annihilation is an afterthought,	
A monstrous wish, unborn till Virtue dies,	
And, oh! what depth of horror lies enclosed!	
For nonexistence no man ever wish'd,	
But first he wish'd the Deity destroy'd.	
If so: what words are dark enough to draw	
Thy picture true? the darkest are too fair.	895
Beneath what baleful planet, in what hour	
of desperation, by what fury's aid,	
In what infernal posture of the soul,	
All hell invited, and all hell in joy	
At such a birth, a birth so near of kin,	ขบด

trumense effusions of his love!

sean of communicated bliss!

all-prodific, all-preserving God!

were a God indeed.—And such is man,

are presumed; he rises from his fall.

k'st thou Omnipotence a naked root,

blossom fair of Deity destroy'd?

ing is dead: nay, nothing sleeps; each soul,

ever animated human clay,

Now wakes, is on the wing: and where, O whe Will the swarm settle?—When the trumpet's a As sounding brass, collects us round Heaven's (Conglobed, we bask in everlasting day, (Paternal splendour!) and adhere for ever. Had not the soul this outlet to the skies, In this vast vessel of the universe How should we gasp, as in an empty void! How in the pangs of famish'd hope expire! How bright my prospect shines! how gloomy!

A trembling world and a devouring God! Earth but the shambles of Omnipotence! Heaven's face all stain'd with causeless mass Of countless millions, born to feel the pang Of being lost. Lorenzo! can it be? This bids us shudder at the thoughts of life! Who would be born to such a phantom world. Were nought substantial, but our misery? Where joy (if joy) but heightens our distress So soon to perish, and revive no more! The greater such a joy, the more it pains. A world so far from great, (and yet how great It shines to thee!) there's nothing real in it; Being, a shadow; consciousness, a dream: A dream how dreadful! universal blank Before it and behind! poor man, a spark From nonexistence struck by wrath divine. Glittering a moment, nor that moment sure. Midst upper, nether, and surrounding night. His sad, sure, sudden, and eternal tomb!

Lorenzo! dost thou feel these arguments? Or is there nought but vengeance can be felt? How hast thou dared the Deity dethrone? How dared indict him of a world like this? If such the world, Creation was a crime; For what is crime, but cause of misery? Retract, blasphemer! and unriddle this.

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	157
Of endless arguments above, below,	975
Without us, and within, the short result-	
If man's immortal, there's a God in heaven!'	
But wherefore such redundancy? such waste	
Of argument? one sets my soul at-rest;	
One obvious, and at hand, and, oh !at heart.	980
So just the skies, Philander's life so pain'd,	- • •
His heart so pure, that or succeeding scenes	
Have palms to give, or ne'er had he been born!	
'What an old tale is this!' Lorenzo cries	
I grant this argument is old; but truth	985
Management impair; and had not this been true,	
hou never hadst despised it for its age	
with is immortal as thy soul, and fable	
Las seeting as thy joys. Be wise, nor make	
thewen's highest blessing vengeance. O be wise!	990
make a curse of immortality!	
Bay, know'st thou what it is, or what thou art?	
mow'st thou the' importance of a soul immortal?	
worlds this midnight glory : worlds on worlds!	
Minating pomp; redouble this amaze!	995
an thousand add; add twice ten thousand more;	
han weigh the whole; one soul outweighs them	
and calls the astonishing magnificence	•
unintelligent creation poor.	

For this, believe not ma: no man believe; 1000
Trust not in words, but deeds; and deeds no less
Than those of the Supreme, nor his a few.
Consult them all; consulted, all proclaim
Thy soul's importance. Tremble at thyself,
For whom Omnipotence has waked so long; 1005
Has waked, and work'd for ages; from the birth
Of Nature to this unbelieving hour.

In this small province of his vast domain (All Nature bow while I pronounce his name!)
What has God done, and not for this sole end, 1010
To rescue souls from death? The soul's high price
Is writ in all the conduct of the skies

14

158 THE COMPLAINT.	W. VII
The soul's high price is the Creation's key	·_
Unlocks its mysteries, and naked lays	•
The genuine cause of every deed divine :	1015
That is the chain of ages which maintains	
Their obvious correspondents, and unites	
Most distant periods in one bless'd design :	
That is the mighty hinge on which have to	urn'd
All revolutions, whether we regard	1020
The natural, civil, or religious world;	
The former two, but servants to the third:	
To that their duty done, they both expire,	
Their mass new-cast, forgot their deeds rer	own'd.
And angels ask, 'Where once they shone s	o fair i
To lift us from this abject, to sublime;	1096
This flux, to permanent; this dark, to day	;
This foul, to pure; this turbid, to serene;	
This mean, to mighty ! for this glorious en	nd
The' Almighty, rising, his long sabbath bro	ke! 1030
The world was made, was ruin'd, was resto	
Laws from the skies were publish'd, were r	
On earth kings, kingdoms, rose; kings, king	doms, fell,
Famed sages lighted up the Pagan world;	
Prophets from Sion darted a keen glance	1035
Through distant age; saints travel'd, marty	rs bled;
By wonders sacred Nature stood control'd;	_
The living were translated; dead were raise	
Angels, and more than angels, came from H	
And, oh! for this descended lower still:	1040
Gilt was Hell's gloom; astonish'd at his gue	est,
For one short moment Lucifer adored.	
Lorenzo! and wilt thou do less?—For this	
That hallow'd page, fools scoff at, was inspir	•
Of all these truths, thrice-venerable code!	1045
Deists! perform your quarantine; and then	
Fall prostrate, ere you touch it, lest you die. Nor less intensely bent infernal powers	•
To mar, than those of light, this end to gain	
O what a scene is here !—Lorenzo! wake!	1050
what a scone is note Moronzo: wake:	1000

Rise to the thought; exert, expand thy soul To take the vast idea; it denies All else the name of great. Two warring worlds. Not Europe against Afric! warring worlds. Of more than mortal, mounted on the wing! 1055 On ardent wings of energy and zeal, High hovering o'er this little brand of strife. This sublunary ball.—But strife, for what? In their own cause conflicting! no: in thine. In man's. His single interest blows the flame: 1060 His the sole stake; his fate the trumpet sounds Which kindles war immortal. How it hurns! Tumultuous swarms of deities in arms: Force, force opposing, till the waves run high, And tempest Nature's universal sphere. 1065 Such opposites eternal, steadfast, stern, Such foes implacable are good and ill; Yet man, vain man, would mediate peace between them.

Think not this fiction: 'There was war in heaven.'
From heaven's high crystal mountain, where it hung,
The' Almighty's outstretch'd arm took down his bow,
And shot his indignation at the deep:
Rethunder'd Hell, and darted all her fires.—
And seems the stake of little moment still!
And slumbers man, who singly caused the storm? 1075
He sleeps.—And art thou shock'd at mysteries?
The greutest, thou. How dreadful to reflect
What ardour, care, and counsel mortals cause
In breasts divine! how little in their own!
Where'er I turn how new proofs own!

Where'er I turn, how new proofs pour upon me!
How happily this wondrous view supports
My former argument! how strongly strikes
Immortal life's full demonstration here!
Why this exertion? why this strange regard
From Heaven's Omnipotent indulged to man?— 1085
Because in man the glorious, dreadful power,
Extremely to be pain'd, or bless'd for ever.
Duration gives importance, swells the price.

An angel, if a creature of a day,
What would he be? a trifle of no weight.
Or stand or fall, no matter which, he's geas.
Because immortal, therefore is indulged
This strange regard of deities to dust.
Hence Heaven looks down on earth with all her eyes,
Hence, the soul's mighty moment in her sight;
Hence, every soul has partisans above,
And every thought a critic in the skies:
Hence clay, vi.e clay! has angels for its guard,
And every guard a passion for his charge:
Hence, from all age, the cabinot divine
Has held high counsel o'er the fate of man.

Nor have the clouds those gracious counsels hid Angels undrew the curtain of the throne. And Providence came forth to meet mankind: In various modes of emphasis and awe 1106 He spoke his will, and trembling Nature heard He spoke it loud, in thunder, and in storm: Witness thou, Sinai! whose cloud-cover'd height, And shaken basis, own'd the present God: 1110 Witness, ye billows! whose returning tide, Breaking the chain that fasten'd it in air, Swept Egypt and her menaces to hell. Witness, ve flames! the Assyrian tyrant blew To sevenfold rage, as impotent as strong: And thou, Earth! witness, whose expanding jaws 1115 Closed o'er Presumption's sacrilegious sons :* Has not each element, in turn, subscribed The soul's high price, and sworn it to the wise? Has not flame, ocean, ether, earthquake, strove To strike this truth through adamantine man? 1120 If not all adamant, Lorenzo! hear; All is delusion; Nature is wrapp'd up In tenfold night, from Reason's keenest eye: There's no consistence, meaning, plan or end. In all beneath the sun, in all above, 1125

* Korah, &c.

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	161
(As far as man can penetrate) or heaven	
Is an immense, inestimable prize;	
Or all is nothing, or that prize is all.—	
And shall each toy be still a match for heaven,	
And full equivalent for groans below?	1130
Who would not give a trifle to prevent	
What he would give a thousand worlds to cure	?
Lorenzo! thou hast seen (if thine to see)	
All Nature, and her God, (by Nature's course,	
And Nature's course control'd) declare for me.	1135
The skies above proclaim 'immortal man!'	
And 'man immortal!' all below resounds.	
The world's a system of theology,	
Read by the greatest strangers to the schools;	
If honest, learn'd; and sages o'er a plough.	1140
Is not, Lorenzo! then, imposed on thee	
This hard alternative, or to renounce	
Thy reason and thy sense, or to believe?	
What then is unbelief? 'tis an exploit,	
A strenuous enterprise; to gain it, man	1145
Must burst through every bar of common sense,	,
Of common shame, magnanimously wrong;	
And what rewards the sturdy combatant?—	
His prize, repentance; infamy, his crown.	
But wherefore infamy !—for want of faith	1150
Down the steep precipice of wrong he slides;	
There's nothing to support him in the right.	
Faith in the future wanting is, at least	
In embryo, every weakness, every guilt,	
And strong temptation ripens it to birth.	1155
If this life's gain invites him to the deed,	
Why not his country sold, his father slain?	
Tis virtue to pursue our good supreme,	
And his supreme, his only good, is here!	
Ambition, avarice, by the wise disdain'd,	1160
Le perfect wisdom while manking are fools,	
And think a turf or tombstone covers all:	
These find employment, and provide for sense.	
14 *	

A richer pasture, and a larger range; And sense, by right divine, ascends the throne. When Virtue's prize and prospect are no more. Virtue no more we think the will of Heaven. Would Heaven quite beggar Virtue, if beloved? ' Has Virtue charms?'—I grant her heavenly fair; But if unportion'd, all will Interest wed, 1170 Though that our admiration, this our choice. The virtues grow on Immortality; That root destroy'd they wither and expire. A Deity believed will nought avail: Rewards and punishments make God adored. 1175 And hopes and fears give Conscience all her power. As in the dying parent dies the child, Virtue with Immortality expires. Who tells me he denies his soul immortal. Whate'er his boast, has told me he's a knave. 1180 His duty 'tis to love himself alone, Nor care though mankind perish if he smiles. Who thinks ere long the man shall wholly die Is dead already; nought but brute survives. And are there such? Such candidates there are For more than death; for utter loss of being; 1186 Being, the basis of the Deity! Ask you the cause ?—the cause they will not tall: Nor need they. Oh, the sorceries of sense! 1190 They work this transformation on the soul, Dismount her like the serpent at the fall,

To lick the dust, and crawl in such a thought.

Is it in words to paint you? O ye Fallen!

Fallen from the wings of reason and of hope!

Erect in stature, prone in appetite!

Patrons of pleasure, posting into pain!

Lovers of argument, averse to sense!

Boasters of liberty! fast bound in chains!

Lords of the wide creation, and the shame!

Dismount her from her native wing (which soar'd Erewhile ethereal heights,) and throw her down More senseless than the' irrationals you scorn! More base than those you rule! than those you pity Far more undone! O ve most infamous Of beings, from superior dignity! 1205 Deepest in woe, from means of boundless bliss! Ye cursed by blessings infinite! because Most highly favour'd, most profoundly lost! Is motley mass of contradiction strong And are you, too, convinced your souls fly off 1210 In exhalation soft, and die in air, From the full flood of evidence against you? In the coarse drudgeries and sinks of sense, Your souls have quite worn out the make of Heaven. By vice new cast, and creatures of your own: 1215 But though you can deform, you can't destroy: To curse, not uncreate, is all your power.

Lorenzo! Liis black brotherhood renounca: Renounce St. Evremond, and read St. Paul, Ere rapp'd by miracle, by reason wing'd, 1220 His mounting mind made long abode in Heaven. This is freethinking, unconfined to parts, To send the soul, on curious travel bent, Through all the provinces of luman thought: To dart her flight through the whole sphere of man; Of this vast universe to make the tour: 1226 In each recuss of space and time at home, Familiar with their wonders; diving deep; And, like a prince of boundless interests there, Still most ambitious of the most remote; 1230 To look on truth unbroken and entire: Truth in the system, the full orb; where truths By truths enlighten'd and sustain'd, afford An archlike strong foundation, to support The' incumbent weight of absolute complete 1235 Conviction: here, the more we press, we stand More firm: who most examine, most believe. Parts, like half-sentences, confound; the whole Conveys the sense, and God is understood.

Who not in fragments writes to human race: Read his whole volume, sceptic! then reply.

This, this is thinking free, a thought that grasps Beyond a grain, and looks beyond an hour. Turn up thine eve, survey this midnight scene: What are earth's kingdoms to you boundless orbs, 1945 Of human souls, one day, the destined range? And what you boundless orbs to godlike man? Those numerous worlds that throng the firmament. And ask more space in Heaven, can roll at large In man's capacious thought, and still leave room 1250 For ampler orbs, for now creations there. Can such a soul contract itself, to gripe A point of no dimension, of no weight? It can; it does: the world is such a point; And of that point how small a part enslaves! 1255 How small a part-of nothing, shall I say? Why not?—Friends, our chief treasure, how they drop! Lucia, Narcissa fair, Philander, gone! The grave, like fabled Cerberus, has oped A triple mouth, and in an awful voice 1260 Loud calls my soul, and utters all I sing. How the world falls to pieces round about us. And leaves us in a ruin of our joy! What says this transportation of my friends? It bids me love the place where now they dwell. 1265 And scorn this wretched spot they leave so poor. Eternity's vast ocean lies before thee; There, there, Lorenzo! thy Clarissa sails. Give thy mind sea-room; keep it wide of earth, That rock of souls immortal; cut thy cord; Weigh anchor; spread thy sails; call every wind, Eye thy great Pole-star; make the land of Life! Two kinds of life has double-natured man,

And two of death; the last far more severe. Life animal is nurtured by the Sun, 1275 Thrives on his bounties, triumphs in his beams:

Life rational subsists on higher food,

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	165
Triumphant in His beams who made the day:	
When we leave that Sun, and are left by this	
(The fate of all who die in stubborn guilt,)	1280
'Tis utter darkness; strictly double death.	
We sink by no judicial stroke of Heaven,	
But nature's course; as sure as plummets fall.	
Since God or man must alter ere they meet,	
(Since light and darkness blend not in our sphere)	1285
Tis manifest, Lorenzo, who must change.	
If, then, that double death should prove thy lot	,
Blame not the bowels of the Deity;	
Man shall be bless'd, as far as man permits	
Not man alone, all rationals Heaven arms	1290
With an illustrious, but tremendous power,	
To counteract its own most gracious ends,	
And this of strict necessity, not choice;	
That power denied, men, angels, were no more	
But passive engines, void of praise or blame.	1295
A nature rational implies the power	
Of being bless'd or wretched, as we please;	
Else idle Reason would have nought to do,	
And he that would be barr'd capacity	42.0
Of pain, courts incapacity of bliss.	1300
Heaven wills our happiness, allows our doom,	
Invites us ardently, but not compels;	
Heaven but persuades, almighty man decrees.	
Man is the maker of immortal fates.	
Man falls by man, if finally he falls;	1305
And fall he must, who learns from death alone	
The dreadful secret,—that he lives for ever.	
Why this to thee :—thee yet, perhaps, in doubt	
Of second life? but wherefore doubtful still?	
Eternal life is Nature's ardent wish;	1310
What ardently we wish we soon believe	
Thy tardy faith declares that wish destroy'd:	
What has destroy'd it ?—shall I tell thee what?	
When fear'd the future, 'tis no longer wish'd;	
And when unwish'd, we strive to disbelieve.	1315

Thus Infidelity our guilt betrays.' Nor that the sole detection! Blush, Lorenzo! Blush for hypocrisy, if not for guilt. The future fear'd?—An infidel, and fear? Fear what? a dream? a fable?—How thy dread, 1390 Unwilling evidence, and therefore strong, Affords my cause an undesign'd support! How Disbelief affirms what it denies 'It, unawares, asserts immortal life.'-Surprising! Infidelity turns out 1395 A creed and a confession of our sins: Apostates, thus, are orthodox divines. Lorenzo! with Lorenzo clash no more. Nor longer a transparent vizor wear. Think'st thou Religion only has her mask? 1330 Our infidels are Satan's hypocrites. Pretend the worst, and, at the bottom, fail. When visited by thought (thought will intrude.) Like him they serve, they tremble and believe. Is there hypocrisy so foul as this? 133£ So fatal to the welfare of the world? What detestation, what contempt, their due! And, if unpaid, be thank'd for their escape, That Christian candour they strive hard to scorn. If not for that asylum, they might find 1340 A hell on earth, nor scape a worse below With insolence and impotence of thought. Instead of racking fancy to refute, Reform thy manners, and the truth enjoy .--But shall I dare confess the dire result? 1345 Can thy proud reason brook so black a brand? From purer manners to sublimer faith, Is Nature's unavoidable ascent. An honest Deist, where the Gospel shines, Matured to nobler, in the Christian ends. 1550 When that bless'd 'hange arrives, e'en cast aside This song superfluous: life immortal strikes Conviction in a flood of light divine.

THE INFIDEL RECLAIMED.	167
A Christian dwells, like Uriel,* in the Sun;	
Meridian evidence puts doubt to flight,	1355
And ardent hope anticipates the skies,	
Of that bright Sun, Lorenzo! scale the sphere:	
'Tis easy; it invites thee; it descends	
From Heaven, to woo and waft thee whence it c	ame.
Read and revere the sacred page, a page	1360
Where triumphs immortality; a page	
Which not the whole Creation could produce;	
Which not the Conflagration shall destroy:	
"Tis printed in the mind of gods for ever,	
In Nature's ruins not one letter lost.	1365
In proud disdain of what e'en gods adore,	
Dost smile ?-Poor wretch! thy guardian angel w	700ps,
Angels and men assent to what I sing;	•
Wits smile, and thank me for my midnight dream	a.
How vicious hearts fume frenzy to the brain!	1370
Parts push us on to pride, and pride to shame:	
Pert Infidelity is Wit's cockade,	
To grace the brazen brow that braves the skies,	
By loss of being dreadfully secure.	
Lorenzo! if thy doctrine wins the day,	1375
And drives my dreams, defeated, from the field;	
If this is all, if earth a final scene,	
Take heed: stand fast; be sure to be a knave;	
A knave in grain! ne'er deviate to the right.	
Shouldst thou be good—how infinite thy loss!	1380
Guilt only makes annihilation gain.	
Bless'd scheme ' which life deprives of comfort,	death
Of hope, and which vice only recommends.	

Annihilation! I confess in these.

What can reclaim you? dare I hope profound
Philosophers the converts of a song?

If so, where, Infidels! your bate thrown out To catch weak converts? where your lofty boast 1385

Of zeal for virtue, and of love to mau?

* Milton's Paradise Lost.

Yet know its title* flatters you, not me : 1398 Yours be the praise to make my title good: Mine to bless Heaven, and triumph in your plaise. But since so pestilential your disease. Though sovereign is the medicine I prescribe. As yet I'll neither triumph nor despair, 1395 But hope, ere long, my midnight dream will wake Your hearts, and teach your wisdom—to be wise: For why should souls immortal, made for bliss. E'er wish (and wish in vain!) that souls could die? What ne'er can die, oh! grant to live, and crown 1400 The wish, and aim, and labour of the skies: Increase, and enter on the joys of Heaven: Thus shall my title pass a sacred seal. Receive an imprimatur from above, While angels shout—an Infidel Reclaim'd! 1405 To close, Lorenzo! spite of all my pains. Still seems it strange that thou shouldst live for ever? Is it less strange that thou shouldst live at all? This is a miracle, and that no more. Who gave beginning can exclude an end. 1410 Deny thou art; then doubt if thou shalt be. A miracle with miracles enclosed Is man! and starts his faith at what is strange? What less than wonders from the wonderful? What less than miracles from God can flow? 1415 Admit a God-that mystery supreme! That cause uncaused! all other won lers cease: Nothing is marvellous for him to do: Deny nim-all is mystery besides; Millions of mysteries! each darker far 1420 That that thy wisdom would, unwisely shun. If weak thy faith, why choose the harder side? We nothing know but what is marvellous; Yet what is marvellous we can't believe. So weak our reason, and so great our God. 1495

* The Infidel Reclaimed.

What most surprises in the sacred page, Or full as strange, or stranger, must be true. Faith is not reason's labour, but repose.

To faith and virtue why so backward, man?
From hence;—the present strongly strikes us all; 1430
The future; faintly: can we, then, be men?
If men, Lorenzo! the reverse is right.
Reason is man's peculiar; sense the brute's.
The present is the scanty realm of Sense;
The future, Reason's empire unconfined:
On that expending all her godlike power,

She plans, provides, expatiates, triumphs, there:
There builds her blessings! there expects her praise;

And nothing asks of Fortune or of men.

And what is Reason? be she thus defined; 1440

Reason is upright stature in the soul.

Oh! be a man,—and strive to be a god.

'For what?' (thou say'st) to damp the joys of life? No; to give heart and substance to thy joys.

That tyrant, Hope, mark how she domineers; 1445
She bids us quit realities for dreams,
Safety and peace for hazard and alarm.

That tyrant o'er the tyrants of the seul,
She bids Ambition quit its taken prize,
Spurn the luxuriant branch on which it sits,
Though bearing crowns, to spring at distant game,
And plunge in toils and dangers—for repose.

If hope precarious, and of things, when gain'd,
Of little moment and as little stay,
Can sweeten toils and dangers into joys:

Can sweeten toils and dangers into joys; 14
What then that hope which nothing can defeat,
Our leave unask'd? rich hope of boundless bliss!
Bliss past man's power to paint it, Time's to close!

This hope is earth's most estimable prize;
This is man's portion, while no more than man: 1460
Hope, of all passions, most befriends us here;
Passions of prouder name befriends us less.
Joy has her tears, and transport has her death:

A bleen'd hereafter, then, or hoped or gain'd, is all,—our whole of keppinses! full proof. I choo no trivial or inglecious theme.

And know, ye fees to song! (well meaning men, 1475 Though quite forgetten* half your Bible's praise!)

Important truths, in quite of verse, may please:

Grave minds you praise, nor can you praise too much if there is weight in an eternity,

Let the grave listen,—and be graver still.

* The postic parts of it.

NIGHT VIII.

Virtue's Apology:

OR

THE MAN OF THE WORLD ANSWERED.

IN WHICH ARE CONSIDERED,

THE LOVE OF THIS LIFE; THE AMBITION AND PLEASURE, WITH THE WIT AND WISDOM,

OF THE WORLD.

And has all Nature, then, espoused my part? Have I bribed Heaven and Earth to plead against thee? And is thy soul immortal?—What remains? All, all, Lorenzo!—make immortal bless'd. Unbless'd immortals!—what can shock us more? And yet Lorenso still affects the world: There stows his treasure; thence his title draws, Man of the world! (for such wouldst thou be call'd) And art thou proud of that ingrorious style? Proud of reproach? for a reproach it was, 10 In ancient days, and Christian,-in an age When men were men, and not ashamed of Heaven,-Fired their ambition, as it crown'd their joy! Sprinkled with dews from the Castalian font, Fain would I rebaptize thee, and confer 15 A purer spirit, and a nobler name.

Thy fond attachments, fatal and inflamed,
Point out my path, and dictate to my song.
To thee the world how fair! how strongly strikes
Ambition! and gay Pleasure stronger still!
Thy triple bane! the triple bolt, that lays
Thy virtue dead; be these my triple theme;
Nor shall thy wit or wisdom be forgot.
Common the theme; not so the song, if she

٠.

My song invokes, Urania ' deigns to smile. 25 The charm that chains us to the world, her foe. If she dissolves, the man of earth, at once, Starts from his trance, and sighs for other scenes: Scenes, where these sparks of night, these stars, shall shine Unnumber'd suns (for all things, as they are. The bless'd behold,) and, in one glory, pour Their blended blaze on man's astonish'd sight: A blaze—the least illustrious object there. Lorenzo! since Eternal is at hand. To swallow Time's ambitions: as the vast Levisthan the bubbles vain that ride High on the foaming billow; what avail High titles, high descent, attainments high, If unattain'd our highest? O Lorenzo! · What lofty thoughts, these elements above. What towering hopes, what sallies from the Sun. What grand surveys of destiny divine, And pompous presage of unfathom'd fate. Should roll in bosoms where a spirit burns. Bound for Eternity! in bosoms read 45 By Him, who foibles in archangels sees! On human hearts he bends a jealous eve. And marks, and in Heaven's register enrols. The rise and progress of each option there; Sacred to Doomsday! that the page unfolds. 50 And spreads us to the gaze of gods and men. And what an option, O Lorenzo! thine! This world! and this, unrival'd by the skies! A world where lust of pleasure, grandeur, gold, Three demons that divide its realms between them, 55 With strokes alternate buffet to and fro Man's restless heart, their sport, their flying ball : Till, with the giddy circle sick and tired, It pants for peace, and drops into despair. Such is the world Lorenzo sets above 60 That glorious promise angels were esteem'd

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY.	173
Tco mean to bring; a promise their Adored	
Descended to communicate, and press,	
By counsel, miracle, life, death, on man.	
Such is the world Lorenzo's wisdom woos,	65
And on its thorny pillow seeks repose;	
A pillow which, like opiates ill prepared,	
Intoxicates, but not composes; fills	
The visionary mind with gay chimeras,	
All the wild trash of sleep, without the rest:	78
What unfeign'd travel, and what dreams of joy!	•••
How frail men, things! how momentary, both!	
Fantastic chase, of shadows hunting shades!	
The gay, the busy, equal, though unlike;	
Equal in wisdom, differently wise!	75
Through flowery meadows, and through dreary was	stes.
One bustling, and one dencing, into death.	,
There's not a day but, to the man of thought,	
Betrays some secret that throws new reproach	
On life, and makes him sick of seeing more.	80
The scenes of business tell us-' What are men;'	
The scenes of pleasure—' What is all beside:'	
There others we despise; and here ourselves.	`
Amid disgust eternal dwells delight?—	
Tis approbation strikes the string of joy.	85
What wondrous prize has kindled this careor,	
Stune with the din, and chokes us with the dust,	
On Life's gay stage, one inch above the grave?	
The proud run up and down in quest of eyes;	
The sensual, in pursuit of something worse;	90
The grave, of gold; the politic, of power;	
And all, of other butterflies as vain!	
As eddies draw things frivolous and light,	
How is man's heart by vanity drawn in!	
On the swift circle of returning toys	95
Whirl'd, strawlike, round and round, and then ingu	lfd.
Where men delucion derivers to demain!	

174

They flatter our fond hopes, and promise much Of amiable, but hold him not o'er wise Who dares to trust them, and laugh round the year. At still confiding, still confounded, man, Confiding though confounded; hoping on, Untaught by trial, unconvinced by proof, And ever looking for the never seen. Life to the last, like harden'd felons, lies, 130 Nor owns itself a cheat till it expires: Its little joys go out by one and one, And leave poor man, at length, in perfect night, Night darker than what now involves the pole.

O Thou, who dost permit these ills to fall For gracious ends, and wouldst that man should mourn! O Thou, whose hands this goodly fabric framed, Who know at it best, and wouldst that man should know!

175

What is this sublunary world? a vapour: A vapour all it holds; itself, a vapour; From the damp bed of Chaos, by the beam Exhaled, ordain'd to swim its destined hour In ambient air, then melt and disappear. Earth's days are number'd, nor remote her doom. As mortal, though less transient, than her sons ; Yet they dote on her, as the world and they 145 Were both eternal, solid: Thou a dream They dote, on what? immortal views apart. A region of outsides! a land of shadows! A fruitful field of flowery promises! A wilderness of joys! perplex'd with doubts. 150 And sharp with thorns! a troubled ocean, spread With bold adventurers, their all on board : No second hope, if here their fortune frowns; Frown soon it must. Of various rates they sail. Of ensigns various; all alike in this. 155 All restless, anxious, toss'd with hopes and fears In calmest skies; obnoxious all to storm, And stormy the most general blast of life: All bound for Happiness; yet few provide The chart of Knowledge, pointing where it her. Or Virtue's helm, to shape the course design'd. All, more or less, capricious Fate lament. Now lifted by the tide, and now resorb'd, And farther from their wishes than before: All, more or less, against each other dash. 165 To mutual hurt, by gusts of passion driven, And suffering more from folly than from fate. Ocean! thou dreadful and tumultuous home Of dangers, at eternal war with man! Death's capital, where most he domineers 170 With all his chosen terrors frowning round. (Though lately feasted high at Albion's cost*)

Admiral Balchen, &ce

Wide opening, and loud roaring still for more! Too faithful mir or! how dost thou reflect The melancholy face of human life!
The strong resemblance tempts me farther still:
And, haply, Britain may be deeper struck
By moral truth, in such a mirror seen,
Which Nature holds for ever at her eye.

Self-flatter'd, unexperienced, high in hope. When young, with sanguine cheer and streamers: We cut our cable, launch into the world, And fondly dream each wind and star our friend: All in some darling enterprise embark'd: But where is he can fathom its event? Amid a multitude of artless hands. Ruin's sure perquisite! her lawful prize! Some steer aright, but the black blast blows hard. And puffs them wide of Hope: with hearts of mros Full against wind and tide, some win their way. And when strong Effort has deserved the port. And tugg'd it into view, 'tis won! 'tis lost! Though strong their oar, still stronger is their fair They strike! and, while they triumph, they expire In stress of weather most, some sink outright: O'or them and o'er their names the billows close: To-morrow knows not they were ever born. Others a short memorial leave behind. Like a flag floating, when the bark's ingulf'd; It floats a moment, and is seen no more. One Cæsar lives; a thousand are forgot. How few, beneath auspicious planets born, (Darlings of Providence! fond Fate's elect!) With swelling sails make good the promised port, With all their wishes freighted! yet e'en these, Freighted with all their wishes, soon complain; Free from misfortune, not from Nature free, They still are men; and when is man secure? As fatal time, as storm! the rush of years Beats down their strength; their numberless eccar In ruin end. And now their proud success But plants new terrors on the victor's brow:

What pain to quit the world, just made their own. Their nest so deeply down'd, and built so high! Too low they build who build beneath the stars. Woe then apart (if woe apart can be From mortal man,) and Fortune at our nod. The gay! rich! great! triumphant! and august! What are they?—The most happy (strange to say) Convince me most of human misery. What are they? smiling wretches of to-morrow! More wretched, then, than e'er their slave can be. Their treacherous blessings, at the day of need, Like other faithless friends, unmask and sting: Then what provoking indigence in wealth! What aggravated impotence in power! High titles, then, what insult of their pain! If that sole anchor, equal to the waves. Immortal Hope! defies not the rude storm, Takes comfort from the foaming billow's rage, And makes a welcome harbour of the tomb. Is this a sketch of what thy soul admires?-'But here (thou sayest) the miseries of life Are huddled in a group: a more distinct Survey, perhaps, might bring thee better news.' Look on life's stages; they speak plainer still; The plainer they, the deeper wilt thou sigh. Look on thy lovely boy; in him behold The best that can befal the best on earth: The boy has virtue by his mother's side: 240 Yes, on Florello look: a father's heart Is tender, though the man's is made of stone; The truth, through such a medium seen, may make Impression deep, and fondness prove thy friend. Florello! lately cast on this rude coast A helpless infant, now a heedless child. To poor Clarissa's throes thy care succeeds; Care full of love, and yet severe as hate! O'- thy soul's joy how oft thy fondness frowns! Needful austorities his will restrain. 250

And feign, for glory, the few faults they want; That love a lie, where truth would pay as well, As if, to them. Vice shown her own reward.

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY.	179
Lorenzo! canst thou bear a shocking sight?	
Such, for Florello's sake, 'twill now appear.	290
See the steel'd files of season'd veterans,	
Train'd to the world, in burnish'd falsehood brigh	t;
Deep in the fatal stratagems of peace,	•
All soft sensation, in the throng, rubb'd off;	
All their keen purpose in politeness sheath'd;	295
His friends eternal—during interest;	
His foes implacable—when worth their while;	
At war with every welfare but their own;	
As wise as Lucifer, and half as good;	
And by whom none, but Lucifer, can gain-	300
Naked through these, (so common Fate ordains)	
Naked of heart, his cruel course he runs,	
Stung out of all most amiable in life,	
Prompt truth, and open thought, and smiles unfeig	n'd;
Affection, as his species wide diffused,	305
Noble presumptions to mankind's renown,	
Ingenious trust, and confidence of love.	
These claims to joy (if mortals joy might claim)
Will cost him many a sigh, till time and pains,	
From the slow mistress of this school, Experience,	310
And her assistant, pausing, pale Distrust,	
Purchase a dear-bought clew to lead his youth	
Through serpentine obliquities of life,	
And the dark labyrinth of human hearts.	
And happy! if the clew shall come so cheap.	315
For while we learn to fence with public guilt,	
Full oft we feel its foul contagion too,	
If less than heavenly virtue is our guard.	
Thus a strange kind of cursed necessity	
Brings down the sterling temper of his soul,	320
By base alloy, to bear the current stamp,	
Below call'd Wisdom; sinks him into safety,	
And brands him into credit with the world,	
Where specious titles dignify disgrace,	
And Nature's injuries are arts of life;	325
nere brighter Reason prompts to bolder crimes,	

And heavenly talents make infernal hearts. That unsurmountable extreme of guilt! Poor Machiavel! who labour'd hard his plan. Forgot that Genius need not go to school; Forgot that man, without a tutor wise, His plan had practised long before 'twas writ. The world's all title-page: there's no contents. The world's all face: the man who shows his heart Is hooted for his nudities, and scorn'd. 335 A man I knew, who lived upon a smile, And well it fed him: he lock'd plump and fair. While rankest venom foam'd through every vein. (Lorenzo! what I tell thee take not ill:) Living, he fawn'd on every fool alive: 340 And, dying, cursed the friend on whom he lived. To such proficients thou art half a saint! In foreign realms (for thou hast travel'd far) How curious to contemplate two state rooks. Studious their nests to feather in a trice. With all the necromantics of their art, Playing the game of faces on each other. Making court sweetmeats of their latent gall. In foolish hope to steal each other's trust: Both cheating, both exulting, both deceived. And, sometimes, both (let earth rejoice) undone ! Their parts we doubt not, but be that their shame. Shall men of talents, fit to rule mankind, Stoop to mean wiles that would disgrace a fool: And lose the thanks of those few friends they serve? 355 For who can thank the man he cannot see?

Why so much cover? it defeats itself.
Ye that know all things! know ye not men's hearts
Are therefore known, because they are concealed?
For why conceal'd?—the cause they need not tell. 369
I give him joy that s awkward at a lie;
Whose feeble nature Truth keeps still in awe;
His incapacity is his renown.
'Tis great, tis manly, to disdain disguise.

181 VIRTUE'S APOLOGY. 366 s our spirit, or it proves our strength. w'st 'tis needful! is it therefore right?r. I grant it some small sign of grace in at an excuse: and wouldst thou, then, that cruel need? thou mayst with ease; 370 to post needful that demands a knave. ate our civil helm was shifting hands, am thought: think better if you can. his how rare ' the public path of life -vet allow that dirt its due. sine noble mind more noble still. 375 rld 's no neuter; it will wound or save; tue quench, or indignation fire. the world, well known, will make a man.rld, well known, will give our hearts to Heaven, e us demons, long before we die. low how fair the world, thy mistress, shines, ther part; sure ills attend the choice; lough not equal, detriment ensues. tue's self is deified on earth: las her relapses, conflicts, foes : 385 it ne'er fail to make her feel their hate. nas her peculiar set of pains. ends to virtue, last and least complain: ney sigh, can others hope to smile? on has her miseries to mourn, 390 n poor Folly lead a happy life? oth suffer, what has earth to boast. he most happy who the least laments? much, much patience, the most envied state, ne forgiveness, needs, the best of friends? 395 nd or happy life, who looks not higher, er shall he find the shadow here. vorld's sworn advocate, without a fee, smartly, with a smile, replies: ar thy song is right, and all must own 400 ras her peculiar set of pains :--s peculiar who to Vice denies?

182 T	HE COMPLAINT.	N. VIII.
If vice it is with N	ature to comply:	
	are so predominant,	
To check, not over	rcome them, makes a saint,	405
Can Nature in a pl	lainer voice proclaim	
Pleasure and glory	the chief good of man?'	
Can Pride and S	Sensuality rejoice?	
	ought all pleasure springs,	
And from an humb	ble spirit all our peace.	410
Ambition, Pleasure	e! let us talk of these;	
Of these the Porch	and Academy talk'd;	
Of these each follo	wing age had much to say,	
Yet unexhausted,	still, the needful theme.	
Who talks of these	e, to mankind all at once	415
He talks; for whe	re the saint from either free?	•
Are these thy refu	ge?No; these rush upon th	ee
Thy vitals seize, as	nd, vulture like, devour:	
I'll try if I can plu	ick thee from thy rock,	
	this barren ball of earth,	420
If Reason can unc	hain thee, thou art free.	
	aucasus, Ambition, calls;	
Mountain of torme	ents! eminence of woes!	
	and courted through mistake	!
	charms thee; 'tis a cheat	495
Will make thee st	art, as Hat his Moor.	
	tness? first know what it is.	
Think'st thou thy	greatness in distinction lies?	
	, wave it e'er so high,	
	, to mark us from the throng,	430
	tis lodged in the reverse;	
	s, in that which equals all,	
The monarch and	his slave,—' a deathless soul,	,
Unbounded prospe	ect, and immortal kin,	
	d brothers in the skies;	435
	ime, but less remote	
	haps, than thought by man	
	t can fall than what can rise?	
	, now, Lorenzo! go,	
And, with thy full	blown brothers of the world	, 440

Throw scorn around thee; cast it on thy slaves, Thy slaves and equals. How scorn cast on them Rebounds on thee! If man is mean, as man, Art thou a god? if Fortune makes him so. Beware the consequence: a maxim that 445 Which draws a monstrous picture of mankind, Where, in the drapery, the man is lost; Externals fluttering, and the soul forgot. Thy greatest glory, when disposed to boast, Boast that aloud in which thy servants share. 450 We wisely strip the steed we mean to buy. Judge we, in their comparisons, of men? It nought avails thee where, but what, thou art. All the distinctions of this little life 455 Are quite cutareous, foreign to the man. When through Death's straits Earth's subtle serpents creep.

Which wriggle into wealth, or climb renown, As crooked Satan the forbidden tree, They leave their party-colour'd robe behind, All that now glitters, while they rear aloft **460** Their brazen crests, and hiss at us below. Of Fortune's fucus strip them, yet alive, Strip them of body too; nay, closer still, Away with all but moral in their minds, And let what then remains impose their name, 465 Pronounce them weak or worthy, great or mean. How mean that snuff of glory Fortune lights, And Death puts out! Dost thou demand a test, A test, at once, infallible and short, Of real greatness? that man greatly lives, 470 Whate'er his fate or fame, who greatly dies; High flush'd with hope where heroes shall despair. If this a true criterion, many courts, Illustrious, might afford but few grandees. The' Almighty, from his throne, on earth surveys

Nought greater than an honest, humble heart; An humble heart, his residence! pronounced

And dreams nimself ascending, in his fail.

An eminence, though fancied, turns the brain;

All vice wants hellebore; but of all vice

Pride loudest calls, and for the largest bowl;

515.

85

e, unlike all other vice, it flies, the point in fancy most pursued. ourt applause oblige the world in this: ratify man's passion to refuse. 520 or honour, when assumed, is lost: od men turn banditti, and rejoice. ouli-Kan, in plunder of the proud. igh somewhat disconcerted, steady still world's cause; with half a face of joy. o cries,- 'Be, then, Ambition cast; 525 on's dearer far stands unimpeach'd, easure! proud Ambition is her slave; · he soars at great, and hazards ill; he fights, and bleeds, or overcomes. 529 ves his way, with crowns, to reach her smile. in resist her charms?'-Or should? Lorenzo! nortal shall resist where angels yield? 'e's the mistress of ethereal powers; contend the rival gods above: e's the mistress of the world below. 535 ell it is for man that Pleasure charms. ould all stagnate but for Pleasure's ray! ould the frozen stream of action cease! s the pulse of this so busy world? re of pleasure: that, through every vein, s motion, warmth, and shuts out death from life igh various are the tempers of mankind. e's gay family holds all in chains. nost affect the black, and some the fair : ionest pleasure court, and some obscene. 545 res obscene are various, as the throng sions that can err in human hearts, e their objects, or transgress their bounds. you there's but one whoredom? whoredom ian our reason licenses delight. oubt, Lorenzo?-thou shalt doubt no more. ther chides thy gallantries, yet hugs ly, common harlot in the dark,

HE COMPLAINT. J. VI I	ш
with others' gold;	
5 .	56
er has, as well as Love,	
icures debauch in blood.	
tive, Pleasure is the mark:	
assassin draws his sword :	
esmen trim their midnight lamp, 56	60
gle sacrifice may fall;	
abstains, the miser starves;	
for Pleasure, pleasure scorn'd;	
n's daughters grief indulge,	
e, a luxury in tears; 56	85
ime, toil, danger, we defy,	
voluptuous, rush on death:	
er despotic power!	
pire wide, her praise is just.	
e! Doter on delight! 57	70
pieasure I profess ;	
oose of my glcomy song.	
ht but Virtue's gayer name;	
I rate her worth too low:	
and pleasure is the flower; 57	15
urus' foes were fools.	
s harsh, and gives the wise offence.	
dom still retains the name.	
rity her cloudy brow,	
old and hazardous, the praise 58	0
ankind unpraised, too dear!	
! hear my soft reply;	
will trust: we can't impose,	
s imposition right?	
t; but, owning, add this sting, 585	5
th poison it is deadly too.'	
indebted to a lie.	,
tue to be praised as good?	
th preferr'd before disease?	
es is good, without our leave; 590)
ture drawback cries, 'Beware,'	
are an area de los partes	

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY.	187
Pleasure, though not from virtue, should prevail:	
"Tis balm to life, and gratitude to Heaven.	
How cold our thanks for bounties unenjoy'd!	
The love of pleasure is man's eldest born,	595
Born in his cradle, living to his tomb;	
Wisdom, her younger sister, though more grave,	
Was meant to minister, and not to mar,	
Imperial Pleasure, queen of human hearts.	
Lorenzo! thou, her majesty's renown'd,	600
Though uncoift counsel, learned in the world!	
Who think'st thyself a Murray, with disdain	
Mayst look on me: yet, my Deniosthenes!	
Canst thou plead Pleasure's cause as well as I?	
Know'st thou her nature, purpose, parentage?	605
Attend my song, and thou shalt know them all;	
And know thyself; and know thyself to be	
(Strange truth!) the most abstemious man alive.	
Tell not Calista, she will laugh thee dead,	
Or send thee to her hermitage with L-	610
Absurd presumption! thou, who never knew'st	
A serious thought! shalt thou dare dream of joy?	
No man e'er found a happy life by chance,	
Or yawn'd it into being with a wish:	
Or with a snout of grovelling Appetite	615
E'er smelt it out, and grubb'd it from the dirt.	
An art it is, and must be learn'd; and learn'd	
With unremitting effort, or be lost,	
And leaves us perfect blockheads in our bliss.	
	620
Walth may seek us; but Wisdom must be sought	;
Sought before all; but (how unlike all else	
	ee:
First, Pleasure's birth, rise, strength, and grande	,
	C25
By Patience taught, by Perseverance crown'd, She rears her head majestic; round her throne.	
Erected in the bosom of the just,	
Each virtue, listed, forms her manly guard.	

While Pleasure's nature is at large display'd,
Already sung her origin and ends:
Those glorious ends by kind, or by degree,
When Pleasure violates, 'tis then a vice,
And vengeance too; it hastens into pain.
From due refreshment life, health, reason, joy;
From wild excess pain, grief, distraction, death;

Heaven's justice this proclaims, and that her love	
What greater evil can I wish my foe,	
Than this full draught of pleasure from a cask	670
Unbroach'd by just authority, ungaged	•
By temperance, by reason unrefined?	
A thousand demons lurk within the lee.	
Heaven, others, and ourselves! uninjured these,	
Drink deep; the deeper, then, the more divine:	675
Angels are angels from indulgence there.	
'Tis unrepenting pleasure makes a god!	
Dost think thyself a god from other joys?	
	ail?
The wrong must mourn. Can Heaven's appointin	ents
Can man outwit omnipotence? strike out	681
A self-wrought happiness, unmeant by Him	
Who made us, and the world we would enjoy?	
Who forms an instrument ordains from whence	
Its dissonance or harmony shall rise.	685
Heaven bid the soul this mortal frame inspire;	
Bid Virtue's ray divine inspire the soul	
With unprecarious flows of vital joy;	
And without breathing man as well might hope	
For life, as, without piety, for peace.	690
'Is virtue, then, and piety the same?'—	
No; piety is more; 'tis Virtue's source,	
Mother of every worth, as that of joy.	
Men of the world this doctrine ill digest;	•
They smile at piety, yet boast aloud	695
Good will to men,' nor know they strive to part	
What Nature joins, and thus confute themselves.	
With piety begins all good on earth;	
Tis the first born of Rationality!	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	700
Enfeebled, lifeless, impotent to good.	
A feign'd affection bounds her utmost power.	
Some we can't love, but for the' Almighty's sake;	
A foe to God was ne'er true friend to man.	

190	THE COMPLAINT.	W. VIIL
Some sinist	er intent taints all he does,	705
And in his l	kindest actions he's unkind.	
On piety	humanity is built,	
And on hun	nanity much happiness,	
And yet stil	ll more on piety itself.	
A soul in co	ommerce with her God is heaven;	710
	ne tumults and the shocks of life,	
The whirls	of passions, and the strokes of hear	Ĕ.
A Deity bel	lieved, is joy begun:	
A Deity ade	ored, is joy advanced;	
A Deity bel	loved, is joy matured!	715
Each branch	h of piety delight inspires;	
Faith builds	s a bridge from this world to the nex	ct,
O'er Death'	's dark gulf, and all its horror hides	
Praise, the	sweet exhalation of our joy,	
That joy ex	talts, and makes it sweeter still:	720
Prayer arde	ent opens Heaven, lets down a strea	m
Of glory on	the consecrated hour	•
Of man in a	audience with the Deity!	
Who worsh	ips the great God, that instant joins	3
	heaven, and sets his foot on hell.	725
Lorenzo!	! when wast thou at church before :	?
Thou think	'st the service long: but is it just?-	
	st, unwelcome. Thou hadst rather	
	ground: the Muse, to win thine es	
	an air less solemn. She complies.	730
	cience! at the sound the world retin	res;
	fects it, and Lorenzo smiles;	
	her seraglio full of charms,	
	s age shall heighten, not impair.	
	ejected? is thy mind o'ercast?	735
	air ones thou the fairest choose	
	ny gloom.—' Go, fix some weighty t	
	n some passion; do some generous	good;
	orance to see, or Grief to smile;	
	friend; befriend thy greatest foe;	740
Or, with w	arm heart and confidence divine,	

. .

Spring up, and lay strong hold on Him who made thee.' Thy gloom is scatter'd, sprightly spirits flow,

Though wither'd is thy vine, and harp unstrung. Dost call the bowl, the viol, and the dance, Loud mirth, and laughter? Wretched comforters!

Physicians! more than half of thy disease! Laughter, though never censured vet as sin.

(Pardon a thought that only seems severe) Is half-immortal, is it much indulged.

By venting spleen, or dissipating thought, It shows a scorner, or it makes a fool,

And sins; as hurting others, or ourselves.

"Tis pride, or emptiness, applies the straw That tickles little minds to mirth effuse:

Of grief approaching the portentous sign!

The house of laughter makes a house of woe A man triumphant is a monstrous sight;

A man dejected is a sight as mean.

What cause for triumph, where such ills abound? 760 What for dejection, where presides a Power

Who call'd us into being—to be bless'd? So grieve, as conscious grief may rise to joy

So joy, as conscious joy to grief may fall.

Most true, a wise man never will be sad; But neither will sonorous, bubbling mirth,

A shallow stream of happiness betray; Too happy to be sportive, he's serene.

Yet wouldst thou laugh (but at thy own expense) This counsel strange should I presume to give— 770 Retire, and read thy Bible, to be gay '

There truths abound of sovereign aid to peace: Ah! do not prize them less because inspired.

As thou and thine are apt and proud to do. If not inspired, that pregnant page had stood, Time's treasure! and the wonder of the wise! Thou think'st, perhaps, thy soul alone at stake

Alas!-should men mistake thee for a fool,-What man of taste for genius, wisdom, truth,

750

755

765

775

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY.	193
And drinks to man in her nectareous cup,	
Mix'd up of delicates for every sense;	
To the great Founder of the bounteous feast	820
Drinks glory, gratitude, eternal praise;	
And he that will not pledge her is a churl	
Ill firmly to support, good fully taste,	
Is the whole science of felicity:	
Yet, sparing, pledge; her bowl is not the best	825
Mankind can boast.—' A rational repast,	
Exertion, vigilance, a mind in arms,	
A military discipline of thought,	
To foil temptation in the doubtful field,	
And ever-waking ardour for the right.'	830
'Tis these first give, then guard a cheerful heart.	
Nought, that is right, think little; well aware	
What Reason bids, God bids: by his command	
How aggrandized the smallest thing we do!	
Thus nothing is insipid to the wise;	835
To thee insipid all but what is mad,	
Joys season'd high, and tasting strong of guilt.	
' Mad! (thou reply'st, with indignation fired)	
Of ancient sages proud to tread the steps,	
I follow Nature.'—Follow Nature still,	840
But look it be thine own. Is Conscience, then,	
No part of Nature? is she not supreme?	
Thou regicide! O raise her from the dead!	
Then follow Nature, and resemble God.	
When, spite of conscience, pleasure is pursued,	845
Man's nature is unnaturally pleased;	
And what's unnatural is painful too	
At intervals, and must disgust e'en thee!	
The fact thou know'st; but not, perhaps, the cause	₽.
	850
Heaven mix'd her with our make, and twisted clos	0
Her sacred interests with the strings of life:	
Who breaks her awful mandate shocks himself,	
His batter self, and is it greater noin	

855 Our soul should murmur, or our dust repine? And one, in their eternal war, must bleed. If one must suffer, which should least be spared? The pains of mind surpass the pains of sense: Ask, then, the Gout, what torment is in guilt ?-The joys of sense to mental joys are mean: Sense on the present only feeds: the soul On past and future forages for joy: Tis hers, by retrospect, through time to range, And forward Time's great sequel to survey. Could human courts take vengeance on the mind, 865 Axes might rust, and racks and gibbets fall. Guard then thy mind, and leave the rest to Fate! Lorenzo! wilt thou never be a man? The man is dead who for the body lives. Lured by the beating of his pulse, to list 870 With every lust that wars against his peace, And sets him quite at variance with himself. Thyself first know, then love: a self there is. Of virtue fond, that kindles at her charms: A self there is, as fond of every vice, 875 While every virtue wounds it to the heart; Humility degrades it, Justice robs, Bless'd Bounty beggars it, fair Truth betravs. And godlike Magnanimity destroys This self, when rival to the former, scorn : 880 When not in competition, kindly treat, Defend it, feed it -- but when Virtue bids. Toss it or to the fowls or to the flames. And why? 'tis love of pleasure bids thee bleed: Comply, or own self-love extinct, or blind. 885 For what is vice?—Self-love in a mistake: A poor blind merchant buying joys too dear. And virtue what? 'tis Self-love in her wits, Quite skilful in the market of delight.

Self-love's good sense is love of that dread Power 890 From whom herself, and all she can enjoy.

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY.	195
elf-love is but disguised self-hate,	
tortal than the malice of our foes;	
nate now scarce felt, then felt full sore,	
peing cursed, extinction loud implored,	895
ery thing preferr'd to what we are.	
his self-love Lorenzo makes his choice,	
this choice triumphant, beasts of joy,	
his want of happiness betray'd	
ffection to the present hour!	900
ation wanders far a-field;	•
ture pleases: why? the present pains	
at's a secret.—Yes, which all men know,	
ow from thee, discover'd unawares.	005
aseless agitation restless rolls	905
heat to cheat, impatient of a pause.	
s it :—'Tis the cradle of the soul,	
nstinct sent, to rock her in disease,	
her physician, Reason, will not cure. expedient! yet thy best; and while	910
rates thy pain, it owns it too.	310
are Lorenzo's wretched remedies!	
ak have remedies, the wise have joys.	
or wisdom is superior bliss.	
hat sure mark distinguishes the wise?	915
tent Wisdom ever wills the same;	010
kle wish is ever on the wing.	
herself is Folly's character,	
sdom's is a modest self-applause.	
ige of evils is thy good supreme,	920
t in motion canst thou find thy rest.	
greatest strength is shown in standing stil	1.
st sure symptom of a mind in health	
of heart, and pleasure felt at home.	
Pleasure from abroad her joys imports;	925
om within, and self-sustain'd, the true.	
ue is fix'd and solid as a rock;	
ry the false, and tossing, as the wave.	
wild wanderer on earth, like Cain;	
•	

196 THE COMPLAINT.	w. Vill
That like the fabled, self-enamour'd boy,	930
Home contemplation her supreme delight:	
She dreads an interruption from without,	
Smit with her own condition, and the more	
Intense she gazes, still it charms the more.	
No man is happy till he thinks on earth	935
There breathes not a more happy than himself	;
Then envy dies, and love o'erflows on all;	
And love o'erflowing makes an angel here.	
Such angels all, entitled to repose	939
On Him who governs fate. Though tempest f	
Though Nature shakes, how soft to lean on He	aven!
To lean on Him on whom archangels lean!	
With inward eyes, and silent as the grave,	
They stand collecting every beam of thought,	
Till their hearts kindle with divine delight;	945
For all their thoughts, like angels, seen of old	
In Israel's dream, come from, and go to heaven	;
Hence are they studious of sequester'd scenes,	
While noise and dissipation comfort thee.	
Were all men happy, revellings would cease,	950
That opiate for inquietude within.	
Lorenzo! never man was truly bless'd,	
But it composed and gave him such a cast,	
As Folly might mistake for want of joy:	
A cast, unlike the triumph of the proud;	955
A modest aspect, and a smile at heart.	
O for a joy from thy Philander's spring!	
A spring perennial, rising in the breast,	
And permanent as pure! no turbid stream	0.00
Of rapturous exultation, swelling high,	960
Which, like land-floods, impetuous pour a while Then sink at once, and leave us in the mire.	,
What does the man who transient joy prefers?	
What, but prefer the bubbles to the stream?	
Vain are all sudden sallies of delight,	965
Convulsions of a weak distemper'd joy.	900
Joy's a fix'd state; a tenour, not a start.	
by s a m. a state; a tenour, not a state.	

Bliss there is none but unprecarious bliss:
That is the gem: sell all, and purchase that.
Why go a-begging to contingencies,
Not gain'd with ease, nor safely loved, if gain'd?
At good fortuitous draw back, and pause;
Suspect it; what thou canst ensure, enjoy;
And neight, but what thou givest thyself, is sure.
Reason perpetuates joy that Reason gives,
And makes it as immortal as herself:
To mortals, nought immortal, but their worth.
Worth conscious Worth! should shedutely reign.

Worth, conscious Worth! should absolutely reign,
And other joys ask leave for their approach,
Nor, unexamined, ever leave obtain.

980
Thou art all anarchy; a mob of joys
Wage war, and perish in intestine broils;

Nor the least promise of internal peace!

No bosom-comfort! or unborrow'd bliss!

Thy thoughts are vagabonds; all outward-bound, 985
Mid sands, and rocks, and storms, to cruise for pleasure;
If gain'd, dear-bought; and better miss'd than gain'd.

Much pain must expiate what much pain procured,
Fancy and Sense, from an infected shore,
Thy cargo bring, and pestilence the prize.

990

Fancy still cruises, when poor Sense is tired.

Imagination is the Paphian shop
Where feeble Happiness, like Vulcan, lame,
Bids foul ideas, in their dark recess,
And hot as hell (which kindled the black fires)
With wanton art, those fatal arrows form,
Which murder all thy time, health. wealth, and fame.
Wouldst thou receive them, other thoughts there are
On angel-wing, descending from above;
1001
Which these, with art divine, would counter-work,
And form celestial armour for thy peace.

In this is seen Imagination's guilt;

Then such thy thirst, (insatiable thirst, By fond indulgence but inflamed the more) But who can count her follies? she betrays thee, 1005 To think in grandeur there is something great. For works of curious art, and ancient fame, Thy genius hungers, elegantly pain'd, And foreign climes must cater for thy taste. Hence, what disaster !- Though the price was paid. That persecuting priest, the Turk of Rome, Whose foot, (ve gods!) though cloven, must be kiss'd. Detain'd thy dinner on the Latian shore; (Such is the fate of honest Protestants!) And poor Magnificence is starved to death. 1015 Hence just resentment, indignation, ire !-Be pacified: if outward things are great, 'Tis magnanimity great things to scorn; Pompous expenses, and parades august, 1020 And courts, that insalubrious soil to peace. True happiness ne'er enter'd at an eye; True happiness resides in things unseen. No smiles of Fortune ever bless'd the bad, Nor can her frowns rob Innocence of joys; 1025 That fewel wanting, triple crowns are poor: So tell his Holiness, and be revenged. Pleasure, we both agree, is man's chief good; Our only contest, what deserves the name. Give Pleasure's name to nought but what has pass'd The' authentic seal of Reason (which, like Yorke, 1030

Our only contest, what deserves the name.

Give Pleasure's name to nought but what has pass'd
The' authentic seal of Reason (which, like Yorke, 1030
Demurs on what it passes) and defies
The tooth of Time; when pass'd, a pleasure still;
Dearer on trial, lovelier for its age,
And doubly to be prized, as it promotes
Our future, while it forms our present joy.

1035
Some joys the future overcast, and some
Throw all their beams that way, and gild the tomb.
Some joys endear eternity; some give
Abhorr'd Annihilation dreadful charms.
Are rival joys contending for thy choice?

1040
Consult thy whole existence, and be safe;

That oracle will put all doubt to flight. Short is the lesson, though my lecture long: Be good'—and let Heaven answer for the rest! Yet, with a sigh o'er all mankind, I grant, 1045 In this our day of proof, our land of hope, The good man has his clouds that intervene: Clouds that obscure his sublunary day. But never conquer: e'en the best must own. 1050 Patience and Resignation are the pillars Of human peace on earth: the pillars these, But those of Seth not more remote from thee, Till this heroic lesson thou hast learn'd. To frown at pleasure, and to smile in pain. Fired at the prospect of unclouded bliss. 1055 Heaven in reversion, like the Sun, as vet Beneath the' horizon, cheers us in this world: It sheds, on souls susceptible of light, The glorious dawn of our eternal day. 'This (says Lorenzo) is the fair harangue!

'This (says Lorenzo) is the fair harangue! 1060 But can harangues blow back strong Nature's stream, Or stem the tide Heaven pushes through our veins, Which sweeps away man's impotent resolves, And lays his labour level with the world?'

Themselves men Lake their cament on mankind, And think nought is, but what they find at home: 1066 Thus weakness to chimera turns the truth.

Nothing romantic has the Muse prescribed.

Above, Lorenzo saw the man of earth,
The mortal man, and wretched was the sight. 1070 To balance that, to comfort and exalt,
Now see the man immortal: him, I mean,
Who lives as such; whose heart, full bent on Heaven,
Leans all that way, his bias to the stars.

The world's dark shades, in contrast set, shall raise
His lustre more; though bright, without a foil: 1076
Observe his awful portrait, and admire;
Nor stop at wonder; imitate, and live.

" In a former Night.

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY.	201
He lays aside to fand his dignity;	
No dignity they find in aught besides.	
They triumph in externals, (which conceal	
Man's real glory) proud of an eclipse:	1120
Himself too much he prizes to be proud,	
And nothing thinks so great in man, as man.	
Too dear he holds his interest to neglect	
Another's welfare, or his right invada	
Their interest, like a lice lives on prey.	1125
They kindle at the shadow of a wrong;	
Wrong he sustains with temper, looks on Heaven	a.
Nor stoops to think his injurer his foe:	•
Nought but what wounds his virtue wounds his p	eace
A cover'd heart their character defends;	1130
A cover'd heart denies him half his prais.	
With nakedness his innocence agrees,	
While their broad foliage testific their fall.	
Their no joys end where his full feast begins;	
His joys create, theirs murder, future bliss.	1135
To triumph in existence his alone;	
And his alone triumphantly to think	
His true existence is not yet begun.	
His glorious course was, yesterday, complete;	
Death then was welcome; yet life still is sweet.	1140
But nothing charms Lorenzo like the firm	
Undaunted breast.—And whose is that high prais	e ?
They yield to pleasure, though they danger brave	в,
And show no fortitude but in the field;	
If there they show it, 'tis for glory shown;	1145
Nor will that cordial always man their hearts.	
A cordial his sustains, that cannot fail:	
By pleasure unsubdued, unbroke by pain,	
He shares in that Omnipotence he trusts;	
All bearing, all attempting, till he fall;	1150
And when he falls, writes Vici on his shield.	
From magnanimity all fear above;	
From nobler recompense above applause,	
Which owes to man's short outlook all its charms	١.

1175

1120

1186

Backward to credit what he never felt. 1155 Lorenzo cries. - Where shines this miracle? From what root rises this immortal man?'-A root that grows not in Lorenzo's ground: The root dissect, nor wonder at the flower.

He follows Nature (not like thee)* and shows us An uninverted system of a man. 1161 His appetite wears Reason's golden chain, And finds, in due restraint, its luxury. His passion, like an eagle well reclaim'd. Is taught to fly at nought but infinite. 1165 Patient his hope, unanxious is his care, His caution fearless, and his grief (if grief The gods ordain) a stranger to despair. And why?-because affection, more than meet, His wisdom leaves not disengaged from Heaven. 1170 Those secondary goods that smile on earth. He, loving in proportion, loves in peace. They most the world enjoy who least admire. His understanding scapes the common cloud

His head is clear, because his heart is cool, By worldly competitions uninflamed. The moderate movements of his soul admit Distinct ideas, and matured achate. An eye impartial, and an even scale;

Of fumes arising from the boiling breast. ...

Whence judgment sound and unrepenting choice. Thus, in a double sense, the good are wise; On its cwn dunghill wiser than the world.

What, then, the world? it must be doubly weak. Strange truth ' as soon would they believe their creed. Yet thus it is, nor otherwise can be.

So far from aught ron.antic what I sing; Bliss has no being, Virtue has no strength, But from the prospect of immortal life.

Who think earth all, or (what weighs just the same) Who care no farther, must prize what it yields.

^{*} Sec page 193, line 21.

Fond of its fancies, proud of its parades. Who thinks earth nothing can't its charms admire; He can't a foe, though most malignant, hate, Because that hate would prove his greater foe. 'Tis hard for them (yet who so loudly boast, Good will to men?) to love their dearest friend; For may not he invade their good supreme, Where the least jealousy turns love to gall? All shines to them, that for a season shines: 1200 Each act, each thought he questions; 'What its weight, Its colour what, a thousand ages hence?'-And what it there appears, he deems it now; Hence pure are the recesses of his soul. 1205 The godlike man has nothing to conceal; His virtue, constitutionally deep, Has Habit's firmness, and Affection's flame: Angels, allied, descend to feed the fire, And Death, which others slave, makes him a god. 1210 And now, Lorenzo! bigot of this world! Wont to disdain poor bigots, caught by Heaven! Stand by thy scorn, and be reduced to nought! For what art thou?—Thou boaster! while thy glare. Thy gaudy grandeur, and mere worldly worth, Like a broad mist, at distance, strikes us most, 12/5 And, like a mist, is nothing when at hand: His merit, like a mountain, on approach, Swells more, and rises nearer to the skies; By promise now, and by possession, soon 1220 (Too soon, too much, it cannot be) his own. From this thy just annihilation rise,

Fro.n this thy just annihilation rise,
Lorenzo! rise to something, by reply.
The world, thy client, listens and expects,
And longs to crown thee with immortal praise.—
Canst thou be silent? no; for wit is thine,
And Wit talks most when least she has to say,
And Reason interrupts not her career.
She 'll say—that mists above the mountains rise,
And with a thousand pleasantries amuse;

204	THE COMPLAINT.	n. VIII.
She 'll sparkle,	puzzle, flutter, raise a dust,	1230
And fly convict	tion in the dust she raised.	
Wit, how del	licious to man's dainty taste!	
'Tis precious as	s the vehicle of sonse,	
	titute, a dire disease.	
	nt! flatter'd by the world,	1235
	orld, which thinks the talent rare	
	, Lorenzo! wit abounds;	
	e it; sometimes wine inspires	
	ı; and madness rarely fails.	
	e the spirit strongly stirs	1240
	s, and rivals thy renown.	
•	'twere well was this the worst;	
	its it; and, to pique thee more,	
	undering on vivacities,	
	e head at the calamity	1245
	osed, and let her down to thee.	
	wful Wisdom! which inspects,	
	ares, weigks, separates, infors,	
	t, and holds it to the last,	
	enates, synods, sought in vain ;	1250
	nd, 'tis sacred to the few;	
	rostitute to multitudes,	
	tal, Wit. In civil life	
	enterpriser, Sense a man.	
	ority, commotion loves,	1255
	self the fightning of the storm.	
	ngerous; in religion, death.	
	Christian when the dull believe	•
	lmet, Wit is but the plume,	
	oses, 'tis our helmet saves.	1260
	amond, weighty, solid, sound;	
•	Vit it casts a brighter beam;	
	it is a diamond still.	
	f good sense, is worse than noug	
	sail to run against a rock.	1.365
	esterfield is quite a fool,	
Whom dull fool	ls scorn and bless their want of t	rit

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY.	205
tinous the rock I warn thee shun,	
irens sit, to sing thee to thy fate!	
which our reason bears no part,	1270
torrow, tickling ere it stings.	
he cooings of the world allure thee;	
f her lovers ever found her true?	
of this bad world who little know :-	
we much must know her, to be safe.	1275
the world, not love her, is thy point;	
s but li*tle, nor that little long.	
I grant, a triumph of the pulse,	
of spirits, a mere froth of joy,	
ghtless agitation's idle child,	1280
ntles high, that sparkles, and expires,	
the soul more vapid than before;	
al ovation! such as holds	
nerce with our reason, but subsists	
s, through the well toned tubes, well str	nin'd.
achine! scarce ever tuned aright;	1286
in it jars—thy sirens sing no more;	1200
ce is done; the demi-god is thrown	
potheosis!) beneath the man,	1290
d gloom immersed, or fell despair.	1230
ou yet dull enough despair to dread,	
tle at destruction? if thou art,	
buckler, take it to the field;	
of battle is this mortal life!)	
inger threatens, lay it on thy heart,	1295
sentence proof against the world.	
ody, fortune; every good pertains	
of these; but prize not all alike;	
is of fortune to thy bouy's health,	
soul, and soul submit to God'	1300
thou build lasting happiness? do this:	
erted pyramid can never stand.	
truth doubtful? it outshines the Sun;	
Sun shines not but to show us this,	
rle lesson of mankind on earth:	1305

And yet—yet what? No news! mankind is mad; Such mighty numbers list against the right, (And what can't numbers, when bewitch'd, achieve) They talk themselves to something like belief That all earth's joys are theirs; as Athens' fool 1310 Grinn'd from the port, on every sail his own. They grin, but wherefore? and how long the lange?

They grin, but wherefore? and how long the langa?
Half ignorance their mirth, and half a lie.
To cheat the world, and cheat themselves, they smile:
Hard either task! the most abandon'd own 1315
That others, if abandon'd, are undone;
Then for themselves, the moment Reason wakes,
(And Providence denies it long repose)
O how laborious is their gaiety!
They scarce can swallow their ebullient spleen,
Scarce muster patience to support the farce,
And pump sad laughter till the curtain falls.
Scarce did I say? some cannot sit it out;
Oft their own daring hands the curtain draw,
And show us what their joy by their despair.

The aletted heir possible result becaute the state of the

The clotted hair! gored breast! blaspheming eye!
Its impious fury still alive in death!
Shut, shut the shocking scene.—But Heaven denies
A cover to such guilt, and so should man.
Look round, Lorenzo! see the reeking blade,
The' envenom'd phial, and the fatal ball;
The strangling cord, and suffocating stream;
The loathsome rottenness, and foul decays,
From raging riot, (slower suicides!)
And pride in these, more execrable still!
Low horrid all to thought!—but horrors, these,
That vouch the truth, and aid my feeble song.
From vice, sense, fancy, no man can be bleas'd.

From vice, sense, fancy, no man can be bleas'd.

Bliss is too great to lodge within an hour:

When an immortal being aims at bliss,

Duration is essential to the name.

O for a joy from reason! joy from that

Which makes man man, and, exercised aright,

1

Will make him more: a bounteous joy! that gives And promises; that weaves, with art divine, 1345 The richest prospect into present peace: A joy ambitious! joy in common held With thrones ethereal, and their greater far : A joy high-privileged from chance, time, death! A joy which death shall double, judgment crown Crown'd higher, and still higher, at each stage, **B**51 Through bless'd Eternity's long day, yet still Not more remote from sorrow than from him, Whose lavish hand, whose love stupendous, pours 1355 So much of Deity on guilty dust. There, O my Lucia! may I meet thee there, Where not thy presence can improve my bliss! Affects not this the sages of the world? Can nought affect them, but what fools them too? Eternity, depending on an hour, Makes serious thought man's wisdom, joy, and praise. Nor need you blush (though sometimes your designs May shun the light) at your designs on Heaven; Sole point! where overbashful is your blame. Are you not wise?—you know you are: yet hear 1365 One truth, amid your numerous schemes mislaid. Or overlook'd, or thrown aside, if seen; Our schemes to plan by this world, or the next, Is the sole difference between wise and fool.' All worthy men will weigh you in this scale. 1370 What wonder then, if they pronounce you light? is their esteem alone not worth your care? Accept my simple scheme of common sense, Thus save your fame, and make two worlds your own. The world replies not ;-but the world persists, 1375 And puts the cause off to the longest day, Planning evasions for the day of doom: So far, at that rehearing, from redress, They then turn witnesses against themselves. 1380 Hear that, Lorenzo! nor be wise to-morrow. Haste, haste ' a man, by nature, is in haste;

For who shall answer for another hour?
'Tis highly prudent to make one sure friend,
And that thou canst not do, this side the skies.

Ye sons of Earth! (nor willing to be more!) Since verse you think from priestcraft somewhat free, Thus, in an age so gay, the Muse plain truths (Truths which, at church, you might have heard in prose) Has ventured into light, well pleased the verse Should be forgot, if you the truths retain, 1390 And crown her with your welfare, not your praise. But praise she need not fear: I see my fate, And headlong leap, like Curtius, down-the gulf. Since many an ample volume, mighty tome, Must die, and die unwept; O thou minute 1395 Devoted page! go forth among thy foes; Go, nobly proud of martyrdom for truth, And die a double death: mankind, incensed, Denies thee long to live; nor shalt thou rest When thou art dead; in Stygian shades arraign'd By Lucifer, as traitor to his throne, 1401 And bold blasphemer of his friend,—the World! The world, whose legions cost him slender pay. And volunteers around his banner swarm: Prudent, as Prussia in her zeal for Gaul. 1405 'Are all, then, fools?' Lorenzo cries.-Yes, all But such as hold this doctrine (new to thee.) 'The mother of true wisdom is the will:' The noblest intellect, a fool without it. World-wisdom much has done, and more may do, 1410 In arts and sciences, in wars and peace : But art and science, like thy wealth, will leave thee. And make thee twice a beggar at thy death. This is the most indulgence can afford,—

This is the most indulgence can afford,—
'Thy wisdom all can do but—make thee wise.'
I'or think this censure is severe on thee:
Satan, thy master, I dare call a dunce.

THE CONSOLATION.

NIGHT IX.

CONTAINING, AMONG OTHER THINGS,

I A MORAL SURVEY OF THE NOCTURNAL HEAVENS.
II. A NIGHT ADDRESS TO THE DEITY.

HUMBLY INSCRIBED

TO HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF NEWCASTLE.

- Fatis contraria fata rependens. Virg.

As when a traveller, a long day pass'd In painful search of what he cannot find, At night's approach, content with the next cot, There ruminates a while his labour lost; Then, cheers his heart with what his fate affords, And chants his sonnet to deceive the time, Till the due season calls him to repose; Thus I, long travel'd in the ways of men, And dancing, with the rest, the giddy maze, Where Disappointment smiles at Hope's career, 10 Warn'd by the languor of life's evening ray, At length have housed me in an humble shed, Where, future wandering banish'd from my thought, And waiting, patient, the sweet hour of rest, I chase the moments with a serious song. 15 Song sooths our pains, and age has pains to sooth. When age, care, crime, and friends embraced at heart,

18*

Torn from my bleeding broast, and death's dark she Which hovers o'er me, quench the' etherial fire, Canst thou, O Night! indulge one labour more? One labour more indulge! then sleep, my strain! Till, haply, waked by Raphael's golden lyre,	90
Where night, death, age, care, crime, and sorrow ce	250,
To bear a part in everlasting lays;	
Though far, far higher set; in aim, I trust,	25
Symphonious to this humble prelude here.	
Has not the Muse asserted pleasures pure, Like those above, exploding other joys?	
Weigh what was urged, Lorenzo; fairly weigh,	
And tell me, hast thou cause to triumph still?	30
I think thou wilt forbear a boast so bold:	34
But if, beneath the favour of mistake,	
Thy smile's sincere; not more sincere can be	
Lorenzo's smile, than my compassion for him.	
The sick in body call for aid; the sick	35
an mind are covetous of more disease;	•-
And, when at worst, they dream themselves quite w	vell.
To know ourselves diseased is half our cure.	
When Nature's blush by custom is wiped off,	
And Conscience, deaden'd by repeated strokes,	40
Has into manners naturalized our crimes,	
The curse of curses is our curse to love;	
To triumph in the blackness of our guilt	
(As Indians glory in the deepest jet,)	
And throw aside our senses with our peace.	45
But, grant no guilt, no shame, no least alloy;	
Grant joy and glory quite unsullied shone;	
Yet, still, it ili deserves Lorenzo's heart.	
No joy, no glory glitters in thy sight,	
But, through the thin partition of an hour,	50
I set its sables wove by Destiny;	
And that in sorrow buried, this in shame;	
While howling furies ring the doleful knell,	
And Conscience, now so soft thou scarce canst her	
Her whisper, echoes her eternal peal.	55

Where the prime actors of the last year's scene Their port so proud, their buskin, and their plume How many sleep, who kept the world awake	9 5
With lustre and with noise! Has Death proclaim	d
A truce, and hung his sated lance on high?	60
"Tis brandish'd still, nor shall the present year	-
Be more tenacious of her human leaf,	
Or spread, of feeble life, a thinner fall.	
But needless monuments to wake the thought;	
Life's gayest scenes speak man's mortality,	65
Though in a style more florid, full as plain	
As mausoleums, pyramids, and tombs.	
What are our noblest ornaments, but Deaths	
Turn'd flatterers of Life, in paint or marble,	
The well stain'd canvass, or the featured stone?	70
Our fathers grace, or rather haunt, the scene:	
Joy peoples her pavilion from the dead.	
'Profess'd diversions! cannot these escape?'-	
Far from it: these present us with a shroud,	
And talk of death, like garlands o'er a grave.	75
As some bold plunderers for buried wealth,	
We ransack tombs for pastime; from the dust	
Call up the sleeping hero; bid him tread	
The scene for our amusement. How like gods	
We sit; and, wrapp'd in immortality,	80
Shed generous tears on wretches born to die;	
Their fate deploring, to forget our own!	
What all the pomps and triumphs of our lives .	
But egacies in blossom? Our lean soil,	
auxuriant grown, and rank in vanities,	85
From friends interr'd beneath, a rich manure?	
Like other worms, we banquet on the dead;	
Like other worms, shall we crawl on, nor know	
Our present frailties, or approaching fate?	
Lorenzo! such the glories of the world!	90
What is the world itself? thy world?—a grave.	
Where is the dust that has not been alive?	

The spade, the plough disturb our ancestors.

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From numan mould we reap our daily bread.	
The globe around earth's hollow surface shakes,	95
And is the ceiling of her sleeping sons.	
O'er devastation we blind revels keep:	
Whole buried towns support the dancer's heel.	
The moist of human frame the Sun exhales;	
Winds scatter, through the mighty void, the dry	7:
Earth repossesses part of what she gave,	101
And the freed spirit mounts on wings of fire:	
Each element partakes our scatter'd spoils,	
As Nature wide our ruins spread. Man's death	
Inhabits all things, but the thought of man.	105
Nor man alone; his breathing bust expires;	
His tomb is mortal; empires die: where, now,	
The Roman? Greek? they stalk, an empty nam	e!
Yet few regard them in this useful light,	
Though half our learning is their epitaph.	110
When down thy vale, unlock'd by midnight thou	ght,
That loves to wander in thy sunless realms,	• '
O heath! I stretch my view, what visions rise!	
What triumphs! toils imperial! arts divine!	•
In wither d laurels glide before my sight!	115
What lengths of far famed ages, billowed high	
With human agitation, roll along	
In unsubstantial images of air!	
The melancholy ghosts of dead Renown,	
Whispering faint echoes of the world's applause,	120
With penitential aspect, as they pass,	
All point at earth, and hiss at human pride;	
The wisdom of the wise, and prancings of the gre	eat.
But, O Lorenzo! far the rest above,	
Of ghastly nature, and enormous size,	125
One form assaults my sight, and chills my blood,	
And shakes my frame. Of one departed World	
I see the mighty shadow: oozy wreath	
And dismal sea-weed crown her : o'er her urn	
Reclined, she weeps her desolated realms,	130
And bloated sons; and, weeping, prophesies	

Another's dissolution, soon, in flames:	
But, like Cassandra, prophesies in vain:	
In vain to many; not, I trust, to thee.	
For, know'st thou not, or art thou loath to know	w,
The great decree, the counsel of the skies?	136
Deluge and Conflagration, dreadful powers!	
Prime ministers of vengeance! chain'd in caves	
Distinct, apart, the giant furies roar;	
Apart, or such their horrid rage for ruin,	140
In mutual conflict would they rise, and wage	
Eternal war, till one was quite devour'd.	
But not for this ordain'd their boundless rage	
When Heaven's inferior instruments of wratz,	
War, famine, pestilence, are fund too weak	145
To scourge a world for her e varnous crimes,	
These are let loose alternate: down they rush,	
Swift and tempestuous, from the' eternal throne,	
With irresistible commission arm'd,	
The world, in vain corrected, to destroy;	150
And ease Creation of the shocking scene.	
Seest thou, Lorenzo! what depends on man?	
The fate of Nature, as for man her birth.	
Earth's actors change Earth's transitory scenes,	
And make Creation groan with human guilt.	155
How must it groan, in a new deluge whelm'd,	
But not of waters! At the destined hour,	
By the loud trumpet summon'd to the charge,	
See all the formidable sons of fire,	
Eruptions, earthquakes, comets, lightnings, play	160
Their various engines: all at once disgorge	•
Their blazing magazines; and take, by storm,	
This poor terrestrial citadel of man.	
Amazing period! when each mountain height	
Outburns Vesuvius; rocks eternal pour	165
Their melted mass, as rivers once they pour'd;	
Stars rush, and final Ruin fiercely drives	
Her ploughshare o'er Creation !while aloft,	
More than astonishment: if more can be	

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Far other firmament than e'er was seen. 170 Than e'er was thought by man! far other stars! Stars animate, that govern those of fire; Far other sun! -a Sun. O how unlike The Babe at Bethlehem! how unlike the Man That groan'd on Calvary !- yet He it is ; 175 That Man of sorrows! O how changed! what pomp In grandeur terrible all Heaven descends ! And gods, ambitious, triumph in his train. A swift archangel, with his golden wing. As blots and clouds that darken and disgrace The scene divine, sweeps stars and suns aside. And now, all dross removed, Heaven's own pure day, Full on the confines of our ether flames. While (dreadful contrast!) far, how far beneath! Hell, bursting, belches forth her blazing seas 185 And storms sulphureous; her voracious jaws Expanding wide, and roaring for her prev. Lorenzo! welcome to this scene: the last In Nature's course, the first in Wisdom's thought. This strikes, if aught can strike thee; this awakes 190 The most supine: this snatches man from death. Rouse, rouse, Lorenzo ' then, and follow me, Where truth, the most momentous man can hear. Loud calls my soul, and ardour wings her flight. I find my inspiration in my theme: 195 The grandeur of my subject is my Muse.

At midnight, when mankind is wrapp'd in peace,
And worldly Fancy feeds on golden dreams,
To give more dread to man's most dreadful hour;
At midnight, 'tis presumed, this pomp will burst 900
From tenfold darkness, sudden as the spark
From smitten steel; from nitrous grain the blaze.
Man, starting from his couch, shall sleep no more!
The day is broke, which never more shall close!
Above, around, beneath, amazement all '906
Terror and glory join'd in their extremes!
Our God in grandeur, and our world or fire '

THE CONSOLATION.

lature struggling in the pangs of death ! then not hear her? dost thou not deplore 210 strong convulsions, and her final-groan? to are we now? Ah me! the ground is gone hich we stood, Lorenzo! while thou mayst, de more firm support, or sink for ever! to? how? from whence? Vain hope! it is too late! w, where, for shelter, shall the guilty fly, a consternation turns the good man pale! eat day! for which all other days were made, thich earth rose from Chaos, man from earth. m eternity, the date of gods, 220 ended on poor earth-created man! day of dread, decision, and despair! ought of thee each sublunary wish ro its eager grasp, and drops the world, atches at each reed of hope in Heaven. pught of thee !--and art thou absent then? zo! no; 'tis here ;--it is begun :-dy is begun the grand assize, e, in all: deputed Conscience scales tread tribunal, and forestals our doom; tals, and, by forestalling, proves it sure. 230 on himself should man void judgment pass? : Nature laughing at her sons : Conscience sent, her sentence will support. Fod above assert that God in man. rice happy they! that enter now the court 235 en opens in their bosoms: but how rare. e! that magnanimity, how rare! hero, like the man who stands himself; dares to meet his naked heart alone; 244 hears intrepid the full charge it brings. ved to silence future murmurs there! oward flies, and, flying, is undone. hou a coward? no:) the coward flies; s, but thinks slightly; asks, but fears to know What is truth?' with Pilate, and retires;

Dissolves the court, and mingles with the throng: Asylum sad! from Reason, Hope, and Heaven. Shall all but man look out with ardent eve For that great day which was ordain'd for man? O day of consummation! mark supreme (If men are wise) of human thought! nor least Or in the sight of angels, or their King! Angels, whose radiant circles, height o'er height. Order o'er order rising, blaze o'er blaze, As in a theatre, surround this scene, Intent on man, and anxious for his fate. Angels look out for thee; for thee, their Lord, To vindicate his glory; and for thee Creation universal calls aloud To disinvolve the moral world, and give 260 To Nature's renovation brighter charms. Shall man alone, whose fate, whose final fate. Hangs on that hour, exclude it from his thought? I think of nothing else; I see! I feel it! All Nature, like an earthquake, trembling round! 255 All deities, Eke summer's swarms, on wing All basking in the full meridian blaze! I see the judge enthroned! the flaming guard! The volume open'd! open'd every heart! A sunbean, pointing out each secret thought! 220 No patron! intercessor none! now pass'd The sweet, the clement, mediatorial hour! For guilt no plea! to pain no pause! no bound! Inexorable all! and all extreme! Nor man alone: the foe of God and man, 275

Nor man alone; the foe of God and man,
From his dark den, blaspheming, drags his chain,
And rears his brazen front, with thunder scarr'd,
Receives his sentence, and begins his hell.
All vengeance past, now, seems abundant grace.
Like meteors in a stormy sky, how roll
His baleful eyes! he curses whom he dreads,
And deems it the first moment of his fall.

Tis present to my thought '—and yet where is it?

THE CONSOLATION.

217

Angels can't tell me; angels cannot guess The period, from created beings look'd In darkness; but the process and the place Are less obscure; for these may man inquire. Say, thou great close of human hopes and fears! Great key of hearts! great finisher of fates! Great end! and great beginning! say, where art thou? Art thou in time, or in eternity? 291 Nor in eternity nor time I find thee: These, as two monarchs, on their borders meet. (Monarchs of all elapsed or unarrived!) As in debate, how best their powers allied 295 May swell the grandeur, or discharge the wrath Of him, whom both their monarchies obey.

Time, this vast fabric for him built (and doom'd With him to fall) now bursting o'er his head,
His lamp, the Sun, extinguish'd, from beneath
The frown of hideous darkness calls his sons
From their long slumber, from earth's heaving womb,
To second birth' contemporary throng?
Roused at one call, upstarted from one bed,
Fress'd in one crowd, appall'd with one amaze
He turns them o'er, Eternity! to thee:
Then (as a king deposed disdains to live)
He falls on his own scythe, nor falls alone;
His greatest foe falls with him; Time, and he
Who murder'd all Time's offspring, Death, expire 310

Time was! Eternity now reigns alone!

Awful Eternity! offended queen!

And her resentment to mankind how just!

With kind intent, soliciting access,

How often has she knock'd at human hearts!

Rich to repay their hospitality,

How often call'd! and with the voice of God!

Yet bore repulse, excluded as a cheat!

A dream! while foulest foes found welcome there!

A dream, a cheat, now all things but her smile.

320

For, lo! her twice ten thousand gates thrown wide,

As thrice from Indus to the frozen pole. With banners streaming as the comet's blaze, And clarious louder than the deep in storms. Sonorous as immortal breath can blow. Pour forth their myriads, potentates, and powers, Of light, of darkness, in a madle field, Wide as creation! populous as wide! A neutral region! there to mark the' event Of that great drama, whose preceding scenes Detain'd them close spectators, through a length Of ages, ripening to this grand result; Ages as yet unnumber'd but by God, Who now, pronouncing sentence, vindicates The rights of virtue, and his own renown. Eternity, the various sentence pass'd, Assigns the sever'd throng distinct abodes, Sulphureous or ambrosial. What ensues? The deed predominant! the deed of deeds! Which makes a hell of hell, a heaven of heaven. The goddess, with determined aspect, turns Her adamantine key's enormous size Through Destiny's inextricable wards, Deep driving every bolt on both their fates ; Then, from the crystal battlements of heaven, 345 Down, down she hurls it through the dark prefound. Ten thousand thousand fathom, there to rust. And ne'er unlock her resolution more. The deep resounds, and hell, through all her glooms. Returns, in groans, the melancholy roar. 350 O how unlike the chorus of the skies! O how unlike those shouts of joy, that shake The whole ethereal! how the concave rings! Nor strange! when deities their voice exalt: And louder far than when Creation rose, To see Creation's godlike aim and end, So well accomplished! so divinely closed! To see the mighty Dramatist's last act

(As meet) in glory rising o'er the rest.

THE CONSOLATION. 340 ed God: a God, indeed, descends, all knots; to strike the moral home; full day on darkest scenes of time; commend, exalt, and crown the whole. n one peal of loud, eternal praise, m'd spectators thunder their applause. 365 vast void beyond applause resounds. hen am I?-Amidst applauding worlds, as celestial, is there found on earth 1, dissonant, rebellious string, rs in the grand chorus, and complains? 370 on thee, Lorenzo! I suspend. it on myself; how greatly due! right, by God ordain'd or done; , but God, resumed the friends He gave? I been complaining, then, so long? ing of his favours, pain and death? hout Pain's advice, would e'er be good? hout Death, but would be good in vain? save from pain; all punishment 381

nout Death, but would be good in vam?
save from pain; all punishment
for peace; and death to save from death;
and death to guard immortal life;
the careless, the presumptuous awe,
the tide of souls another way;
me tenderness divine ordain'd
ted Eden, and high-bloom'd for man
Eden, endless, in the skies.
I gives us friends to bless the present scene;
them, to prepare us for the next.
atural are moral goods;
line indulgence, on the whole.

unhappy; all have cause to smile.

as to themselves that cause deny.
s are at the bottom of our pains:
act, or judgment, is the scurce
s sighs. We sin, or we mistake;

s sighs. We sin, or we mistake; tre tax, when false opinion stings.

Let impious grief be canish'd, joy indulged: But chiefly then, when Grief puts in her claim. Joy from the joyous frequently betrays. Oft lives in vanity, and dies in woe. Joy amidst ills, corroborates, exalts: 'Tis joy and conquest; joy and virtue too. A noble fortitude in ills delights Heaven, earth, ourselves; 'tis duty, glory, peace! Affliction is the good man's shining scene, Prosperity conceals his brightest ray. As night to stars, woe lustre gives to man. Heroes in battle, pilots in the storm, And virtue in calamities, admire. The crown of manhood is a winter joy : 410 An evergreen that stands the northern blast. And blossoms in the rigour of our fate. 'Tis a prime part of happiness, to know How much unhappiness must prove our lot; A part which few possess! I'll pay life's tax. 415 Without one rebel murmur, from this hour, Nor think it misery to be a man; Who thinks it is, shall never be a god. Some ills we wish for, when we wish to live. What spoke proud Passion?—' Wish my being lost?" Presumptuous! blasphemous! absurd! and false! 421 The triumph of my soul is,—that I am ; And therefore that I may be-what? Lorenzo! Look inward, and look deep; and deeper still: Unfathomably deep our treasure runs, 495 In golden veins, through all eternity ' Ages, and ages, and succeeding still New ages, where this phantom of an hour. Which courts, each night, dull slumber for repair, Shall wake, and wonder, and exult, and praise, And fly through infinite, and all unlock; And (if deserved) by Heaven's redundant love, Made half-adorable itself, adore; * Reserving to the First Night.

THE CONSOLATION.	221
And find, in adoration, endless joy!	
Where thou, not master of a moment here,	435
Frail as the flower, and fleeting as the gale,	
Mayat boast a whole eternity, enrich'd	
With all a kind Omnipotence crn pour.	
Since Adam fell, no mortal uninspired	
Has ever yet conceived, or ever shall,	440
How kind is God, how great (if good) is man.	
No man too largely from Heaven's love can hope	
	hee ,
	from
From man full many! Numerous is the race	445
Of blackest ills, and those immortal too,	
Begot by Madness on fair Liberty,	
Heaven's daughter, hell-debauch'd! her hand alo	ne
Unlocks destruction to the sons of men,	
Fast barr'd by thine; high-wall'd with adamant,	450
Guarded with terrors reaching to this world,	
And cover'd with the thunders of thy law,	
Whose threats are mercies, whose injunctions gu	ides,
Assisting, not restraining Reason's choice;	•
Whose sanctions, unavoidable results	455
From Nature's course, indulgently reveal'd;	
If unreveal'd, more dangerous, nor less sure.	
Thus an indulgent father warns his sons,	
Do this, fly that ;'-nor always tells the cause ;	
Pleased to reward, as duty to his will,	46 0
A conduct needful to their own repose.	
Great God of wonders! (if, thy love survey'd,	
Aught else the name of wonderful retains)	
What rocks are these on which to build our trust!	į
Thy ways admit no blemish; none I find;	465
Or this alone,—That none is to be found:	
Not one, to soften Censure's hardy crime;	
Not one, to palliate peevish Grief's complaint,	
Who, like a demon, murmuring from the dust,	
Dares into judgment call her judge.—Supreme!	470
For all I bless Thee; most for the severe;	
19 4	

Her death*—my own at hand—the fiery gulf,
That flaming bound of wrath omnipotent!
It thunders ;—but it thunders to preserve;
It strengthens what it strikes; its wholesome dread
Averts the dreaded pain its hideous groans
476
Great Source of good alone! how kind in all!
In vengeance kind! pain, death, Gehena, save!
Thus, in thy world material, mighty Mind!

Not that alone which solaces and shines,
The rough and gloomy, challenges our praise.
The winter is as needful as the spring;
The thunder as the sun. A stagnate mass
Of vapours breeds a pestilential air.
Nor more propitious the Favonian breeze
To Nature's health, than purifying storms.
The dread volcano ministers to good;
Its smother'd flames might undermine the world.
Loud Ætnas fulminate in love to man:
Comets good omens are, when duly scann'd;
And, in their use, eclipses learr to shine.
Man is responsible for ills received;
Those we call wretched are a chosen band,

Man is responsible for his received;
Those we call wretched are a chosen band,
Compell'd to refuge in the right, for peace.

Amid my list of blessings infinite
Stand this the foremost, 'That my heart has bled.'
Tis Heaven's last effort of good will to man.
When pain can't bless, Heaven quits us in despair!
Who fails to grieve, when just occasion calls,
Or grieves too much, deserves not to be bless'd;
Inhuman, or effeminate, his heart.
Reason absolves the grief which reason ends.
May Heaven ne'er trust my friend with happiness,
Till it has taught him how to bear it well
By previous pain, and made it safe to smile!
Sinch smiles are mine, and such may they remain,
Nor hazard their extinction from excass.

THE CONSOLATION	NC.
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My change of heart a change of style demands;
The Consolution cancels the Complaint,
And makes a convert of my guilty song.

As when o'erlabour'd, and inclined to breathe. A panting traveller some rising ground, Some small ascent, has gain'd, he turns him round. And measures with his eve the various vale. 515 The fields, woods, meads, and rivers, he has pass'd, And, satiste of his journey, thinks of home, Endear'd by distance, nor affects more toil; Thus I, though small, indeed, is that ascent The Muse has gain'd, review the paths she trod. 520 Various, extensive, beaten but by few; And, conscious of her prudence in repose, Pause and with pleasure meditate an end. Though still remote; so fruitful is my theme. Through many a field of moral and divine 525 The Muse has strav'd, and much of sorrow seen In human ways, and much of false and vain, Which none who travel this bad road can miss. O'er friends deceased full heartily she wept : Of love divine the wonders she display'd; 530 I'roved man immortal; show'd the source of joy; The grand tribunal raised; assign'd the bounds Of human grief. In few, to close the whole, The moral Muse has shadow'd out a skstch. Though not in form, nor with a Raphael stroke, Of most our weakness needs believe or do. In this our land of travail and of hope, For peace on earth, or prospect of the akies.

What then remains? much! much! a mighty dete To be discharged. These thoughts, O Night! are thine; From thee they came, like lovers' secret sighs, While others siept. So Cynthia (poets feign.) In shadows veil'd, soft-sliding from her sphere, Her shepherd cheer'd; of her enamour'd less Than I of thee.—And art thou still unsung, Beneath whose brow. and by whose aid, I sing. Immortal Silence! where shall I begin?
Where end? or how steal music from the spheres
To sooth their goddess?

O majestic Night ' Nature's great ancestor! Dav's elder-born! 550 And fated to survive the transient Sun! By mortals and immortals seen with awe! A starry crown thy raven brow adorns, An azure zone thy waist; clouds, in heaven's loom Wrought through varieties of shape and shade. In ample folds of drapery divine. Thy flowing mantle form, and, heaven throughout. Voluminously pour thy pompous train: Thy gloomy grandeurs (Nature's most august. Inspiring aspect !) claim a grateful verse : 560 And, like a sable curtain starr'd with gold, Drawn o'er my labours past, shall close the scene. And what, O man! so worthy to be sung? What more prepares us for the songs of heaven? Creation of archangels is the theme! 565 What to be sung so needful, what so well Celestial joys prepare us to sustain? The soul of man, His face design'd to see Who gave these wonders to be seen by man. Has here a previous scene of objects great 570 On which to dwell; to stretch to that expanse Of thought, to rise to that exalted height Of admiration, to contract that awe, And give her whole capacities that strength Which best may qualify for final joy. 575 The more our spirits are enlarged on earth,

The deeper draught shall they receive of heaven. [bliss, Heaven's King! whose face unveil'd consummates Redundant bliss! which fills that mighty void The whole Creation leaves in human hearts!

Thou! who didst touch the lip of Jesse's son, Rapp'd in sweet contemplation of these fires, And set his harp in concert with the spheres,

THE CONSOLATION.	225
While of thy works material the supreme	
I dare attempt, assist my daring song :	585
Loose me from Earth's enclosure; from the Sun s	
Contracted circle set my heart at large;	
Eliminate my spirit, give it range	
Through provinces of thought yet unexplored;	
Teach me, by this stupendous scaffolding,	590
Creation's golden steps, to climb to Thee:	
Teach me with art great Nature to control,	
And spread a lustre o'er the shades of night.	
Feel I thy kind assent? and shall the Sun	
Be seen at midnight, rising in my song?	595
Lorenzo! come, and warm thee: thou, whose h	
Whose little heart, is moor'd within a nook	oa1 69 ·
Of this obscure terrestrial, anchor weigh;	
Another ocean calls, a nobler port;	
I am thy pilot, I thy prosperous gale:	600
Gainful thy voyage through you azure main,	
Main without tempest, pirate, rock, or shore,	
And whence thou mayst import eternal wealth,	
And leave to beggar'd minds the pearl and gold.	
Thy travels dost thou boast o'er foreign realms!	60£
Thou stranger to the world! thy tour begin;	•••
Thy tour through Nature's universal orb.	
Nature delineates her whole chart at large.	
On soaring souls, that sail among the spheres;	
And man how purblind, if unknown the whole.	610
Who circles spacious earth, then travels here,	011
Shall own he never was from home before.	
Come, my Prometheus!* from thy pointed rock	
Of false ambition, if unchain'd, we'il mount;	
We'll, innocently, steal celestial fire,	615
And kindle our devotion at the stars:	010
A theft that shall not chain, but set thee free.	
Above our atmosphere's intestine wars,	
Rain's fountain-head, the magazine of hail;	•
Above the northern nests of feather'd snows.	620
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* See Night the Eighth, p. 182.	

The brew of thunders, and the flaming forge That forms the crooked lightning: bove the caves Where infant tempests wait their growing wings, And tune their tender voices to that roar, Which soon, perhaps, shall shake a guilty world; 695 Above misconstrued omens of the sky, Far travel'd comets' calculated blaze, Elance thy thought, and think of more than man: Thy soul, till now contracted, wither'd, shrunk, Blighted by blasts of Earth's unwholesome air. Will blossom here; spread all her faculties To these bright ardours, every power unfold, And rise into sublimities of thought. Stars teach, as well as shine. At Nature's birth Thus their commission ran.—' Be kind to man.' 635 Where art thou, poor benighted traveller! The stars will light thee, though the moon should fail. Where art thou, more benighted! more astray! In ways immoral? the stars call thee back, And, if obey'd their counsel, set thee right. 640 This prospect vast, what is it ?-Weigh'd aright 'Tis Nature's system of divinity. And every student of the night inspires. 'Tis elder Scripture, writ by God's own hand: Scripture authentic! uncorrupt by man. 645 Lorenzo! with my radius (the rich gift Of thought nocturnal) I'll point out to thee Its various lessons; some that may surprise An unadept in mysteries of Night; Little, perhaps, expected in her school. 650 Nor thought to grow on planet or on star, Bulls, lions, scorpions, monsters here we feign, Ourselves more monstrous, not to see what here Exists, indeed,—a lecture to mankind! What read we here?—the existence of a God? 655

Yes: and of other beings, man above; Natives of ether! sons of higher climes! And, what may move Lorenzo's wonder more,

THE CONSOLATION.	237
Eternity is written in the skies.	
And whose eternity?—Lorenzo! thine;	660
Mankind's eternity. Nor faith alone,	
Virtue grows here; here springs the sovereign	cure
Of almost every vice, but chiefly times,	
Wrath, pride, ambition, and impure desire.	
Lorenzo! thou canst wake at midnight too,	365
Though not on morals bent. Ambition, Pleasur	re !
Those tyrants I for thee so lately fought,*	
Afford their harass'd slaves but slender rest.	
Thou, to whom midnight is immoral noon,	
And the sun's noontide blaze prime dawn of day	, 670
Not by thy climate, but capricious crime,	
Commencing one of our antipodes!	,
In thy nocturnal rove one moment halt,	
Twixt stage and stage of riot and cabal,	
And lift thine eye (if bold an eye to lift,	675
If bold to meet the face of injured Heaven)	
To yonder stars: for other ends they shine	
Than to light revellers from shame to shame,	
And thus be made accomplices in guilt.	•
Why from you arch, that infinite of space,	680
With infinite of lucid orbs replete,	
Which set the living firmament on fire,	
At the first glance, in such an overwhelm	•
Of wonderful on man's astonish'd sight	
Rushes Omnipotence?—To curb our pride,	f85
Our reason rouse, and lead it to that Power	
Whose love lets down these silver chains of light	;
To draw up man's ambition to himself,	
And bind our chaste affections to his throne.	
Thus the three viriues, least alive on earth,	690
And welcomed on heaven's coast with most apple	RUSS.
An humble, pure, and heavenly minded heart,	·
Are here inspired ;-and canst thou gaze too long	g ?
Nor stands thy wrath deprived of its reprece,	
" In Night the Eighth.	
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Which gives those venerable scenes full weight, And deep reception in the entender'd heart; While light peeps through the darkness like a spy, 739 And darkness shows its grandeur by the light!

THE CONSOLATION. 220 Nor is the profit greater than the joy, If human hearts at glorious objects glow, And admiration can inspire delight. What speak I more than I this moment feel? 735 With pleasing stuper first the soul is struck, (Stupor ordain'd to make her truly wise!) Then into transport starting from her trance, With love and admiration how she glows! 740 This gorgeous apparatus! this display! This ostentation of creative power! This theatre !- what eve can take it in ? By what divine enchantment was it raised, For minds of the first magnitude to launch In endless speculation, and adore? 745 One sun by day, by night ten thousand shine, And light us deep into the Deity; How boundless in magnificence and might! O what a confluence of ethereal fires, From urns unnumber'd, down the steep of heaven, 750 Streams to a point, and centres in my sight! Nor tarries there; I feel it at my heart: My heart, at once, it humbles and exalts; Lays it in dust, and calls it to the skies. Who sees it unexalted, or unawed? 755 Who sees it, and can stop at what is seen? Material offspring of Omnipotence! Inanimate, all animating birth! Work worthy him who made it! worthy praise! All praise! praise more than human! nor denied Thy praise divine !- But though man, drown'd in sleep, Withholds his homage, not alone I wake; Bright legions swarm unseen, and sing, unheard By mortal ear, the glorious Architect, In this his universal temple, hung 765 With lustres, with innumerable lights, That shed religion on the soul; at once The temple and the preacher! O how loud It calls devotion! genuine growth of Night!

Devotion! daughter of Astronomy! 770 An undevout astronomer is mad True: all things speak a God; but in the small. Men trace out Him: in great, He seizes man: Seizes, and elevates, and raps, and fills With new inquiries, mid associates new. 775 Tell me, ve stars! ve planets! tell me, all Ye s'arr'd and planeted inhabitants! what is it? What are these sons of wonder? Say, proud Arch, (Within whose azure palaces they dwell) Built with divine ambition! in disdain 780 Of limit, built! built in the taste of heaven! Vast concave! ample dome! wast thou design'd A meet apartment for the Deity ?-Not so; that thought alone thy state impairs. Thy lofty sinks, and shallows thy profound. 785 And strengthens thy diffusive : dwarfs the whole. And makes a Universe an orrery. But when I drop mine eye, and look on man, Thy right regain'd thy grandeur is restored, O Nature! wide flies off the' expanding round: 790 As when whole magazines, at once, are fired, The smitten air is hollow'd by the blow, The vast displosion dissipates the clouds, Shock'd ether's billows dash the distant skies: Thus (but far more) the expanding round flies off, And leaves a mighty void, a spacious womb, Might teem with new creation; reinflamed. Thy luminaries triumph, and assume Divinity themselves. Nor was it strange, Matter high-wrought to such surprising pomp. 800 Such godlike glory, stole the style of gods, From ages dark, obtuse, and steep'd in sense: For sure to sense they truly are divine, And half absolved idolatry from guilt, 806 Nay, turn'd it into virtue. Such it was In those, who put forth all they had of man

Unlost, to lift their thought, nor mounted higher.

845

But, weak of wing, on planets perch'd, and thought What was their highest must be their adored. But they how weak, who could no higher mount? And are there, then, Lorenzo! those to whom 811 Unseen, and unexistent, are the same? And if incomprehensible is join'd. Who dare pronounce it madness to believe? Why has the almighty Builder thrown aside 815 All measure in his work? stretch'd out his line So far, and spread amazement o'er the whole? Then (as he took delight in wide extremes) Deep in the bosom of his Universe Dropp'd down that reasoning mite, that insect, man! To crawl, and gaze, and wonder at the scene? - 821 That man might ne'er presume to plead amazement For disbelief of wonders in himself. Shall God be less miraculous than what His hand has formed? shall mysteries descend 820 From unmysterious? things more elevate, Be more familiar? uncreated lie More obvious than created, to the grasp Of human thought? The more of wonderful Is heard in Him, the more we should assent. 830 Could we conceive him. God he could not be: Or he not God, or we could not be men. A God alone can comprehend a God: Man's distance how immense! On such a theme. Know this, Lorenzo! (seem it ne'er so strange) 835 Nothing can satisfy, but what confounds; Nothing but what astonishes, is true. The scene thou seest attests the truth I sing, And every star sheds light upon thy creed. 840 These stars, this furniture, this cost of heaven, If but reported, thou hadst ne'er believed; But thine eye tells thee, the romance is true.

The grand of Nature is the Almighty's oath, in Reason's court, to silence Unbelief.

How my mind, opening at this scene, imbibes

The moral emanations of the skies, While nought, perhaps, Lorenzo less admires! Has the Great Sovereign sent ten thousand worlds To tell us, He resides above them all, In glory's unapproachable recess? 950 And dare earth's bold inhabitants denv The sumptuous, the magnific embassy. A moment's audience? Turn we, nor will hear From whom they come, or what they would impart For man's emolument; sole cause that stoops 855 Their grandeur to man's eve? Lorenzo! rouse: Let thought, awaken'd, take the lightning's wing, And glance from east to west, from pole to pole. Who sees, but is confounded or convinced? Renounces reason, or a God adores? 880 Mankind was sent into the world to see : Sight gives the science needful to their peace; That obvious science asks small learning's aid. Wouldst thou on metaphysic pinions soar? Or wound thy patience amid logic thorns? 865 Or travel history's enormous round? Nature no such hard task enjoins: she gave A make to man directive of his thought; A make set upright, pointing to the stars, As who shall say, ' Read thy chief lesson there.' 870 Too late to read this manuscript of heaven, When, like a parchment scroll, shrunk up by flames, It folds Lorenzo's lesson from his sight. Lesson how various! not the God alone, I see his ministers; I see, diffused 875 In radiant orders, essences sublime, Of various offices, of various plume, In heavenly liveries distinctly clad, Azure, green, purple, pearl or downy gold, Or all commix'd; they stand, with wings outspread, Listening to catch the Master's least command, And fly through nature ere the moment ends: Numbers innumerable !-- Well conceived

THE CONSOLATION.	233
By Pagan and by Christian! O'er each sphere Presides an angel, to direct its course,	885
And feed, or fan, its flames; or to discharge	000
Other high trusts unknown; for who can see	
Such pomp of matter, and imagine mind	
(For which alone inanimate was made)	
More sparingly dispensed? that nobler son,	890
Far liker the great Sire !—'Tis thus the skies	•
Inform us of superiors numberless,	
As much, in excellence, above mankind,	
As above earth, in magnitude, the spheres.	
Those, as a cloud of witnesses, hang o'er us:	895
In a throng'd theatre are all our deeds.	
Perhaps a thousand demigods descend	
On every beam we see, to walk with men.	
Awful reflection! strong restraint from ill!	
Yet here, our virtue finds still stronger aid	900
From these ethereal glories sense surveys.	
Something, like magic, strikes from this blue ve	ult:
With just attention is it view'd? we feel	
A sudden succour, unimplored, unthought. Nature herself does half the work of man.	905
	900
Seas, rivers, mountains, forests, deserts, rocks, The promontory's height, the depth profound	
Of subterranean excavated grots,	
Black-brow'd, and vaulted high, and yawning	wide.
From Nature's structure, or the scoop of Time	
If ample or dimension, vast of size,	,
E'en these an aggrandizing impulse give;	
Of solemn thought enthusiastic neights	
E'en these infuse.—But what of vast in these?	
Nothing-or we must own the skies forgot.	915
Much less in art.—Vain Art! thou pigmy power	er!
How dost thou swell, and strut, with human pr	ide,
To show thy littleness! What childish toys,	
Thy watery columns squirted to the clouds!	
Thy bason'd rivers and imprison'd seas!	920
Thy mountains moulded into forms of men!	
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Thy hundred-gated capitals! or those Where three days' travel left us much to ride Gazing on miracles by mertals wrought, Arches triumpha, theatres immense, Or nodding gardens pendent in mid air! Or temples proud to meet their gods half-way! Yet these affect us in no common kind: What then the force of such superior scenes? Enter a temple, it will strike an awe: What awe from this the Deity has built? A good man seen, though silent, counsel gives. The touch'd spectator wishes to be wise. In a bright mirror His own hands have made, Here we see something like the face of God. Seems it not then enough to say, Lorenzo, To man abandon'd, 'Hast thou seen the skies?'

And yet, so thwarted Nature's kind design By daring man, he makes her sacred awe (That guard from ill) his shelter, his temptation To more than common guilt, and quite inverts Celestial Art's intent. The trembling stars See crimes gigantic, stalking through the gloom With front erect, that hide their head by day, And making night still darker by their deeds. Slumbering in covert, till the shades descend. Rapine and Murder, link'd, now prowl for prey. The miser earths his treasure : and the thief. Watching the mole, half beggars him ere morn. Now plots and foul conspiracies awake, And, muffling up their horrors from the moon, Havock and devastation they prepare, And kingdoms tottering in the field of blood. Now sons of riot in mid-revel rage. What shall I do?-suppress it? or proclaim?-Why sleeps the thunder? Now, Lorenzo! now His best friend's couch the rank adulterer Ascends secure, and laughs at gods and men. Preposterous madmen, void of fear or shame,

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Lay their crimes bare to these chaste eyes of heaven, Yet shrink and shudder at a mortal's sight. Were moon and stars for villains only made. To guide, yet screen them, with tenebrious light? No: they were made to fashion the sublime Of human hearts, and wiser make the wise. 965 Those ends were answer'd once, when mortals lived Of stronger wing, of aquiline ascent. In theory sublime. O how unlike Those vermin of the night, this moment sung. Who crawl on earth, and cn her venom feed! 970 Those ancient sages, human stars! they met Their brothers of the skies at midnight hour, Their counsel ask'd, and what they ask'd obey'd. The Stagirite, and Plato, he who drank The poisoned bowl, and he of Tusculum, 975 With him of Corduba, (immortal names!) In these unbounded and Elysian walks, An area fit for gods and godlike men. They took their nightly round, through radiant paths. By seraphs trod; instructed, chiefly, thus, 980 To tread in their bright footsteps here below. To walk in worth still brighter than the skies. There they contracted their contempt of earth: Of hopes eternal kindled there the fire: There, as in near approach, they glow'd, and grew 985 (Great visitants!) mere intimate with God, More worth to men, more joyous to themselves. Through various virtues they, with ardour, ran The zodiac of their learn'd illustrious lives. In Christian hearts, O for a Pagan zeal! 990 A needful, but opprobrious prayer! as much Our ardour less, as greater is our light. How monstrous this in morals! Scarce more strange Would this phenomenon in nature strike, A sun that froze us, or a star that warm'd. 995 What tought these heroes of the moral world? To these thou givest thy praise, give credit too.

1035

These doctors ne'er were pension'd to deceive thee And Pagan tutors are thy taste.-They taught. That narrow views betray to misery; 1000 That wise it is to comprehend the whole; That virtue rose from Nature; ponder'd well. The single base of virtue built to Heaven: That God and Nature our attention claim; That Nature is the glass reflecting God, 1005 As, by the sea, reflected is the sun. Too glorious to be gazed on in his sphere: That mind immortal loves immortal aims: That boundless mind affects a boundless space: That vast surveys, and the sublime of things. 1010 The soul assimilate, and make her great: That, therefore, heaven her glories, as a fund Of inspiration, thus spreads out to man. Such are their doctrines; such the Night inspired. And what more true? what truth of greater weight? The soul of man was made to walk the skies. Delightful outlet of her prison here! There, disencumber'd from her chains, the ties Of toys terrestrial, she can rove at large: There freely can respire, dilate, extend, 1020 In full proportion let loose all her powers, And, undeluded, grasp at something great. Nor as a stranger does she wander there, But, wonderful herself, through wonder strays; Contemplating their grandour, finds her own ; 1025 Dives deep in their economy divine, Sits high in judgment on their various laws, And, like a master, judges not amiss. Hence greatly pleased, and justly proud, the soul Grows conscious of her birth celestial; breathes 1030 More life, more vigour, in her native air, And feels herself at nome among the stars, And, feeling, emulates her country's praise. What call we, then, the firmament, Lorenzo?--

As earth the body, since the skies sustain



The soul with food that gives immortal life,
Call it the noble pasture of the mind,
Which there expatiates, strengthens, and exults,
And riots through the luxuries of thought.
Call it the garden of the Deity,
Blossom'd with stars, redundant in the growth
Of fruit ambrosial, moral fruit to man.
Call it the breast-plate of the true High-priest,
Ardent with gems oracular, that give
In points of highest moment, right response;
And ill neglected, if we prize our peace.

Thus have we found a true astrology: Thus have we found a new and noble sense. In which alone stars govern human fates. O that the stars (as some have feign'd) let fall 1050 Bloodshed and havoc on embattled realms. And rescued monarchs from so black a guilt! Bourbon! this wish how generous in a foe? Wouldst thou be great, wouldst thou become a god. And stick thy deathless name among the stars. 1055 For mighty conquests on a needle's point? Instead of forging chains for foreigners: Bastile, thy tutor; grandeur, all thy aim? And yet thou know'st not what it is. How great, · How glorious, then appears the mind of man. 1060 When in it all the stars and planets roll! And what it seems, it is. Great objects make Great minds, enlarging as their views enlarge; Those still more godlike as these more divine.

And more divine than these, thou canst not see.

Dazzled, o'erpower'd, with the delicious draught 1066
Of miscellaneous splendours, how I reel
From thought to thought, inebriate, without end!
An Eden this! a Paradise unlost!
I meet the Deity in every view,
And tremble at my nakedness before him!
O that I could but reach the tree of life!
For here it grows unguarded from our taste;

No flaming sword denies our entrance here: Would man but gather, he might live for ever. 1075 Lorenzo! much of moral hast thou seen: Of curious arts art thou more fond? then mark The mathematic glories of the skies. In number, weight, and measure, all ordain'd. Lorenzo's boasted builders, Chance and Fate. 1080 Are left to finish his aerial towers: Wisdom and Choice, their well known characters Here deep impress, and claim it for their own. Though splendid all, no splendour void of use. . Use rivals beauty, art contends with power; 1085 No wanton waste amid effuse expense, The great Economist adjusting all To prudent pomp, magnificently wise. How rich the prospect! and for ever new; And newest, to the man that views it most: 1090 For newer still in infinite succeeds. Then these acrial racers, O how swift! How the shaft loiters from the strongest string: Spirit alone can distance the career, 1095 Orb above orb ascending, without end! Circle in circle, without end, enclosed! Wheel within wheel, Ezekiel, like to thine! Like thine, it seems a vision or a dream; Though seen, we labour to believe it true! What involution! what extent! what swarms 1100 Of worlds, that laugh at earth! immensely great! Immensely distant from each other's spheres! What, then, the wondrous space through which they At once it quite ingulfs all human thought; 'Tis Comprehension's absolute defeat. 1105 Nor think thou seest a wild disorder here: Through this illustrious chaos to the sight, Arrangement neat and chastest order reign. The path prescribed, inviolably kept, Upbraids the lawless sallies of mankind. 1110

Worlds, ever thwarting, never interfere;

THE CONSOLATION.	233
What knots are tied! how soon are they dissolve	ed,
And set the seeming married planets free!	•
They re for ever, without error rove;	
Confusion unconfused! nor less admire	1115
This tumult untumultuous; all on wing!	
In motion all! yet what profound repose!	
What fervid action, yet no noise! as awed	
To silence by the presence of their Lord;	
Or hush'd by his command, in love to man,	1120
And bid let fall soft beams on human rest,	
Restless themselves. On you cerulean plain,	
In exultation to their God and thine,	
They dance, they sing eternal jubilee,	
Eternal celebration of his praise!	1125
But since their song arrives not at our ear,	
Their dance perplex'd exhibits to the sight	
Fair hieroglyphic of his peerless power.	
Mark how the labyriathian turns they take,	
The circles intricate, and mystic maze,	1130
Weave the grand cipher of Omnipotence;	
To gods how great! how legible to man!	
Leaves so much wonder greater wonder still!	1
Where are the pillars that support the skies?	
What more than Atlantean shoulder props	1135
The incumbent load? what magic, what strange	art,
In fluid air these ponderous orbs sustains?	
Who would not think them hung in golden chair	as ?—
And so they are; in the high will of Heaven,	
Which fixes all; makes adamant of air,	1140
Or air of adamant; makes all of nought,	
Or nought of all, if such the dread decree.	
Imagine from their deep foundations torn	
The most gigantic sons of earth, the broad	
And towering Alps, all toss'd into the sea;	1145
And, light as down, or volatile as air,	
Their bulks enormous dancing on the waves,	
In time and measure exquisite; while all	
The winds, in emulation of the spheres,	
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Here, then, Lorenzo! on these glaries dwell:

THE CONSOLATION.

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Nor want the gilt, illuminated roof, That calls the wretched gay to dark delights. Assemblies & this is one divinely bright; 1190 Here, uneusant d.in health, wealth, or fame, Range through the fairest, and the Sultan scorn. He, wise as show, no Crescent holds so fair As that which on his turban awes a world, And thinks the Moon is proud to copy him. 1195 Look on her, and gain more than worlds can give. A mind superior to the charms of power Thou, muffled in delusions of this life! Can vonder moon turn Ocean in his bed From side to side in constant ebb and flow. 1200 And purify from stench his watery realms? And fails her moral influence? wants she power To turn Lorenzo's stubborn tide of thought From stagnating on earth's infected shore. And purge from nuisance his corrupted heart? 1205 Fails her attraction, when it draws to Heaven? Nay, and to what thou valuest more, earth's joy? Minds elevate, and panting for unseen. And defecate from sense, alone obtain Full relish of existence undeflower'd. 1210 The life of life, the zest of worldly bliss: All else on earth amounts—to what? to this: 'Bad to be suffer'd. blessings to be left:' Earth's richest inventory boasts no more. Of higher scenes be then the call obev'd. 1215 O let me gaze !--of gazing there's no end. O let me think !- thought, too, is wilder'd here; In midway flight Imagination tires: Yet soon reprunes her wing to suar anew. Her point unable to forbear or gain; 1920 So great the pleasure, so profound the plan! A banquet this, where men and angels meet, Est the same manna, mingle Earth and Heaven. How distant some of these nocturnal suns!

So distant (says the sage) 'twere not absurd

To doubt if beams, set out at Nature's birth, Are yet arrived at this so foreign world, Though nothing half so rapid as their flight. An eye of awe and wonder let me roll, And roll for ever. Who can satiste sight 1230 In such a scene? in such an ocean wide Of deep astonishment? where depth, height, breadth. Are ost in their extremes; and where to count The bick-sown glories in this field of fire, Perhaps a seraph's computation fails. 1235 Now go, Ambition! boast thy boundless might In conquest o'er the tenth part of a grain. And yet Lorenzo calls for miracles, To give his tottering faith a solid base. Why call for less than is already thine? 1240 Thou art no novice in theology: What is a miracle ?- "Tis a reproach, 'Tis an implicit satire on mankind, And while it satisfies, it censures too. To common sense great Nature's course proclaims A Deity: When mankind falls asleep, 1246 A miracle is sent as an alarm To wake the world, and prove him o'er again, By recent argument, but not more strong. Say which imports more plenitude of power, 1250 Or Nature's laws to fix, or to repeal? To make a Sun, or stop his mid career? To countermand his orders, and send back The flaming courier to the frighted East, Warm'd and astonish'd at his evening ray; 1255 Or bid the Moon, as with her journey tired, In Ajalon's soft flowery vale repose? Great things are these? still greater to create. From Adam's bower look down through the whole train Of miracles ;-resistless is their power? 1260 They do not, cannot, more amaze the mind. Than this, call'd unmiraculous survey,

If duly weigh'd, if rationally seen,

If seen with human eves. The brute, indeed. Sees nought but spangles here; the fool, no more. Sav'st thou, 'The course of Nature governs all?' 1266 The course of Nature is the Art of God. The miracles, thou call'st for, this attest : For say, could Nature Nature's course control? But, miracles apart, who sees him not 1270 Nature's Controller, Author, Guide, and End? Who turns his eye on Nature's midnight face. But must inquire-' What hand behind the scene. What arm Almighty, put these wheeling globes In motion, and wound up the vast machine? 1275 Who rounded in his palm these spacious orbs? Who bowld them flaming through the dark profound, Numerous as glittering gems of morning dew. Or sparks from populous cities in a blaze. 1280 And set the bosom of old Night on fire. Peopled her desert, and made Horror smile? Or if the military style delights thee, (For stars have fought their battles, leagued with man) Who marshals this bright host? enrols their names, Appoints their post, their marches, and returns, 1285 Punctual, at stated periods? who disbands These veteran troops, their final duty done, If e'er dishanded?'-He, whose potent word, Like the loud trumper, levied first their powers In Night's inglorious empire, where they slept 1290 In beds of darkness; arm'd them with fierce flames; Arranged, and disciplined, and clothed in gold, And call'd them out of Chaos to the field. Where now they war with Vice and Unbelief. O let us join this army! joining these 1295 Will give us hearts intrepid, at that hour When brighter flames shall cut a darker night; When these strong demonstrations of a God Shall hide their heads, or tumble from their spheres, And one eternal curtain cover all! 1300 Struck at that thought, as new-awaked, I lift.

A more enlighten'd eye, and read the stars To man still more propitious, and their aid (Though guiltless of idolatry) implore, Nor longer rob them of their noblest name. 1306 O ye dividers of my time! ye bright Accomptants of my days, and months, and years, In your fair calendar distinctly mark'd! Since that authentic, radiant register, **= 1309** Though man inspects it not, stands good against him; Since you and years roll on, though man stands still. Teach me my days to number, and apply My trembling heart to wisdom, now beyond All shadow of excuse for fooling on. Age smooths our path to prudence; sweeps aside 1315 The snares keen appetite and passion spread To catch stray souls; and woe to that gray head Whose folly would undo what age has done! Aid, then, aid, all ye Stars !- Much rather Thou, Great Artist: Thou whose finger set aright 1220 This exquisite machine, with all its wheels, Though intervolved, exact; and pointing out Life's rapid and irrevocable flight, With such an index fair as none can miss Who lifts an eye, nor sleeps till it is closed. 1325 Open mine eye, dread Deity! to read The tacit doctrine of thy works; to see Things as they are, unalter'd through the glass. Of worldly wishes. Time, Eternity! ('Tis these, mismeasured, ruin all mankind) 1330 Set them before me; let me lay them both In equal scale, and learn their various weight. Let time appear a moment, as it is; And let Eternity's full orb, at once, .335 Turn on my soul, and strike it into Heaven. When shall I see far more than charms me now Gaze on Creation's model in thy breast Unveil'd, nor wonder at the transcript more. When this vile, foreign dust, which smothers all

THE CONSOLATION. 245 That travel earth's deep vale, shall I shake off? 1340 When shall my soul her incarnation quit, And, readopted to thy bless'd embrace, Obtain her apotheosis in thee ?-Dost think, Lorenzo, this is wandering wide? No: 'tis directly striking at the mark. 1345 To wake thy dead devotion was my point; And how I bless Night's consecrating shades, Which to a temple turn a universe: Fill us with great ideas, full of heaven, And antidote the pestilential earth! 1350 In every storm, that either frowns or falls. What an asylum has the soul in prayer! And what a fane is this, in which to pray! And what a God must dwell in such a fane! O what a genius must inform the skies! 1355 And is Lorenzo's salamander heart Cold. and untouch'd, amid these sacred fires? O ye nocturnal sparks! ye glowing embers, On Heaven's broad hearth! Who burn, or burn no more, Who blaze, or die, as great Jehovah's breath 1360 Or blows you or forbears, assist my song! Pour vour whole influence : exercise his heart. So long possess'd, and bring him back to man. And is Lorenzo a demurrer still? Pride in thy parts provokes thee to contest 1865 Truths which, contested, put thy parts to shame: Nor shame they more Lorenzo's head than heart, A faithless heart, how despicably small! Too straight, aught great or generous to receive! Fill'd with an atom! fill'd and foul'd with self! 1.370 And self-mistaken! self, that lasts an hour! Instincts and passions of the nobler kind Lie suffocated there; or they alone, Reason apart, would wake high hope, and open, To ravish'd thought, that intellectual sphere, 1375 Where Order, Wisdom, Goodness, Providence, Their endless miracles of love display.

Some wish they did, but no man disbelieves. 'God is a Spirit; spirit cannot strike These gross material organs; God by man As much is seen, as man a God can see. In these astonishing exploits of power, What order, beauty, motion, distance, size! Concertion of design, how exquisite! How complicate in their divine police! Apt means! great ends! consent to general good!-Each attribute of these material gods, 1425 So long (and that with specious pleas) adored, A separate conquest gains o'er rebel thought, And leads in triumph the whole mind of man.' Lorenzo! this may seem harangue to thee; Such all is apt to seem, that thwarts our will. 1430 And dost thou, then, demand a simple proof Of this great master-moral of the skies. Unskill'd, or disinclin'd, to read it there? Since 'tis the basis, and all drops without it. Take it in one compact, unbroken chain. 1435 Such proof insists on an attentive ear, 'Twill not make one amid a mob of thoughts, And for thy notice struggle with the world. Retire;—the world shut out;—thy thoughts call home:— Imagination's airy wing repress ;-1440 Lock up thy senses ;-let no passion stir ;-Wake all to Reason ;—let her reign alone .— Then in the soul's deep silence, and the depth Of Nature s silence, midnight, thus inquire. As I have done, and shall inquire no more. 1445 In Nature's channel thus the questions run: 'What am I; and from whence? - I nothing know But that I am; and since I am, conclude Something eternal; had there e'er been nought, Nought still had been: eternal there must be.— 1459 But what eternal?—Why not human race?

And Adam's ancestors without an end?— That's hard to be conceived, since every link

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	Of that long-chain'd succession is so frail.	
	Can every part depend, and not the whole?	1455
	Yet grant it true, new difficulties rise;	
	I'm still quite out at sea, nor see the shore.	
	Whence earth, and these bright orbs ?- Eternal too	, ,
	Grant matter was eternal, still these orbs	
	Would want some other father ;-much design	1460
	Is seen in all their motions, all their makes.	
	Design implies intelligence and art;	
	That can't be from themselves or man: that art	
	Man scarce can comprehend, could man bestow?	
	And nothing greater yet allow'd, than man-	1465
	Who motion, foreign to the smallest grain,	
	Shot through vast masses of enormous weight?	
	Who bid brute matter's restive lump assume	
	Such various forms, and gave it wings to fly?	
		470
	Asserting its indisputable right	
	To dance, would form a universe of dust:	
	Has matter none? then whence these gloricus form	
	And boundless flights, from shapeless and reposed	
	Has matter more than motion? has it thought, 1	475
	Judgment, and genius? is it deeply learn'd	
	In mathematics? has it framed such laws,	
	Which, but to guess, a Newton made immortal?—	•
	If so, how each sage atom laughs at me,	
		480
	If art to form, and counsel to conduct,	
	And that with greater far than human skill,	
•	Resides not in each block,—a Godhead reigns!—	
	Grant, then, invisible, eternal Mind;	
	That granted, all is solved :-but granting that, 1	485
	Draw I not o'er me a still darker cloud?	
	Grant I not that which I can ne'er conceive?	
	A being without origin or end!—	
	Hail, human Liberty! there is no God-	
		490
	Subsist it must, in God or human race;	
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If in the last, how many knots beside. Indissoluble all?—why choose it there Where, chosen, still subsist ten thousand more? Reject it where, that chosen, all the rest 1405 Dispersed, leave Reason's whole horizon clear?— This is not Reason's dictate: Reason says. Close with the side where one grain turns the scale: What vast preponderance is here! can Reason With louder voice exclaim-" Believe a God?" .1500 And Reason heard, is the sole mark of man. What things impossible must man think true. On any other system! and how strange To disbelieve, through mere credulity! If in this chain Lorenzo finds no flaw. 1503

If in this chain Lorenzo finds no flaw,

Let it for ever bind him to belief.

And where the link, in which a flaw he finds?

And if a God there is, that God how great!

How great that Power whose providential care

Through these bright orbs' dark centres darts a ray!

Of Nature universal threads the whole!

And hangs Creation, like a precious gem,

Though little, on the footstool of his throne!

That little gem, how large! A weight let fall From a fix'd star, in ages can it reach 1515 This distant earth? Say, then, Lorenzo! where, Where ends this mighty building? where begin The suburbs of Creation? where the wall Whose battlements look o'er into the vale Of nonexistence? Nothing's strange abode! 1590 Say, at what point of space Jehovah dropp'd His slacken'd line, and laid his balance by; Weigh'd worlds, and measured infinite no more? Where rears his terminating pillar high Its extramundane head? and says to gods, 1595 In characters illustrious as the Sun, 'I stand, the plan's proud period: I pronounce The work accomplish'd; the Creation closed: Shout, all ye Gods! nor shout, ye Gods, alone;

And in what space can his great fiat fail?

Condemn me not, cold critic! but indulge
The warm imagination: why condemn?

Why not indulge such thoughts as swell our hearts
With fuller admiration of that Power 1566
Who gives our hearts with such high thoughts to swell.

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Why not indulge in his augmented praise?	
Darts not his glory a still brighter ray,	
The less is left to Chaos, and the realms	1570
Of hideous Night, where Fancy strays aghast,	
And, though most talkative, makes no report?	
Still seems my thought enormous? think age	ain ;—
Experience 'self shall aid thy lame belief.	
Glasses, (that revelation to the sight!)	1575
Have they not led us in the deep disclose	
Of fine-spun Nature, exquisitely small,	
And, though demonstrated, still ill conceived?	
If, then, on the reverse the mind would mount	
In magnitude, what mind can mount too far,	1530
To keep the balance, and creation poise?	
Defect alone can err on such a theme:	
What is too great, if we the cause survey?	
Stupendous Architect! Thou, Thou, art all!	
My soul flies up and down in thoughts of Thee,	1585
And finds herself but at the centre still!	
I AM, thy name 'existence, all thine own!	
Creation's nothing, flatter'd much, if styled	
'The thin, the fleeting atmosphere of God.'	
O for the voice—of what? of whom?—what v	
Can answer to my wants, in such ascent As dares to deem one universe too small?	1591
Tell me, Lorenzo! (for now Fancy glows, Fired in the vortex of almighty power)	
Is not this home-creation, in the map	1505
Of universal Nature, as a speck,	1000
Like fair Britannia in our little ball;	
Exceeding fair and glorious, for its size,	
But, elsewhere, far outmeasured, far outshone?	
In fancy (for the fact beyond us lies)	1600
Canst thou not figure it, an isle, almost	_000
Too small for notice in the vast of being;	
Sever'd by mighty seas of unbuilt space	•
From other realms; from ample continents	

Less northern, less remote from Deity. Glowing beneath the line of the Supreme. Where souls in excellence make haste, put forth Luxuriant growths, nor the late autumn wait Of human worth, but ripen soon to gods? 1610 Yet why drown Fancy in such depths as these? Return, presumptuous rover! and confess The bounds of man, nor blame them, as too small. Enjoy we not full scope in what is seen? Fuil ample the dominions of the Sun! 1615 Full glorious to behold! how far, how wide. The matchless monarch from his flaming throne. Lavish of lustre, throws his beams about him. Farther and faster than a thought can fly, And feeds his planets with eternal fires! 1620 This Heliopolis by greater far Than the proud tyrant of the Nile was built: And He alone who built it can destroy. Beyond this city why strays human thought? One wonderful, enough for man to know! 1695 One infinite, enough for man to range! One firmament, enough for man to read! O what voluminous instruction here! What page of wisdom is denied him? none, If learning his chief lesson makes him wise. 1630 Nor is instruction here our only gain: There dwells a noble pathos in the skies, Which warms our passions, proselytes our hearts. How eloquently shines the glowing pole! With what authority it gives its charge, 1635 Remonstrating great truths in style sublime, Though silent, loud! heard earth around; above The planets heard; and not unheard in hell! Hell has her wonds., though too proud to praise. Is earth, then, more infernal? has she those 1640 Who neither praise (Lorenzo!) nor admire? Lorenzo's admiration, preengaged, Nee'r ask'd the Moon one question? never held

THE CONSOLATION 253 Least correspondence with a single star; Ne'er rear'd an altar to the queen of heaven 1645 Walking in brightness, or her train adored. Their sublunary rivals have long since Engross'd his whole devotion; stars malign, Which made the fond astronomer run mad. Darken his intellect, corrupt his heart : 1650 Cause him to sacrifice his fame and peace To momentary madness, call'd delight: Idolater more gross, than ever kiss'd The lifted hand to Luna, or pour'd out The blood to Jove —O Thou, to whom belongs 1655 All sacrifice ! O Thou great Jove unfeign'd! Divine Instructer! Thy first volume this For man's perusal; all in capitals! In moon and stars (Heaven's golden alphabet!) Emblazed to seize the sight, who runs may read; 1669 Who reads can understand. 'Tis unconfined To Christian land or Jewry; fairly writ, In language universal, to mankind; A language lofty to the learn'd, yet plain To those that feed the flock, or guide the plaugh, 1665 Or from its husk strike out the bounding grain A language worthy the great Mind that speaks! Preface and comment to the sacred page! Which oft refers its reader to the skies, As presupposing his first lesson there, 1670 And Scripture 'self a fragment, that unread. Stupendous book of wisdom to the wise! Stupendotts book! and open'd, Night! by thee. By thee much open'd, I confess, O Night! Yet more I wish; but how shall I prevail? 1075 Say, gentle Night! whose modest, maiden beams Give us a new Creation, and present The world's great picture soften'd to the sight: Nay, kinder far, far more indulgent still, Say, thou, whose mild dominion's silver key 1680

Unlocks our hemisphere, and sets to view

Worlds beyond number: worlds conceal'd by day Behind the proud and envious star of noon! Canst thou not draw a deeper scene,—and show The Mighty Potentate to whom belong 1685 These rich regalia, pompously display'd To kindle that high hope : Like him of Uz. I gaze around, I search on every side-O for a glimpse of Him my soul adores! As the chased hart, amid the desert waste, 1690 Pants for the living stream; for Him who made her So pants the thirsty soul, amid the blank Of sublunary joys. Say, goddess! where? Where blazes his bright court? where burns his throne? Thou know'st, for thou art near Him; by thee, round His grand pavilion, sacred Fame reports 1696 The sable curtain drawn. If not, can none Of thy fair daughter-train. so swift of wing, Who travel far, discover where he dwells? A star his dwelling pointed out below. 1700 Ye Plejades! Arcturus! Mazaroth! And thou, Orion! of still keener eye! Say ye, who guide the wilder'd in the waves, And bring them out of tempest into port! On which hand must I bend my course to find him? These courtiers keep the secret of their king: I wake whole nights, in vain, to steal it from them I wake, and, waking, climb Night's radiant scale

I wake, and, waking, climb Night's radiant scale
From sphere to sphere, the steps by Nature set
For man's ascent, at once to tempt and aid;
1710
The tempt his eye, and aid his towering thought,
That it arrives at the great goal of all.

In ardent Contemplation's rapid car,
From earth, as from my barrier, I set out.
How swift I mount; diminish'd earth recedes: 1715
I pass the moon; and, from her farther side,
Pierce Heaven's blue curtain; strike into remote;
Where, with his lifted tube, the subtle sage
His artificial arry journey takes,

And to celestial lengthens human sight. 1720 I pause at every planet on my road, And ask for Him who gives their orbs to roll. Their foreheads fair to shine. From Saturn's ring, In which of earths an army might be lost, With the bold comet take my bolder flight, 1725 Amid those sovereign glories of the skies, Of independent, native lustre proud; The souls of systems! and the lords of life, Through their wide empires !- What behold I now? A wilderness of wonder burning round, 1730 Where larger suns inhabit higher spheres: Perhaps the villas of descending gods: Nor halt I here; my toil is but begun; Tis but the threshold of the Deity; Or, far beneath it, I am groveling still. 1735 Nor is it strange; I built on a mistake: The grandeur of his works, whence Folly sought For aid, to Reason sets His glory higher : Who built thus high for worms (mere worms to Him) O where, Lorenzo, must the builder dwell? Pause then, and, for a moment, here respire-If human thought can keep its station here. Where am I?—where is earth?—nay, where art thou, O Sun ?-Is the Sun turn'd recluse ?-and are His boasted expeditions short to mine?-1745 To mine how short! On Nature's Alps I stand, And see a thousand firmaments beneath! A thousand systems! as a thousand grains! So much a stranger, and so late arrived, How can man's curious spirit not inquire 1750 What are the natives of this world sublime, Of this so foreign, unterrestrial sphere, Where mortal, untranslated, never stray'd? 'O ye, as distant from my little home As swiftest sunbeams in an age can fly; 1755 Far from my native element I roam, in quest of new and wonderful to man.

What province this, of his immense domain. Whom all obeys? or mortals here, or gods? Ye borderers on the coasts of bliss! what are you? A colony from Heaven? or only raised, 1761. By frequent visit from Heaven's neighbouring realms. To secondary gods, and half divine ?-Whate'er your nature, this is past dispute. Far other life you live, far other tongue 1765 You talk, far other thought, perhaps, you think. Than man. How various are the works of God! But say, what thought? Is Reason here enthroned. And absolute? or Sonse in arms against her? Have you two lights? or need you no reveal'd? 1770 Enjoy your happy realms their golden age? And had your Eden an abstemious Eve? Our Eve's fair daughters prove their pedigree, And ask their Adams—' Who would not be wise?' Or, if your mother fell, are you redeem'd? 1775 And, if redeem'd—is your Redeemer scorn'd? Is this your final residence? if not, Change you your scene translated, or by death? And if by death, what death?-Know you disease? Or horrid war?-With war, this fatal hour, 1780 Europa groans (so call we a small field Where kings run mad.) In our world, Death deputes Intemperance to do the work of Age, And, hanging up the quiver Nature gave him, 1785 As slow of execution, for despatch Sends forth imperial butchers; bids them slay Their sheep (the silly sheep they fleeced before,) And toss him twice ten thousand at a meal. Sit all your executioners on thrones? With you, can rage for plunder make a god? 1790 And bloodshed wash out every other stain?-But you, perhaps, can't bleed: from matter gross Your spirits clean are delicately clad In finespun ether, privileged to soar, Unloaded, uninfected. How unlike X175

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The lot of man! how few of human race By their own mud unmurder'd! how we wage Self-war eternal !-- Is your painful day Of hardy conflict o'er? or are you still Raw candidates at school? and have you those 1800 Who disaffect reversions, as with us?-But what are we? you never heard of man, Or earth, the bedlam of the universe! Where Reason (undiseased with you) runs mad And nurses Folly's children as her own. 1805 Fond of the foulest. In the sacred mount Of Holiness, where Reason is pronounced Infallible, and thunders like a god, E'en there, by saints the demons are outdone; What these think wrong, our saints refine to right; And kindly teach dull Hell her own black arts; 1811 Satan, instructed, o'er their morals siniles .--But this how strange to you, who know not man! Has the least rumour of our race arrived? Call'd here Elijah in his flaming car? 1815 Pass'd by you the good Enoch, on his road To those fair fields whence Lucifer was hurl'd: Who brush'd, perhaps, your sphere in his descent, Stain'd your pure crystal ether, or let fall A short eclipse from his portentous shade? 1820 O that the fiend had lodged on some broad orb Athwart his way; nor reach'd his present home. Then blacken'd earth, with footsteps foul'd in Hell, Nor wash'd in ocean, as from Rome he pass'd To Britain's isle; too, too conspicuous there.' 1825 But this is all digression: where is He That o'er Heaven's battlements the felon hurl'd To groans, and chains, and darkness? where is He Who sees Creation's summit in a vale? He whom, waile man is man, he can't but seek, 1830 And if he finds, commences more than man ? O for a telescope his throne to reach! Tell me, ye learn'd on earth! or bless'd above!

Ye searching, ye Newtonian angels! tell Where your Great Master's orb! his planets where? Those conscious satellites, those morning stars, 1836 First-born of Deity! from central love, By veneration most profound, thrown off: By sweet attraction no less strongly drawn: Awed, and yet raptured; raptured, yet serone; 1840 Past thought illustrious, but with borrow'd beams: In still approaching circles still remote, Revolving round the Sun's eternal Sire? Or sent, in lines direct, on embassies To nations—in what latitude?—beyond 1845 Terrestrial thought's horizon !-- and on what High errands sent ?- Here human effort ends. And leaves me still a stranger to his throne. rull well it might! I quite mistook my road: Born in an age more curlous than devout, 1850 More fond to fix the place of heaven or hell. Than studious this to shun, or that secure. "Is not the curious, but the pious, path. That leads me to my point. Lorenzo! know. Without or star or angel for their guide, 1855 Who worship God shall find him. Humble Love. And not proud Reason, keeps the door of heaven; Love finds admission where proud Science fails. -Man's science is the culture of his heart, And not to lose his plummet in the depths 1860 Of Nature, or the more profound of God: Either to know, is an attempt that sets The wisest on a level with the fool. To fathom Nature (ill attempted here!) Past doubt, is deep philosophy above; 1865 Higher degrees in bliss archangels take, As deeper learn'd, the deepest learning still. For what a thunder of Omnipotence (So might I dare to speak) is seen in all! In man! in earth! in more amazing skies! 1870 Teaching this lesson Pride is loath to learn-

THE CONSOLATION.

'Not deeply to discern, not much to know, Mankind was born to wonder and adore!' And is there cause for higher wonder still Than that which struck us from our past surveys?-1876 Yes; and for deeper adoration too. From my late airy travel unconfined, Have I learn'd nothing ?-Yes, Lorenzo! this: Each of these stars is a roligious house; I saw their altars smoke, their incense rise, 1880 And heard hosannas ring through every sphere. A seminary fraught with future gods. Nature all o'er is consecrated ground. Teeming with growths immortal and divine. 1885 The great Proprietor's all bounteous hand. Leaves nothing waste, but sows these flery fields With seeds of Reason, which to virtues rise Beneath his genial ray; and, if escaped The pestilential blasts of stubborn will, When grown mature, are gather'd for the skies. 1890 And is devotion thought too much on earth, When beings, so superior, homage boast, And triumph in prostrations to the throne? But wherefore more of planets or of stars? Ethereal journeys, and, discover'd there, 1805 Ten thousand worlds, ten thousand ways devout, All Nature sending incense to the throne, Except the bold Lorenzos of our sphere! Opening the solemn sources of my soul, Since I have pour'd, like feign'd Eridanus, 1900 My flowing numbers o'er the flaming skies, Nor see of fancy or of fact what more Invites the Muse—here turn we, and review Our pass'd nocturnal landscape wide; then say, Say, then, Lorenzo! with what burst of heart, 1905 The whole, at once, revolving in his thought, Must man exclaim, adoring and aghast? 'O what a root! O what a branch, is here! O what a Father! what a family!

Worlds! systems! and creations!—and creations, 1910 In one agglomerated cluster, hung, Great Vine!" on thee: on thee the cluster hangs. The filial cluster! infinitely spread In glowing globes, with various being fraught, And drinks (nectareous draught!) immortal life. 1915 Or, shall I say (for who can say enough?) A constellation of ten thousand gems. (And, O! of what dimension! of what weight!) Set in one signet, flames on the right hand Of Majesty divine! The blazing seal. 1920 That deeply stamps, on all created mind, Indelible, his sovereign attributes, Omnipotence and Love! that passing bound, And this surpassing that. Nor stop we here For want of power in God, but thought in man. 1926 E'en this acknowledged, leaves us still in debt; If greater aught, that greater all is thine. Dread Sire !- Accept this miniature of Thee. And pardon an attempt from mortal thought, In which archangels might have fail'd, unbiamed.'

How such ideas of the' Almighty's power,
And such ideas of the' Almighty's plan,
(Ideas not absurd) distend the thought
Of feeble mortals! nor of them alone!
The fulness of the Deity breaks forth
In inconceivables, to men and gods.
Think, then, O think, nor ever drop the thought
How low must man descend when gods adore!
Have I not, then, accomplish'd my proud boast?
Did I not tell thee 'We would mount, Lorenzo! 1940
And kindle our devotion at the stars?'

And have I fail'd? and did I flatter thee?
And art all adamant? and dost confute,
All urged, with one irrefragable smile?
Lorenzo! mirth how miserable here!

1945

Swear by the stars, by Him who made them, swear, a John xv. 1.

Thy heart, henceforth, shall be as pure as they; Then thou, like them, shalt shine : like them, shalt rise From low to lofty, from obscure to bright. By due gradation, Nature's sacred law. 1950 The stars from whence :- ask Chaos-he can tall. Those bright temptatious to idolatry From darkness and confusion took their birth: Sons of deformity! from fluid dress Tartarean, first they rose to masses rude. 1955 And then to spheres opaque; then dimly shone. Then brighten'd; then blazed out in perfect day Nature delights in progress, in advance From worse to better; out when minds ascend, Progress, in part, depends upon themselves. Heaven aids exertion: greater makes the great; The voluntary little lessens more. O be a man! and thou shalt be a god! And half self-made !--ambition how divine ! O thou, ambitious of disgrace alone! 1965 Still undevout? unkindled?-though high taught. School'd by the skies, and pupil of the stars, Rank coward to the fashionable world! Art thou ashamed to bend thy knee to Heaven? Cursed fume of pride, exhaled from deepest hell! Pride in religion is man's highest praise. 1971 Bent on destruction! and in love with death! Not all these luminaries, quench'd at once, Were half so sad as one benighted mind, Which gropes for happiness, and meets despair. How like a widow in her weeds, the Night, Amid her glimmering tapers, silent sits! How sorrowful, how desolate, she weeps Perpetual dews, and saddens Nature's scene! A scene more sad Sin makes the darken'd soul. 1980 All comfort kills, nor leaves one spark alive. Though blind of heart, still open is thine eye. Why such magnificence in all thou seest?

Of matter's grandeur, know one end is this,

To tell the rational, who gazes on it,-1985 'Though that immensely great, still greater he Whose breast capricious, can embrace and lodge, Unburden'd, Nature's universal scheme; Can grasp Creation with a single thought; Creation grasp, and not exclude its Sire.'-1990 To tell him farther—' It behoves him much To guard the' important, yet depending fate Of being brighter than a thousand suns: One single ray of thought outshines them all.'-And if man hears obedient, soon he'll soar 1995 Superior heights, and on his purple wing, His purple wing bedropp'd with eyes of gold, Rising, where thought is now denied to rise. Look down triumphant on these dazzling spheres. Why then persist?—no mortal ever lived

But, dying, he pronounced (when words are true) The whole that charms thee absolutely vain; Vain, and far worse !- Think thou with dying men ; O condescend to think as angels think! 2005 O tolerate a chance for happiness! Our nature such, ill choice insures ill fate; And hell had been, though there had been no God. Dost thou not know, my new Astronomer! Earth, turning from the Sun, brings night to man? Man, turning from his God, brings endless night : Where thou canst read no morals, find no friend, 2011 Amend no manners, and expect no peace. How deep the darkness! and the groan how loud! And far, how far, from lambent are the flames !-Such is Lorenzo's purchase! such his praise! 2015 The proud, the politic Lorenzo's praise; Though in his ear, and level'd at his heart, I've half read o'er the volume of the skies.

For think not thou hast heard all this from me;
My song but echoes what great Nature speaks. 2020
What has she spoken?—Thus the goddess spoke,
Thus speaks for ever:—'Place, at Nature's head,

A Sovereign which o'er all things rolls his eye, Extends his wing, promulgates his commands. But, above all, diffuses endless good: 2025 To whom, for sure redress, the wrong'd may fly. The vile for mercy, and the pain'd for peace: By whom the various tenants of these spheres. Diversified in fortunes, place, and powers, Raised in enjoyment, as in worth they rise. 2030 Arrive at length (if worthy such approach) At that bless'd fountain-head from which they stream. Where conflict past redoubles present joy. And present joy looks forward on increase. And that on more; no period! every step 2035 A double boon! a promise and a bliss.' How easy sits this scheme on human hearts! It suits their make, it sooths their vast desires : Passion is pleased, and Reason asks no more: 'Tis rational; 'tis great!-but what is thine? 2040 It darkens! shocks! excruciates! and confounds! Leaves us quite naked, both of help and hope. Sinking from bad to worse; few years the sport Of Fortune, then the morsel of despair. Say, then, Lorenzo! (for thou know'st it well) 2045 What's vice? mere want of compass in our thought. Religion what?—the proof of common sense. How art thou hooted where the least prevails! Is it my fault if these truths call thee fool?

What's vice? mere want of compass in our thought. Religion what?—the proof of common sense. How art thou hooted where the least prevails! Is it my fault if these truths call thee fool? And thou shalt never be miscall'd by me. 2050 Can neither Shame nor Terror stand thy friend? And art thou still an insect in the mire? How like thy guardian angel have I flown; Snatch'd thee from earth, escorted thee through all The' ethereal armies; walk'd thee, like a god, 2055 Through splendours of first magnitude, arranged On either hand; clouds thrown beneath thy feet; Close-cruised on the bright paradise of God, And almost introduced thee to the throne!

And art thou still carousing, for delight,

Rank poison, first fermenting to mere froth, And then subsiding into final gall? To beings of sublime, immortal make, How shocking is all joy whose end is sure! Such joy more shocking still, the more it charms! And dost thou choose what ends ere well begun, 2066 And infamous as short? and dost thou choose (Thou, to whose palate glory is so sweet) To wade into perdition through contempt, Not of poor bigots only, but thy own? 2070 For I have peep'd into thy cover'd heart. And seen it blush beneath a boastful brow? For by strong Guilt's most violent assault, Conscience is but disabled, not destroy'd. O thou most awful being! and most vain!

2075 Thy will how frail! how glorious is thy power? Though dread Eternity has sown her seeds Of bliss and woe in thy despotic breast: Though heaven and hell depend upon thy choice, A butterfly comes cross, and both are fled. 2080 Is this the picture of a rational? This horrid image, shall it be more just? Lorenzo! no; it cannot,—shall not be, If there is force in reason; or in sounds Chanted beneath the glimpses of the moon, 2085 A magic, at this planetary hour, When Slumber locks the general lip, and dreams, Through senseless mazes, hunts souls uninspired. Attend-the sacred mysteries begin-My solemn night-born adjuration hear: 2090 Hear, and I'll raise thy spirit from the dust, While the stars gaze on this enchantment new; Enchantment not infernal, but divine!

'By Silence, Death's peculiar attribute;
By Darkness, Guilt's inevitable doom;
By Darkness and by Silence, sisters dread!

That draw the curtain round Night's about throne,
And raise ideas solemn as the scene!

By Night, and all of awful Night presents To thought or sense (of awful much, to both 2100 The goddess brings!) By these her trembling fires, Like Vesta's, ever-burning, and, like hers, Sacred to thoughts immaculate and pure! By these bright orators that prove and praise, . 2105 And press thee to revere the Deity; Perhaps, too, aid thee, when revered, a while To reach his throne, as stages of the soul. Through which, at different periods, she shall pass, Refining gradual, for her final height, And purging off some dross at every sphere! 2110 By this dark pall thrown o'er the silent world! By the world's kings and kingdoms most renown'd, From short Ambition's zenith set for ever. Sad presage to vain boasters, now in bloom! By the long list of swift mortality, 2115 From Adam downward to this evening knell. Which midnight waves in Fancy's startled eye, And shocks her with a hundred centuries, Round Death's black banner throng'd in human thought By thousands, now, resigning their last breath, 2120 And calling thee-wert thou so wise to hear! By tombs o'er tombs arising, human earth Ejected, to make room for-human earth, The monarch's terror! and the sexton's trade! 2125 By pompous obsequies that shun the day, The torch functeal, and the nedding plume. Which makes poor man's humiliation proud, Boast of our ruin! triumph of our dust! By the damp vault that weeps o'er royal bones, And the pale isomp that shows the ghastly dead, 2130 More ghastly through the thick incumbent gloom! By visits (if there are) from darker scenes, The gliding spectre! and the groaning grove! By roans, and graves, and miseries that groan For the grave's shelter! By desponding men, Senseless to pains of death from pange of guilt?

By Guilt's last audit! By you moon in blood,	
The rocking firmament, the falling stars,	
And thunder's last discharge, great Nature's kne	11!
By second Chaos, and eternal Night,	2140
Be wise-nor let Philander blame my charm;	
But own not ill discharged my double debt,	
Love to the living, duty to the dead.	
For know I'm but executor; he left	
This moral legacy; I make it o'er	2145
By his command: Philander hear in me,	
And Heaven in bothIf deaf to these, oh! hear	•
Florello's tender voice; his weal depends	
On thy resolve; it trembles at thy choice;	
For his sake—love thyself: example strikes	2150
All human hearts; a bad example more;	
More still a father's; that insures his ruin.	
As parent of his being, wouldst thou prove	
The' unnatural parent of his miseries,	
And make him curse the being which thou gave	st?
Is this the blessing of so fond a father?	2156
If careless of Lorenzo, spare, oh! spare	
Florello's father, and Philander's friend!	
Florello's father ruin'd, ruins him;	
And from Philander's friend the world expects	2160
A conduct no dishonour to the dead.	
Let passion do what nobler motive should;	
Let love and emulation rise in aid	•
To reason, and persuade thee to be-bless'd.	
This seems not a request to be denied;	2165
Yet (such the' infatuation of mankind!)	
Tis the most hopeless man can make to man.	
Shall I then rise in argument and watnih?	
And urge Philander's posthumous advice,	
From topics yet unbroach'd?——	2170
But, oh! I faint! my spirits fail! nor strange!	
So long on wing, and in no middle clime!	A
To which my great Creator's glory call'd;	
And cells but now in vain. Sleep's dewy	bre.

THE CONSOLATION.

Has stroked my drooping lids, and promises 2175 My long arrear of rest: the downy god (Wont to return with our returning peace) Will pay, ere long, and bless me with repose. Haste, haste, sweet stranger! from the peasant's cot, The shipboy's hammock, or the soldier's straw, 2180 Whence Sorrow never chased thee; with thee bring Not hideous visions, as of late, but draughts Delicious of well tasted cordial rest, Man's rich restorative; his balmy bath, That supples, lubricates, and keeps in play 2185 The various movements of this nice machine. Which asks such frequent periods of repair. When tired with vain rotations of the day, Sleep winds us up for the succeeding dawn; Fresh we spin on, till sickness clogs our wheels, 2190 Or death quite breaks the spring, and motion euds: When will it end with me?

-' Thou only know'st, Thou, whose broad eye the future and the past Joins to the present, making one of three To mortal thought! Thou know'st, and Thou alone, All knowing !--all unknown !--and yet well known ! Near, though remote! and, though unfathom'd, felt! And, though invisible, for ever seen! And seen in all! the great and the minute. .. Each globe above, with its gigantic race, 2200 Each flower, each leaf, with its small people swarm'd, (Those puny vouchers of Omnipotence!) · To the first thought that asks 'From whence?' declare Their common source: thou fountain, running o'er In rivers of communicated joy! Who gavest us speech for far, far humbler themes! Say by what name shall I presume to call Him I see burning in these countless suns, As Moses in the bush? Illustrious Mind! 2210 The whole creation less, far less, to Thee, Than that to the creation's ample round,

How shall I name Thee?—How my labouring soul Heaves underneath the thought, too big for birth!

'Great System of perfections! mighty Cause Of causes mighty! Cause uncaused! sole root 2215 Of Nature, that luxuriant growth of God! First Father of effects! that progeny Of endless series; where the golden chain's Last link admits a period, who can toll? Father of all that is or heard or hears! 9<u>9</u>90 Father of all that is or seen or sees! Father of all that is or shall arise! Father of this immeasurable mass Of matter multiform, or dense or rare, Opaque or lucid, rapid or at rest, 2225 Minute or passing bound! in each extreme Of like amaze and mystery to man. Father of these bright millions of the night! Of which the least, full Godhead had proclaim'd. And thrown the gazer on his knee-Or, sav. Is appellation higher still thy choice? Father of matter's temporary lords! Father of spirits! nobler offspring! sparks Of high paternal glory, rich endow'd With various measures, and with various modes 2235 Of instinct, reason, intuition; beams More pale or bright from day divine, to break The dark of matter organized (the ware Of all created spirit) beams that rise 2240 Each over other in superior light, Till the last ripens into lustre strong, Of next approach to Godhead. Father fond (Far fonder than ere bore that name on earth) Of intellectual beings! beings bless'd With powers to please thee, not of passive ply To laws they know not; beings lodged in seats Of well adapted joys, in different d mes Of this imperial palace for thy sons; Of this proud, populous, well policied,

Though boundless habitation, plann'd by Thee; Whose several clans their several climates suit, And transposition, doubtless, would destroy. Or, oh! indulge, immortal King! indulge A title less august, indeed, but more Endearing; ah! how sweet in human ears! 2255 Sweet in our ears, and triumph in our hearts! Father of immortality to man! A theme that 'atcly' set my soul on fire-And Thou the next! yet equal! thou by whom That blessing was convey'd, far more! was bought. Ineffable the price! by whom all worlds 2261 Were made, and one redeem'd! illustrious Light From Light illustrious! thou, whose regal power Finite in time, but infinite in space, On more than adamantine basis fix'd, 2265 O'er more, far more, than diadems and thrones Inviolably reigns, the dread of gods! And, oh! the friend of man! beneath whose foot. And by the mandate of whose awful nod, All regions, revolutions, fortunes, fates, 2270 Of high, of low, of mind, and matter, roll Through the short channels of expiring time, Or shoreless ocean of eternity. Calm or tempestuous (as thy Spirit breather) In absolute subjection !--And, O Thou! 2275 The glorious Third ' distinct, not separate! Beaming from both! with both incorporate. And (strange to tell!) incorporate with dust! By condescension, as thy glory, great, 2280 Enshrined in man! of human hearts, if pure, Divine inhabitant! the tie divine Of heaven with distant earth! by whom, I trust, (If not inspired) uncensured this address To Thee, to Them—to whom?—mysterious power! Reveal'd-vet unreveald'd! darkness in light! Number in unity! our joy! our dread!

The triple bolt that lays all wrong in ruin! That animates all right, the triple Sun! Sun of the soul! her never setting Sun! Triune, unutterable, unconceived, 9200 Absconding, yet demonstrable, Great Gad! Greater than greatest! better than the best! Kinder than kindest! with soft Pity's eye. Or (stronger still to speak it) with thine own. From thy bright home, from that high frmament 2295 Where thou, from all eternity, hast dwelt: Beyond archangels' unassisted ken, From far above what mortals highest call. From Elevation's pinnacle, look down, Through-what? confounding interval! through all. And more, than labouring Fancy can conceive: 2301 Through radiant ranks of essences unknown? Through hierarchies from hierarchies detach'd Round various banners of Omnipotence, With endless change of rapturous duties fired: Through wondrous beings' interposing swarms. All clustering at the call, to dwell in thee; Through this wide waste of worlds! this vista vast. All sanded o'er with suns, suns turn'd to night Before thy feeblest beam-look down-down-down. On a poor breathing particle in dust, 2311 Or, lower, an immortal in his crimes: His crimes forgive! forgive his virtues too! Those smaller faults, half converts to the right: Nor let me close these eyes, which never more May see the Sun (though Night's descending scale Now weighs up Morn) unpitied and unbless'd! In thy displeasure dwells eternal pain; Pain, our aversion; pain, which strikes me now; And, since all pain is terrible to man, 2320 Though transient, terrible; at thy good hour, Gently, ah, gently, lay me in my bed, My clay-cold bed! by nature, now, so near: By nature near, still nearer by disease!

THE CONSOLATION. Till then be this an emblem of my grave; 0305 Let it outpreach the preacher; every night Let it outcry the boy at Philip's ear. That tongue of death! that herald of the tomb. And when (the shelter of thy wing implored) My senses, sooth'd, shall sink in soft repose, 2330 O sink this truth still deeper in my soul. Suggested by my pillow, sign'd by Fate, First in Fate's volume, at the page of Man-44 Man's sickly soul, though turn'd and toss'd for ever From side to s.de, can rest on Lought but Thee; 2335 Here in full trust, hereafter in full joy :" On Thee, the promised, sure, eternal down Of spirits, toil'd in travel through this vale: Nor of that pillow shall my soul despond; For-Love almighty! Love almighty! (sing. 2340 Exult, Creation!) Love almighty reigns! The death of death! that cordial of despair! And loud Eternity's triumphant song! 'Of whom no more :-- for, O thou Patron God! Thou God and mortal! thence more God to man! Man's theme eternal! man's eternal theme! 2346 Thou canst not scape uninjured from our praise: Uninjured from our praise can he escape Who, disembosom'd from the Father, bows The heaven of heavens to kiss the distant earth! 2350 Breathes out in agonies a sinless soul ! Against the cross Death's iron sceptre breaks! From famish'd Ruin plucks her human prey! Throws wide the gates celestial to his foes! 2355 Their gratitude, for such a boundless debt, Deputes their suffering brothers to receive! And if deep human guilt in payment fails, As deeper guilt, prohibits our despuir! Enjoins it, as our duty, to rejoice ! And (to close all) omnipotently kind, 2366 Takes his delights among the sons of men." Prov. chap. viil

What words are these—and did they come from Heaven?

And were they spoke to man? to guilty man? What are all mysteries to love like this? The songs of angels, all the melodies 2365 Of choral gods, are wafted in the sound: Heal and exhilarate the broken heart. Though plunged, before, in horrors dark as night: Rich prelibation of consummate joy! Nor wait we dissolution to be bless'd. 2370 This final effort of the meral Muse, How justly titled !* nor for me alone; For all that read. What spirit of support, What heights of Consolation crown my song! Then farewell Night! of darkness, now, no more: Joy breaks, shines, triumphs; 'tis eternal day! 2376

Shall that which rises out of nought complain
Of a few evils, paid with endless joys?
My soul! henceforth, in sweetest union join
The two supports of human happiness,
Which some, erroneous, think can never meet,
True taste of life, and constant thought of death!
The thought of death, sole victor of its dread!
Hope be thy joy, and probity thy skill;
Thy patron He whose diadem has dropp'd

Yon gems of heaven, eternity thy prize;
And leaves the racers of the world their own,
Their feather and their froth, for endless toils:
They part with all, for that which is not bread,
They mortify, they starve, on wealth, fame, power,
And laugh to scorn the fools that aim at more.

2391
How must a spirit, late escaped from earth,
Suppose Philander's, Lucia's, or Narcissa's.

Look back, astonish'd on the ways of men,
Whose lives' whole drift is to forget their graves:
And when our present privilege is pass'd,

The truth of things new-blazing in its eve.

^{*} The Consolation.

To scourge us with due sense of its abuse. The same astonishment will seize us all. What then must pain us would preserve us now. 2400 Lorenzo! 'tis not yet too late. Lorenzo! Seize wisdom, ere 'tis torment to be wise; That is, seize Wisdom ere she seizes thee. For what, my small philosopher! is hell? 'Tis nothing but full knowledge of the truth, 2405 When Truth, resisted long, is sworn our foe, And calls Eternity to do ner right. Thus darkness aiding intellectual light, And sacred Silence whispering truths divine, 2410 And truths divine converting pain to peace, My song the midnight raven has outwing'd, And shot, ambitious of unbounded scenes, Beyond the flaming limits of the world Her gloomy flight. But what avails the flight Of Fancy, when our hearts remain below? 2415 Virtue abounds in flatterers and foes: 'Tis pride to praise her, penance to perform. To more than words, to more than worth of tongue. Lorenzo! rise, at this auspicious hour. An hour when Heaven's most intimate with man: When, like a falling star, the ray divine 2421 Glides swift into the bosom of the just: And just are all, determined to reclaim; Which sets that title high within thy reach. 2425 Awake, then; thy Philander calls: awake! Thou, who shalt wake when the Creation sleeps; When, like a taper, all these suns expire; When Time, like him of Gaza in his wrath. Plucking the pillars that support the world, 2430 In Nature's ample ruins lies entomb'd,

And midnight, universal midnight! reigns.

THE FORCE OF RELIGION.

BOOK I.

	From lofty themes, from thoughts that soar'd on hi	igh,
	And open'd wondrous scenes above the sky,	•
	My Muse! descend: indulge my fond desire;	
	With softer thoughts my melting soul inspire,	
	And smooth my numbers to a female's praise:	5
	A partial world will listen to my lays	
	While Anna reigns, and sets a female name	
	Unrival'd in the glorious lists of fame.	
L	Hear, ye fair daughters of this happy land!	
_	Whose radiant eyes the vanquish'd world comman	d,
	Virtue is beauty; but when charms of mind	11
	With elegance of outward form are join'd;	
	When youth makes such bright objects still more bri	ght
	And Fortune sets them in the strongest light,	•
	'Tis all of heaven that we below may view,	15
	And all but adoration is your due.	
	Famed female virtue did this isle adorn	
	Ere Ormond, or her glorious Queen was born:	
	When now Maria's powerful arms prevail'd,	
	And haughty Dudley's bold ambition fail'd,	20
	The beauteous daughter of great Suffolk's race,	
	In blooming youth, adorn'd with every grace,	
	Who gain'd a crown by treason not her own,	
	And innocently fill'd another's throne,	
	Hurl'd from the summit of imperial state,	25
	With equal mind sustain'd the stroke of Fate.	
	But how will Guilford, her far dearer part,	
	With manly reason fortify his heart?	
	At once she longs, and is afraid to know;	
	Now swift she moves, and now advances slow,	30
	To find her lord; and, finding, pusses by,	
	Silent with fear, nor dares she meet his eye,	

THE FORCE OF RELIGION.	275
Lest that, unask'd, in speechless grief disclose	
The mournful secret of his inward woes:	
Thus after sickness, doubtful of her face,	3 5
The melancholy virgin shuns the glass.	
At length, with troubled thought, but look se	rene,
And sorrow soften'd by her heavenly mien,	•
She clasps her lord, brave, beautiful, and young	g,
While tender accents melt upon her tongue;	40
Gentle and sweet, as vernal zephy: blows,	
Fanning the lily, or the blooming rose:	
'Grieve not, my lord; a crown, indeed, is lo	
What far outshines a crown we still may boast	;
A mind composed, a mind that can disdain	45
A fruitless sorrow for a loss so vain.	
Nothing is loss that virtue can improve	
To wealth eternal, and return above;	
Above, where no distinction shall be known	
Twixt him whom storms have shaken from a t	hrone,
And him who, basking in the smiles of Fate,	51
Shone forth in all the splendour of the great:	
Nor can I find the difference here below;	
I lately was a queen; I still am so,	
While Guilford's wife: thee rather I obey,	5 5
Than o'er mankind extend imperial sway.	
When we lie down in some obscure retreat,	
Incensed Maria may her rage forget;	
And I to death my duty will improve,	
And what you miss in empire, add in love-	60
Your godlike soul is open'd in your look,	
And I have faintly your great meaning spoke.	
For this alone I'm pleased I wore the crown,	
To find with what content we lay it down.	
Heroes may win, but 'tis a heavenly race	65
Can quit a throne with a becoming grace.'	
Thus spoke the fairest of her sex, and cheer	
Her accoping lord, whose boding bosom fear'd	
A darker cloud of ills would burst, and shed	
Severer vengeance on her guiltless head.	70

276

Too just, alas! the terrors which he felt: For, lo! a guard!—forgive him if he melt-How sharp her pangs, when sever'd from his side. The most sincerely loved and loving bride In space confined, the Muse forbears to tell: 75 Deep was her anguish, but she bore it well: His pain was equal, but his virtue less; He thought in grief there could be no excess. Pensive he sat, o'er cast with gloomy care. And often fondly clasp'd his absent fair: 80 Now, silent, wander'd through his rooms of state. And sicken'd at the pomp, and tax'd his fate, Which thus adorn'd, in all her shining store. A splendid wretch, magnificently poor. Now on the bridal bed his eyes were cast, 85 And anguish fed on his enjoyments past: Each recollected pleasure made him smart. And every transport stabb'd him to the heart. That happy moon which summon'd to delight. That moon which shone on his dear nuptial night, 90 Which saw him fold her yet untasted charms (Denied to princes) in his longing arms,

Now sees the transient blessing fleet away, Empire and love: the vision of a day. Thus, in the British clime, a summer storm 95 Will oft the smiling face of heaven deform;

The winds with violence at once descend. Sweep flowers and fruits, and niake the forest bend; A sudden winter, while the Sun is near, O'ercomes the season, and inverts the year. 100

But whither is the captive borne away, The beauteous captive! from the cheerful day? The scene is changed indeed; before her eyes Ill boding looks and unknown horrors rise: For pomp and splendour, for her guard and crown, 105 A gloomy dungeon, and a keeper's frown: Black thoughts each morn invade the lover's breast: Each night a ruffian locks a queen to rest.

THE FORCE OF RELIGION	277
Ah, mournful change, if judged by vulgar min	ds!
But Suffolk's daughter its advantage finds.	110
Religion's force divine is best display'd	
In deep desertion of all human aid;	
To succour in extremes is her delight,	
And cheer the heart when terror strikes the sight	
We, disbelieving our own senses, gaze,	115
And wonder what a mortal's heart can raise	
To triumph o'er misfortunes, smile in grief,	
And comfort those who come to bring relief.	
We gaze, and as we gaze, wealth, fame decay,	
And all the world's vain glories fade away.	120
Against her cares she raised a dauntless mind,	
And with an ardent heart, but most resign'd,	
Deep in the dreadful gloom, with pious heat,	
Amid the silence of her dark retreat.	
Address'd her God-'Almighty Power Divine!	125
'Tis thine to raise, and to depress is thine;	
With honour to light up the name unknown,	
Or to put out the lustre of a throne.	
In my short span both fortunes I have proved,	
And though with ill frail nature will be moved,	130
I'll bear it well (O strengthen me to bear!)	
And if my piety may claim thy care,	
If I remember'd, in youth's giddy heat,	
And tumult of a court, a future state;	
O favour, when thy mercy l implore,	125
For one who never guilty sceptre bore!	
"Twas I received the crown; my lord is free;	
If it must fall, let vengeance fall on me:	
Let him survive, his country's name to raise,	
And in a guilty land to speak thy praise!	140
O may the indulgence of a father's love,	
Pour'd forth on me, be doubled from above!	
If these are safe, I'll think my prayers succeed,	
And bless thy tender mercies whilst I bleed.'	
'Twas now the mournful eve before that day	145
In which the queen to her full wrath gave way	
24	

150

160

Though rigid justice rush'd into offence, And drank, in zeal, the blood of Innocence. The Sun went down in clouds, and seem'd to moura The sad recessity of his return .

The hollow wind and melancholy rain, Or did, or was imagined to complain:

The tapers cast an inauspicious light:

Stars there were none, and doubly dark the night. Sweet Innocence in chains can take her rest:

Soft slumber gently creeping through her breast. She sinks: and in her sleep is reenthroned.

Mock'd by a gaudy dream, and vainly crown'd. She views her fleets and armies, seas and land.

And stretches wide her shadow of command:

With royal purple is her vision hung;

By phantom hosts are shouts of conquest rung.

Low at her feet the suppliant rival lies: Our prisoner mourns her fate, and bids her rise.

Now level beams upon the waters play'd, 165

Glanced on the hirls, and westward cast the shade: The busy trades in city had began

To sound and speak the painful life of man. In tyrants' breasts the thoughts of vengeance rouse. And the fond bridegroom turns him to his spouse, 170

At this first birth of light, while morning breaks.

Our spouseless bride, or widow'd wife, awakes: Awakes, and smiles; nor night's imposture blames:

Her real pomps were little more than dreams: A short-lived blaze, a lightning quickly o'er, 175 That died in birth, that shone, and were no more:

She turns her side, and soon resumes a state Of mind well suited to her alter'd fate, Serene, though serious, when dread tidings come

(Ah. wretched Guilford!) of her instant doom. Sun! hide thy beams; in clouds as black as night Thy face involve; be guiltless of the sight;

Or haste more swiftly to the western main, Nor let her blood the conscious day-light stain!

THE FORCE OF RELIGION.	279
Oh: how severe! to fall so new a bride, Yet blushing from the priest, in youthful pride: When Time had just matured each perfect grace, And open'd all the wonders of her face! To leave her Guilford dead to all relief,	185
Fond of his woe and obstinate in grief. Unhappy Fair! whatever Fancy drew, (Vain promised blessings) vanish from her view No train of cheerful days, endearing nights, No sweet domestic joys, and chaste delights; Pleasures that blossom e'en from doubts and fears,	190
And bliss and repture rising out of cares: No little Guilford, with paternal grace, Lull'd on her knee, or smiling in her face; Who, when her dearest father shall return	196
From pouring tears on her untimely urn, Might comfort to his silver hairs impart, And fill her place in his indulgent heart: As where fruits fall quick-rising blossoms smile, And the blest Indian of his cares beguile.	200
In vain these various reasons jointly press To blacken death, and heighten her distress; She through the enciroling terrors darts her sight To the bless'd regions of eternal light, And fills her soul with peace: to weeping friends	205
Her father and her lerd she recommends, Unmov'd herself: her foes her air survey, And rage to see their malice thrown away. She soars; now nought on earth detains her care- But Guilford, who still struggles for his share.	210 -
Still will his form importunately rise, Clog and retard her transport to the skies. As trembling flames now take a feeble flight, Now catch the brand with a returning light, Thus her soul onward, from the seats above	215 .
Falls fundly back, and kindles into love. At length she conquers in the doubtful field; That Heaven she seeks will be her Guilford's shie	220 ld.

290 THE FORCE OF RELIGION.	B. L
Now Death is welcome; his approach is slow;	
Tis tedious longer to expect the blow.	
Oh, mortals! short of sight, who think the pe	ust 295
O'erblown misfortune still shall prove the last:	
Alas! misfortunes travel in a train,	
And oft in life form one perpetual chain:	
Fear buries fear, and ills on ills attend,	
Till life and sorrow meet one common end.	230
She thinks that she has nought but death to i	ear :
And death is conquer'd. Worse than death is r	
Her rigid trials are not yet complete;	
The news arrives of her great father's fate.	
She sees his hoary head, all white with age,	235
A victim to the' offended monarch's rage.	
How great the mercy, had she breathed her las	÷
Ere the dire sentence on her father pass'd!	•
A fonder parent Nature never knew,	
And as his age increased his fondness grew.	240
A parent's love ne'er better was bestow'd;	210
The pious daughter in her heart o'erflow'd.	
And can she from all weakness still refrain?	
And still the firmness of her soul maintain?—	
Impossible! a sigh will force its way,	245
One patient tear her mortal birth betray;	210
She sighs and weeps! but so she weeps and sig	he
As silent dews descend, and vapours rise.	,
Celestial Patience! how dost thou defeat	
The foe's proud menace, and elude his hate!	250
While Passion takes his part, betrays our peace	200
To death and torture swells each slight disgrace	
By not opposing thou dost ills destroy,	,
And wear thy conquer'd sorrows into joy.	
Now she revolves within her anxious mind	255
What woe still lingers in reserve behind.	
Griefs rise on griefs, and she can see no bound,	
While nature lasts, and can receive a wound.	
The sword is drawn; the queen to ray inclinid	
By mercy nor by piety confined	, <i>sa</i>
my mercy nor of beed commen	

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What mercy can the zealot's heart assuage, Whose piety itself converts to rage? She thought, and sigh'd; and now the blood began To leave her beauteous cheek all cold and wan: 265 New sorrow dimm'd the lustre of her eye, And on her cheek the fading roses die. Alas! should Guilford too-When now she's brought To that dire view, that precipice of thought, While there she trembling stands, nor dares look down, Nor can recede, till Heaven's decrees are known, 270 Cure of all ills, till now, her lord appears-But not to cheer her heart, and dry her tears? Not now, as usual, like the rising duy, To chase the shadows and the damps away; 275 But like a gloomy storm, at once to sweep And plunge her to the bottom of the deep. Black were his robes, dejected was his air, His voice was frozen by his cold despair; Slow, like a ghost, he moved with solemn pace; A dying paleness sat upon his face :-280 Back she recoil'd, she smote her lovely breast, Her eves the anguish of her heart confess'd: Struck to the soul, she stagger'd with the wound, And sunk, a breathless image, to the ground Thus the fair lily, when the sky's o'ercast, 285 At first but shudders in the feeble blast : But when the winds and weighty rains descend, The fair and upright stem is forced to bend,

BOOK II.

Till broke, at length, its snowy leaves are shed, And strew with dying sweets their native bed.

HER Guilford clasps her, beautiful in death, And with a kiss recals her fleeting breath: To tapers thus, which by a blast expire, A lighted taper, touch'd, restores the fire.

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And (ear'd her swimming eye, and saw the ligh Guilford, too, or she had loath'd the sight. ather's death she bore, despised her own,	
	ow she must, she will, have leave to ground	
	Guilford!' she began, and would have sp	olee, 1
	obs rush'd in, and every accent broke: on itself, as gusts of passion blew,	•
	ruffled in the tempest, and withdrew.	
	the youth lost his image in the well,	
	tears upon the yielding surface fell;	
	catter'd features slid into decay,	1
	preading circles drove his face away.	
	touch the soft affections, and control	
The r	nanly temper of the bravest soul,	
	with afflicted beauty can compare,	
	lrops of love distilling from the fair?	\$
	lts us down; our pains delight bestow,	
	we with fondness languish o'er our woo. is Guilford proved; and, with excess of pr	uin,
	pleasure too, did to his bosom strain	
	veeping fair: sunk deep in soft desire,	2
	ged in love, and nursed the raging fire;	
	tore himself away; and, standing wide,	
	aring a relapse of fondness, cried,	
	ill dissembled grief, 'My life! forbear; wound your Guilford with each cruel tear:	. 3
	vound your Guillord with each cruel tear: ou not chide my grief? repress your own	
	ou not ende my grief: repless your own yant compassion for yourself alone.	,
	you beheld how, from the distant main,	
	hronging waves roll on, a numerous train,	
	oam, and bellow, till they reach the shore,	
	burst their noisy pride, and are no more?	
Thus	the successive flows of human race,	
	ed by the coming, the preceeding chase;	
	sound and swell, their haughty heads they	reat
	fall and flatten, break and disappear.	4
	s a forfeit we must shortly pay,	

Why should you mourn my fate? 'tis most unkind	;
Your own you bore with an unshaken mind:	-
And which, can you imagine, was the dart	4
That drank most blood, sunk deepest in my heart?	•
I cannot live without you; and my doom	
I meet with joy, to share one common tomb.—	
And are again your tears profusely spill'd?	
Oh. then, my kindness blackens to my guilt!	5
It foils itself if it recal your pain :-	
Life of my life! I beg you to refrain:	
The load which Fate imposes you increase,	
And help Maria to destroy my peace.'	
But, oh! against himself his labour turn'd;	5
The more he comforted the more she mourn'd.	
Compassion swells our grief; words soft and kind	
But sooth our weakness, and dissolve the mind.	
Her sorrow flow'd in streams; nor hers alone;	
While that he blamed, he yielded to his own.	60
Where are the smiles she wore when she, so late,	
Ha.l'd him great partner of the regal state:	
When orient genis around her temples blazed,	
And bending nations on the glory gazed?	
'Tis now the queen's command they both retreat	65
To weep with dignity, and mourn in state:	
She forms the decent misery with joy,	
And loads with pomp the wretch she would destrey	
A spacious hall is hung with black, all light	
Shut out, and noon-day darken'd into night:	70
From the mid-roof a lamp depends on high,	
Like a dim crescent in a clouded sky;	
It sheds a quivering, melancholy gloom,	
Which only shows the darkness of the room .	
A shining axe is on the table laid,	7 5
A dreadful sight! and glitters through the shade.	
In this sad scene the lovers are confined,	
A scene of terrors to a guilty mind!	
A scene that would have damp'd with rising cares,	
And quite extinguish'd every love but theirs.	8

What can they do? they fix their mournful eyes-Then Guilford thus, abruptly: 'I despise An empire lost: I fling away the crown: Numbers have laid that bright delusion down: But where's the Charles, or Dioclesian where, 85 Could quit the blooming, wedded, weeping fair? Oh! to dwell ever on thy lip! to stand In full possession of thy snowy hand! And, through the' unclouded crystal of thy eve. The heavenly treasures of thy mind to spy! 90 Till rapture reason happily destroys, And my soul wanders through immortal joys! Give me the world, and ask me, 'Where's my bliss? I clasp thee to my breast, and answer This. And shall the grave'—He groans, and can no more 95 But all her charms in silence traces o'er : Her lip, her cheek, and eve, to wonder wrought And wondering sees, in sad presaging thought, From that fair neck, that world of beauty, fall, And roll along the dust, a ghastly ball! 100 Oh! let those tremble who are greatly bless'd! For who but Guilford could be thus distress'd? Come hither, all you happy! all you great! From flowery meadows, and from rooms of state; Nor think I call your pleasures to destroy. 105 But to refine, and to exalt your joy: Weep not; but, smiling, fix your ardent care On nobler titles than the brave or fair. Was ever such a mournful, moving sight? See, if you can, by that dim, trembling light: 110 Now they embrace: and, mix'd with bitter woe. Like Isis and her Thames, one stream they flow: Now they start wide; fix'd in benumbing care. They stiffen into statues of despair: Now tenderly severe and fiercely kind, 115 They rush at once; they fling their eares behind. And class, as if to death; now yows repeat, And quite wrapp'd up in love, forget their fate;

A short delusion: for the raging pain Returns, and their poor hearts must bleed again. Meantime, the queen new cruelty decreed; But ill content that they should only bleed, A priest is sent, who, with insidious art, Instils his poison into Suffolk's heart, And Guilford drank it : hanging on the breast, He from his childhood was with Rome possess'd. When now the ministers of Death draw nigh. And in her dearest lord she first must die. The subtle priest, who long had watch'd to find The most unguarded passes of her mind. 130 Bespoke her thus: 'Grieve not: 'tis in your power Your lord to rescue from this fatal hour. Her bosom pants; she draws her breath with pain; A sudden horror thrills through every vein: Life seems suspended, on his words intent. 135 And her soul trembles for the great event. The priest proceeds: 'Embrace the faith of Rome,

And ward your own, your lord's, and father's doom.' Ye blessed spirits! now your charge sustain: The past was ease: now first she suffers pain. 140 Must she pronounce her fatker's death? must she Bid Guilford bleed?—It must not, cannot be. It cannot be! but 'tis the Christian's praise, Above impossibilities to raise The weakness of our nature, and deride 145 Of vain philosophy the boasted pride. What though our feeble sinews scarce impart A moment's swiftness to the feather'd dart; Though tainted air our vigorous youth can break, 150 And a chill blast the hardy warrior shake? Yet are we strong; hear the loud tempest roar From east to west, and call us weak no more: The lightning's unresisted force proclaims Our might, and thunders raise our humble names Tis our Jehovah fills the heavens; as long 155 As he shall reign Almighty, we are strong:

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We, by devotion, borrow from his throne, And almost make Omnipotence our own: We force the gates of heaven by fervent prayer, And call forth triumph out of man's despair.

And call forth triumph out of man's despair.

Our lovely mourner, kneeling, lifts her eyes
And bleeding heart, in silence, to the skies,
Devoutly sad—then, brightening, like the day,
When sudden winds sweep scatter'd clouds away,
Shining in majesty, till now unknown,
And breathing life and spirit scarce her own,
She, rising, speaks; 'If these the terms—'

Here Guilford, cruel Guilford! (barbarous man! Is this thy love?) as swift as lightning ran, O'erwhelm'd her, with tempestuous sorrow fraught. And stifled, in its birth, the mighty thought: 171 Then, bursting fresh into a flood of tears, Fierce, resolute, delirious with his fears. His fears for her alone, he beat his breast, And thus the fervour of his soul express'd: 175 Oh! let thy thought o'er our past converse rove. And show one moment uninflamed with love! Oh! if thy kindness can no longer last, In pity to thyself forget the past! Else wilt thou never, void of shame and fear. 180 Pronounce his doom whom thou hast held so dear. Thou, who hast took me to thy arms, and swore Empires were vile, and Fate could give no more: That to continue was its utmost power, And make the future like the present hour: 185

Now call a ruffian, bid his cruel sword
Lay wide the bosom of thy worthless lord:
Transfix his heart (since you its love disclaim)
And stain his honour with a traitor's name.
This might perhaps be borne without remorse,
But sure a father's pangs will have their force

Shall his good age, so near its journey's end, Through cruel torment to the grave descend's

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His shallow blood all issue at a wound, Wash a slave's feet, and smoke upon the ground? 195 But he to you has ever been severe ; Then take your vengeance'-Suffolk now drew near. Bending beneath the burden of his care, His robes neglected and his head was bare : Decrepit Winter, in the yearly ring. Thus slowly creeps to meet the blooming Spring Downward he cast a melancholy look, Thrice turn'd to hide his grief, then faintly spoke :-'Now deep in years, and forward in decay, That axe can only rob me of a day : For thee, my soul's desire! I can't refrain: And shall my tears, my last tears, flow in vain? When you shall know a mother's tender name, My heart's distress no longer will you blame.' At this, afar his bursting groans were heard : The tears ran trickling down his silver beard : He snatch'd her hand, which to his lips he press'd. And bid her ' plant a dagger in his breast :' Then, sinking, call'd her piety unjust," And soil'd his hoary temples in the dust.

Hard-hearted men! will you no mercy know?
Has the queen bribed you to distress her foe?
O weak deserters to Misfortune's part,
By false affection thus to pierce her heart!
When she had soar'd, to let your arrows fly,
And fetch her bleeding from the middle sky.
And can her virtue, springing from the ground,
Her flight recover, and disdain the wound,
When cleaving love and human interest bind
The broken force of her aspiring mind?
As round the generous eagle, which in vain
Exerts her strength, the serpent wreaths his train,
Her struggling wings entangles, curling plies
His poisonous tail, and stings her as she flies.
While yet the blow's first dreadful weight she feels.

And with its force har resolution reels,

Large doors, unfolding with a mournful sound To view discover, weltering on the ground, Three headless trunks of those whose arms maintain'd. And in her wars immortal glory gain'd : The lifted axe assured her ready doom, And silent mourners sadden'd all the room : Shall I proceed, or here break off my tale, Nor truths to stagger human faith reveal? She met this utmost malice of her fate With Christian dignity and pious state; The beating storm's propitious rage she bless'd. And all the martyr triumph'd in her breast. Her lord and father, for a moment's space, She strictly folded in her soft embrace! Then thus she spoke, while angels heard on high, And sudden gladness smiled along the sky : 'Your over-fondness has not moved my hate ; I am well pleased you make my death so great : I joy I cannot save you, and have given Two lives, much dearer than my own, to Heaven, If so the queen decrees.*-But I have cause To hope my blood will satisfy the laws ; If there is mercy still, for you, in store: With me the bitterness of death is o'er : He shot his sting in that farewell embrace. And all, that is to come, is joy and peace. Then let mistaken sorrow be suppress'd, Nor seem to envy my approaching rest.' Then, turning to the ministers of Fate, She, smiling, says, ' My victory's complete; And tell your queen I thank her for the blow. And grieve my gratitude I cannot show. A poor return I leave in England's crown, For everlasting pleasure and renown:

Her guilt,—the only vengeance in her power.'

Not Rome, untouch'd with sorrow, heard her fate.

And fierce Maria pitied her too late.

Her guilt alone allays this happy hour ;









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